PETROL
by Day and Night
MOTOR CARS ON HIRE.
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
East Street, Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

Send for Motor Cycle List.
B. S. A. Machines just received
3-speed free engine at Rs. 700.
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
Dealers in quality goods.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

VOL. III. NO. 182 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE TO LONDON.

CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date of sailing about	Steamers.	Tons	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
SUNDAY. August				
8th "	Kaiva..	9000		
15th "	Salsette	6000	Malwa —	11600
22nd "	Kashmir	9000		
29th "	Salsette	6000	Persia —	8000
5th Sept.	Nineveh	10000		
12th "	Salsette	6000	Morea —	11000
19th "	Jehanghir	11500		
26th "	Maloja	11500		
3rd Oct.	Egypt	8000		
10th "	Salsette	6000	Arabia —	8000
17th "	Karmala	9000		
24th "	Salsette	6000	Moldavia —	10000
31st "	Caledonia	8000		

Until further notice the Homeward Steamers will not call at Plymouth.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND.

These steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAYS. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.
(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)
Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Nile Maru	K. Okamoto	6320	28th July	9th August
Kinsen Maru	T. Terawa	3784	12th Aug.	24th Aug.
Yokohi Maru	H. Nojiri	4098	17th Aug.	23rd Aug.
Bombay Maru	G. Ota	4625	28rd Aug.	4th Sept.

For freight apply to:—

E. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
Kerk Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,
28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,
BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.

Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a susbcriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

VAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Severe headache? Won't stop, nothing handy? Call at the nearest chemists'. "Stearns' Headache Cure, please.' One wafer gives almost instant relief. C-20

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

FARES.	1st. class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	555	888	420	630
London via Marseilles	630	1,023	480	720
Liverpool	600	900	450	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	—	942	—	713

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea, Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A. and C. class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate and Sons, Agency.

Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.
TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,175,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London, E.C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

Post Box 181

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposit may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN
Secretary and Treasurer.

Too much night work, head aches, tell and toss, can't sleep? Enjoy your rest. take Stearns' Headache Cure. One wafer does the work. C-18

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK. KARACHI.
(Weekly from Victoria Dock).

Vessel. Tons. Sailing Date Time Route.
"LINGA" 2,185, Saturday 7th August, *Direct.
*On arrival of the English Mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
(Fast Mail.)

S. S. "CHAKLA," 3,065 tons, sailing on Friday, the 6th August, calling at Karachi, Muscat, Bushire, Mahommerah and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
(Slow Mail)

S. S. "BARODA," 3,172 tons, sailing on Friday, the 6th August, calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit Mahommerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST & SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

F. S. "PALAMCOTTA", 3,413 tons, sailing on or about 5th August, calling at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.

4th August 1915.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains'	Leave. Bombay, about.
S. S. Scindia	5106	Capt Erskine	21st Aug. 1915

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single Rs.	Return Rs.
Bombay to Suez	420	630
Bombay to Cairo	435	660
Bombay to Port Said	450	675
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	555	867
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	630	942
Bombay to Gibraltar	570	855
Bombay to Liverpool	600	900
Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow	867	1433

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric-fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned—

W. & A. GRAHAM, & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

F. CORNAGLIA

BOMBAY & POONA.

SPECIALIST IN WEDDING CAKES.

Caterer for Wedding Parties, Soirees and all kinds of Entertainments

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION

F. CORNAGLIA

Importer of High Class Stores and Wines.

83, 85, Medows Street and 7, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY,
AND
Arsenal Road, POONA.

Telegrams: CORNAGLIA Telephone No. 42.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.
Branches at Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £900,000
Reserve Fund £55,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.).
J. C. Georges Bouillat Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.).
J. S. Haskell, Esq. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
J. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martins Bank, Ltd.).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

Sir Jacob Sassoon, Bart.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNT opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loan and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE BARODA.

Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 3,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSIT.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS, AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.

(SCOTLAND)

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMP OILS — B. O. C. PITCH
B. O. C. PETROL — B. O. C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS — B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES — B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.

P. O. Box 203 Telephone Nos. 108 & 1433

WHEN IS A WATCH CHEAP?

The movement of the watch that will give trustworthy service for a life-time is the watch that is cheap in the economic sense. Here value and price coincide in meaning because value is realised in price and price becomes the measure of value.

So-called cheap watches, flashily cased, containing highly polished movements with an ostentatious display of jewels (?) of indifferent character, and to sell at cut prices are dear at any price. Watches of this character soon need replacing, becoming thereby a recurring drain on one's resources.

It is economy to spend Rs. 50 on one watch that will give you of its best for 15 to 20 years: but it is not economy to spend Rs. 150 to Rs. 200 at about Rs. 10 per year on 15 to 20 or may be 30 common Watches for the same period.

WALTHAM WATCHES

sell at a fair price and those offered by us under our name-guarantee with the addition of the WALTHAM name can be depended upon as watches which will last a life-time.

The following watches of the WALTHAM manufacture are now offered by us:

WALTHAM POCKET WATCH

High Grade Jewelled lever movemnet fitted with compensated balance and brequet hairspring, folding into one piece, dust-proof case with snow bezel.

Nickel Rs. 35. Silver Rs. 45.

WALTHAM WRIST WATCH

High Grade Jewelled lever movement fitted with compensated balance and brequet hairspring in double domed and flush fitting case with hinged lug: and one piece strap.

Silver Rs. 47-8.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.
JEWELLERS & WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ltd.

ANNUAL SALE

TO-DAY WEDNESDAY

BARGAINS IN SHIRTS OF ALL KINDS.

REAL BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan).
Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 40,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 20,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 19,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Liaoyang	Pekin
Changchun	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Darien (Dalney)	London	San Francisco
Hankow	Lyons	Shanghai
Harbin	Mukden	Tiehling
Hong-Kong	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tokyo
Kobe	New York	Tsingtau
Los Angles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is more than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 287.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorised ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 26 81 000
Capital Paid-Up ..... Rs. 13,14,270
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 10,00,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepora, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshwar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc. of outstations are bought collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

PECIAL SHORT ADVTS

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—
ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Rs. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.
Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount to repaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES
may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.,
Pioneers of the Motor in the East.
By appointment to H. E. the Viceroy.
H. E. the Commander-in-Chief and
H. E. the Governor of Bombay.
BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.,
Elphinstone Circle and
531—12. Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

INVITATION.—MABEL—EVANS. FRASER & Co.'s Tea Room at 5 o'clock Thursday. Don't forget.—DORIS. 1374—4

D. C. BOTTLEWALLA, Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.
48, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons.
1276

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 60, Esplanade Road. 832

ALEXANDRA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE—The most popular Institution for expert coaching in Accountancy, Shorthand, Typewriting. Terms very moderate. Apply PRINCIPAL, opp. Whiteaway's. 1404

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona. Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas, Laldas, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. 535

WANTED.

AN ENGLISH LADY wishes to give first lessons in an Indian family, sewing and music if desired. Apply to Box No. 524, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 610

WANTED—By French family decent European tenants for nice airy double and single rooms with Board E.L.F. lift. very moderate. Apply to MADAME FALLOFIELD, Clarke House, Wodehouse Road. 402

WANTED for the Junagadh State a qualified LADY DOCTOR to take sole charge of the Zenana Hospital.
Salary from Rs. 200 to 250, with free quarters and Rs. 30 carriage allowance
For detailed terms apply to:—
THE ADMINISTRATOR,
590 Junagadh State, Kathiawar.

WANTED an experienced REVENUE OFFICER, able to ride and having a good knowledge of Gujarati, to fill up the vacancy of Suba (Chief Revenue Officer), of the Rajpipila State. No objection to a Government-pensioner if he is still of energetic habits and can travel about in the districts. Apply to
DEWAN,
1339 Rajpipla State.

DEMONSTRATOR IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING—WANTED on November 1st for the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur. Pay Rs. 100—10 250 Only those with working experience of A. C. and D. D. work need apply.
Applications will be received by THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INDUSTRIES, Bengal, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, up to September 1st, 1915.
B. HEATON,
Secretary to the Governing Body,
Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
Sibpur, the 16th July, 1915. 491

WANTED a B.Sc. or a B.A., with Science as optional subject on Rs. 70 per mensem to serve as ASSISTANT MASTER in the Lamington High School, Hubli. Applications should be addressed to the Undersigned before the 15th August, 1915.
K. R. VALVEKAR,
Chairman, School Board,
Hubli Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Hubli, 16th July, 1915. 507

WANTED for the office of the Superintendent, Government Press, Bihar and Orissa, Gulzarbagh, Patna, a competent ENGINEER and ELECTRICAL ASSISTANT. Only thoroughly qualified Engineers capable of taking charge of electrical generating plant driven by oil engines and with a knowledge of general printing machines need apply. Salary Rs. 200—10—300. Applications should be addressed to the Undersigned.
W. MACKENZIE,
601 Offg. Superintendent.

WANTED.

WANTED SERVICES of a SMART DETECTIVE AT ONCE. European preferred. Please write to Mr. BALWANT RAI BHUTT, Bardoli, District, Surat. 1405

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder, Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road; Rents from Rs. 25 to Rs. 125. Apply
MANAGER,
1382 Watson's Annex.

WANTED—In October, a Superintendent Night Nurse, must be fully trained and a certified midwife. Salary according to experience. Full particulars on application to the LADY SUPERINTENDENT, Cama and Albless Hospitals, Bombay. 1375

WANTED a qualified LADY DOCTOR for Female Charitable Dispensary. Hindus preferred. For terms and particulars apply to—
SECRETARY,
1396 Bhai Band Sabha.
Hyderabad, Sind

WANTED a Private Secretary with a good knowledge of English. A retired official with some experience of administration work will be preferred.
Pay up to Rs. 100. Apply to RAJA JEHANGIRABAD, 12, Neill Road, Lucknow. 592

WANTED a double flue horizontal Lancashire boiler 30ft. by 8ft. 0in. W. P. 160 to 180 lbs. per square inch. Should be available at the latest by the end of September 1915. Write all particulars and price required to N. P. KAMA, Atmaram Building, Opposite Cama Bag, Bombay. 1361

WANTED a GRADUATE as HEAD MASTER with Science and or Persian as voluntary subjects on pay Rs. 75 rising to Rs. 100 with further prospects for the English School, Viramgam. Apply with testimonials to the President Viramgam Municipality, before 15th August. 1320

WANTED a highly qualified GARDENS SUPERINTENDENT for the Bikaner State Gardens. Only men of active habits need apply. Salary Rs. 80—10—120 per mensem. Applications will be received up to the 10th August by THE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, P. W. D., Bikaner. 591

WANTED a qualified and experienced ACCOUNTANT and a clerk knowing English and Gujarati. Apply sharp personally between 8 to 12 o'clock.
MANAGER,
The Indian Claim Agency,
Moose Building, Opp. Kanta Building.
1407 Kalbadevi Road.

WANTED a GRADUATE, strong in Gujerathi, for employment on probation as an ASSISTANT MASTER on Rs. 60 per mensem in the Municipal High School at Burhanpur in the Nimar District. Service pensionable. Intending candidates should apply with their testimonials to KANHAYALAL GURU, M.A., Inspector of Schools, Nerbudda Circle, Hoshangabad. 602

A VACANCY for an experienced EUROPEAN ASSISTANT MISTRESS occurs on or about August 20th, 1915, at Abu Road Railway School with a starting salary of Rs. 70.
Applicants should submit copies of testimonials together with qualifications, photograph, and age to
THE HONORARY SECRETARY,
Abu Road Railway School,
603 Rajputana.

FOR SALE.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN going abroad may advantageously sell their furniture, piano, etc.. in one lot to No. 6, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1278

A BARGAIN—For sale a cottage piano in excellent condition. Price Rs. 300. Apply sharp to "P.A." Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 490

TO BE LET.

TO LET—A block of 6 airy rooms on the 4th floor of the New Umrigar Building, Opp. Crawford Market, with electric fittings and lift arrangements. 1365

TO BE LET—A large GODOWN about 50 by 30 feet at Meadow Street. Apply to PALKHIVALA, Panday House, Malabar Hill. 1403

TO LET—For Europeans Gamdevi Tejpal Road, Westerly facing second floor. Hall, 3 bed-rooms, dining-room, kitchen, bath. Rent Rs. 110. Apply KAPADIA. Architect, 44, Tamarind Lane Fort. 1403

MEHTA VILLA, Lamington Road, behind Byculla Club, drawing, dining room 5 bedrooms. verendah, stable etc.. Latest sanitary fittings. Apply within 1376

NOTICES.

S. S. "NUBIA" STRANDED.

THE wreck of the P. & O. S. N. Company's vessel "NUBIA" will be sold as she lies off Colombo by PUBLIC AUCTION on WEDNESDAY, 18th August, at the Rooms of Messrs. Bartleet & Co., 17, Baillie St., Colombo.
The cargo remaining on board the ship will also be sold by Public Auction on the same date separately from the vessel.
Lists showing the approximate estimate of cargo still on board and some particulars of the ship's gear and stores may be inspected at the P. & O. S. N. Company's Office, Rampart Row, Bombay. 1406.

NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY,

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1474 of 1915.
GOVINDJI TOPAN & OTHERS. ...Plaintiffs.
v.
GOMTIBAI, widow and others. ...Defendants.
Re Estate of Soni Lalji Valubhji ... Deceased

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having or claiming any right title or interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased LALJI VALUBHJI, which is the subject matter of this suit which has been filed by the plaintiffs abovenamed for the administration thereof by and under the directions of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay are required to make the same known in writing within fourteen days from the date hereof at the office of Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw & Co. Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 29, Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay, otherwise the matter of the administration of the said Estate and distribution thereof will be proceeded with without reference to any such claim which shall be considered as waived.
Dated this 30th day of July, 1915.
ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & Co.,
1368 Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882.
and
In the matter of the Credit Bank of India, Ltd: (in liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a first dividend of one anna in the Rupee has been declared in this matter and that the same may be received at my Office at 7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay on the 16th day of August, 1915, or any subsequent day between the hours of 12 noon and 4 p.m., (S. T.), except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays.
Dated this 28th day of July, 1915.
R. D. SETHNA,
1357 Official Liquidator.

NOTICE.

TENDERS required for the following:—

Blankets for sepoys.	500
Jerseys warm for sepoys ...	500
Shoes country for sepoys...	500
Boots for sepoys	500
Coats warm, British	300
Newar khaki, 2in.	1,200 yards.
Newar khaki, 1¼in.	600

Samples to be sent with Tender to the Undersigned, who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
Prospect of further orders if satisfaction is given.
QUARTER MASTER,
112th Infantry,
600 Durgai, N. W. F. P.

AUCTION SALE

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
16, Apollo Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 521.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR MAKING PEARL NECKLACES, BANGLES, EAR-RINGS OF REAL ROUND UNDRILLED AND PURE JIVAN PEARLS.
AUCTION SALE OF UNDRILLED AND PURE JIVAN PEARLS.
Under instructions from Bhaishanker Nanabhoy Esq., the Official Liquidator of the Indian Specie Bank Ld., (in liquidation) and on account and at the risk of Shaikh Abdul Rehman Bin Shaikh Abdul Aziz Al Ebrahim, Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 6th and SATURDAY, the 7th August, 1915, at 2 p.m., (S. T.), each day the following pearls at the premises of the Indian Specie Bank Ld., Apollo Street, Fort:—
Lot No. 13 Pure undrilled Jivan Pearls about 225¼ chows.
Lot No. 14 Pure undrilled Jivan Pearls about 95 chows.
Lot No. 15 Pure undrilled Jivan Pearls about 75 chows.
Lot No. 16 Pure undrilled Jivan Pearls about 75 chows.
Lot No. 17 Pure undrilled Jivan Pearls about 50 chows.
Lot No. 18 Pure undrilled Jivan Pearls about 40 chows.
Lot No. 19 Pure undrilled Jivan Pearls about 50 chows.
Lot No. 20 Pure undrilled Jivan Pearls about 85 chows.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.
The above pearls are made into small lots to suit the purchasers.
CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers
Bombay, 4th August, 1915.

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY.

SHARE, STOCK EXCHANGE BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. Investors' references sent on application. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed Highest references given.
Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks, Firms and Mills.
Loans arranged on shares and approved security.
Life and Fire Insurance effected with first class English and Indian Companies.
Agency business of all sorts undertaken.
Address.—21, Hummum Street, Fort. Bombay.
Telegraphic Address.—"CURRENT" Bombay.

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 1317.

AUCTION SALE OF YARN.
THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 4th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., and on account and risk of the following defaulting purchasers:—
On account and risk of Messrs. Kankoochand and Umedchand—
105 bales of yarn, each 400 lbs. No. 6s. Photo Ticket of Meyer Sassoon Mills Ltd.
31 bales of yarn, each 400 lbs. No. 8s. Photo Ticket of Meyer Sassoon Mills Ltd.
On account and risk of Mr. Manecklal Gangadas—
7,000 lbs. No. 6½ loose yarn of Meyer Sassoon Mills Ltd.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE TO-MORROW THURSDAY, THE 5TH INSTANT AT 2.30 P. M.
BONA-FIDE SALE.
AUCTION SALE of English and Country Built Carriages, Harness, etc., and the Stock-in-Trade of Messrs. Cummoo Jaffer Sulleman and Co.
Under instructions from the Administratrix of the late Mr. Moosa Haji Hassam, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will TOMORROW THURSDAY, the 5th inst. sell by public auction at 2.30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises at Girgaum the Stock-in-Trade of the firm of Messrs. Cummoo Jaffer Sulleman and Co., consisting of rubber-tyred English glass-fronted miniature brougham by Windover, one English rubber-tyred landaulet by Fulker, one rubber-tyred English landaulet by Burlington, rubber-tyred cabriolets, shigrams, victorias, mail-phaetons, boat-shape State phaetons, dog-carts, bullock trolly, grass bundling machines, poles, shafts bars, brass and plated mounted harness, iron safes, furniture such as cup-boards, chairs, benches, writing tables, screens scales, sideboards, iron tools, etc., etc.
The property of another gentlemen.
One English built rubber-tyred mail-phaeton by Ivall and Large with hood and brake.
One Bombay built rubber-tyred double seated brougham.
One English built rubber-tyred square Landau by Ivall and Large with brake.
One Bombay built rubber-tyred double seated brougham by Press.
One rubber tyred state carriage velvet lined.
One English built rubber tyred glass fronted square shape brougham by Laurie and Marner.
One handsome rubber tyred bicycle wheels landau with ivory fittings and German silver Hubs.
N. B.—Furniture will be sold at 2 30 p.m. and carriages at 3-30 p.m.
The above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR-CYCLES AND MOTOR CARS.
Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY, the 7th instant, sell by public auction at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), at their rooms at 22, Apollo Street, by order of Messrs. The Great Eastern Motor Co., and on account and risk of the concerned the following:—
One 3½ H. P. Triumph Motor Cycle.
One 8¼ H. P. F. N. Motor-Cycle.
One 4 H. P. N. S. N. Motor-Cycle.
One 3½ H. P. Trimph Motor-Cycle.
and Motor accessories.
One 8 H. P. De Dion 4 seated single Cylinder Motor Car.
One 8 H. P. Darracque 2 Cylinder Motor Car.
One 8 H. P. "Star" 2 Seated Motor Car.
One 20 H. P. 4 cylinder, 5 seated Horblick motor car.
The above Cycles and Cars are on view at the Great Eastern Motor Co.'s works at Rampart Row, Fort.
A Deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SUNDAY, the 8th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Carnac Road at the junction of Chuckla Street, opposite the Crawford Market, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, such as tea-poys, chairs easy chairs, sideboard, crockery stands, almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, hat and umbrella stands, large and small writing tables, office chairs, towel racks, single and double bedsteads, corner cabinets, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables, etc., etc., the property of Mahomed Goolam Husein, Esq., closing his business.
The property will be on view, four days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.
AT 2 P. M. (S. T.).
1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.
1 second hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.
1 grey arab horse, aged, quiet in harness.
1 12-14 H. P. 6 cylinder, 4 seated, Argyle motor cars complete with hood conopy and all accessories, in good working order.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT KHOJA ST. NEAR NULL BAZAR.
Under instructions of the owner Messrs. BENNETT & Co., auctioneers will sell the property hereunder described by public auction at the premises on SUNDAY, the 22nd day of August, 1915, at 5 p.m., (S. T.).
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Khoja Street outside the Fort in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 157 5/9 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 2428, 4940, 2885, New

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.—(*Continued.*)

No. 9471, Old Survey Nos. 2/855, 2816, 1/2817 and New Survey No. 4332 and bounded on the east by the said Khoja Street, on the West by the property of Kanji Keshavji, on the North by the property of Oomersey Karamsey and on the South by the property of Pragji Mowji, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Assessment under 7311 and Street Nos. 264-66.
Premises may be viewed at any time previous to the sale.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya Solicitors for the owner at No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 4th August, 1915.

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF CARGO EX. PRIZE VESSEL "GUTENFELS."
Under instructions from Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Co., acting in accordance with the orders of the Procurator of H. M.'s Prize Court, at Alexandria, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the undermentioned day, time and place the following cargo of the Prize Vessel "Gutenfels," THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 4th August, 1915, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.) at the Alexandra Docks, No. 1 Shed, First Floor:—
4 cases hollow glass (bottles).
1 case cottons (beaded lace trimming).
2 cases umbrella furniture.
3 cases Aniline colour (Indigo Vat 60 per cent. grains in 14 lbs. tin).
10 cases Aniline colour (Indigo Vat 60 per cent. grains in 1 lb. tin).
70 cases Aniline colour (Metanil yellow in ½ lb. tin).
10 kegs each 1 cwt. Bisulphite of Soda (Liquid 77 deg.)
A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.
Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 7th August, 1915, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings:—
Building Street Nos. 38A, 38B, 40, Case No. 57, at the junction of Soparibag and Curry Road.
Sheds and Buildings Street Nos. 3661P-3665P, 3646, 3651P, 3615, 3620, 3621, 3517 3516, 3635, Case No. 967, at the north end of Scheme 6, Sion Road.
MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 4th August, 1915.

MESSRS. SORABJI COWASJI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 21, MEDOWS STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.
Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of August, 1915, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Room the following:—
Re Suit No. 416 of 1913.
Abdulkhan Huseinkhan vs. Abdul Hamid Mahomed Esmail.
A lot of trunks making tools and impliments, consisting of 1 English-made square of 30in. complete, 1 English-made punch machine, 1 country-made cut machine, one iron tool used to bend trunks, three big scissors complete, two wooden benches and other tools and impliments.
By order of the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Dattatrya Bhasker Joshi:—
1 pearl nose ring, gold rings, bracelets, 2 gold watches and chains, silver utensils, etc.
On account of the concerned:—
50 dozen steel chains.
12 dozen Albert chains.
On account of the concerned:—
20 dozen tapestry table covers and door curtains.
6 dozen sets each 32 pieces photographic views of known places of India.
25 dozen Christmas and New Year cheque books.
SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 4th August, 1915.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

MAURICE E. BANDMANN presents:—
9-30. HORACE GOLDIN 9-30.
HIS LATEST SENSATION!!
"WALKING THROUGH PLATE GLASS."
A lady passes through a sheet of solid plate glass, half an inch thick, without any harm being done to the young lady or the glass broken.
The glass is in full view of the audience at all times, and one can see underneath, all around, and above the glass before, during, and after the trick, and it can be examined by any one who wishes to do so.
"THE TIGER GOD."
NEW SONGS: NEW DANCES: NEW IMPRESSIONS.
Matinees at 6-30 p.m. on Thursday and Saturday. Plans at ROSE & Co.
SPECIAL PRICES.
No 6 p m. Performance To-night.

IMPERIAL CINEMA
CHARNI ROAD.
To-night
A GREAT
ENGLISH FILM
PLAYED BY
ENGLISH ARTISTES AND
AMONGST TYPICALLY
ENGLISH BACK GROUNDS ENTITLED
THE BOAT RACE MYSTERY
A thrilling drama of the Great 'Varsity
EVENT IN TWO REELS.
Also another
SPLENDID AN ROMANTIC TWO REEL DRAMA
WHEN ROME RULED
Beautifully set and admirably executed.
AND
PATHE'S GAZETTE
3 SHOWS NIGHTLY 3
7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15 & 10-30 to 12 p.m.
SAT. & Sun. Prize Show 5 to 6-30

NEW ALEXANDRA CINEMA
'Phone | LOHAR CHAWL PRINCESS STREET. | 1882
To-night
THE MASTER KEY
Episodes X, XI, XII.....7,000 feet.
Time:—7-15 to 8-45, 9 to 10-30, 10-45 to 12-15.
FREE GIFTS to Patrons in BOX and FIRST CLASS.

ELYSIUM SKATING RINK
Daily Sessions as Usual.
Saturday, 7th August
SPORTS ON SKATES.
On this occasion a very good and interesting programme has been arranged.

Just Published.
Rs. 12 net. Over 6000 Cases
Royal 8 vo. 662 pages.
THE LAW OF LIMITATION
Being an Exhaustive and Critical Commentary on the Indian Limitation Act, 1908; with full references to Indian and English Authorities,
BY
K. J. KUSTOMJI, Bar-at-Law,
Honorman of the Council of Legal Education
Most favourably received by the Bench as well as by the Bar. The following are some of the opinions received.—
Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Kt., K.C.I.E., Chief Justice of Bengal:—Already I have had occasion to use your work on Limitation, and I have found it of great help.
Hon'ble Sir John Wallis, Kt., Chief Justice of Madras:—The book appears to have been planned on sound lines and carefully written. It should be of much use to the Profession.
Hon'ble Sir Donald Johnston, Kt., Chief Judge, Punjab Chief Court:—I will use it in Court and I have no doubt the Courts will find your Commentary on the Law of Limitation as a useful Guide.
Hon'ble Justice Sir John Woodroffe, Kt., Calcutta High Court:—Your book will very useful to me in my work.—
R. GOVIND & SON
RAMCHANDRA GOVIND & SON
Booksellers and Publishers,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

Public, speakers and singers like Zymole Trokeys because when the voice begins to get "foggy," one dissolved in the mouth will restore the natural conditions. B.18

Digitized by the Financial Support from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

The Original Firm of

Dinshaw M. Dastoor & Co.,

71, Esplanade Road, near Currency Bank

EST. 1890.

Please note our address and do not confound it with any other.

Our qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon with Diploma from the Royal London (Moorfields) Ophthalmic Hospital will examine eyes Retinoscopically for glasses free of charge.

We hold flattering testimonials from distinguished personages and include among our constituents such notabilities as the Honourable H. E. Rear-Admiral Peirse, all past and present Chief Justices and Puisne Judges of the Bombay High Court, Honourable members of the Bombay Legislative Council, members of the Medical profession, etc.

"LU-LU" EYE DROPS.

An absolutely non-irritant and a Positive Cure for all Sore Ulcerated and Weak Eyes. Price Re. 1.

An Illustrated Essay on the Eye containing useful information sent post free on application.

TRY Kadi even where all your remedies fail. Cures with instan relief, worst Cases of Asthma, Bronchitis Colds, Coughs, etc.

INNUMERABLE ORIGINAL TESTIMONIALS OPEN TO INSPECTION. PRICE RE. 1-8.

A BLESSING

"GUNC" CURES WITHOU

COPAIBA, SANTAL OIL or any injurious INTERNAL Medicines. PAINLESS POSITIVE cure in 3 days with instant relief. Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

MONEY RETURNED IF NOT CURED.

OF ALL DEALERS.

D. SPECIFIC Co.,

FORT, MEDOWS STREET.

A LA CARTE' SERVICE

from 8 a. m. to 12 p. m

AT THE

INTERNATIONAL STORES

Next to Hotel Majestic,

Opp. PYKE'S.

THE PRIDE OF INDIA

to be given away free

Worth a fortune to anybody ! !

Do you like to penetrate the motives and sentiments of persons around you ?

Do you like to fathom the minds of those you meet in business or Society ?

Do you value control over others ?

Do you value the power to conquer pain and banish sickness, to reform a misguided friend, to gain business success, to win profit, position and happiness ?

If you do you must send for this book which we give away free to advertise the

LATENT LIGHT CULTURE.

Tinnevelly, S. India.

Do post a card now :—

Mr. MANILAL H. UDANI,

M.A., LL.B., F.L.L.C.,

Secretary, The Latent Light Culture

PANNALAL TERRACES, GRANT ROAD,

BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO.,

OF NEW YORK.

MARSHALL'S BUILDING.

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0	2 per case
White Rose 150 deg.	5 12	2 per case
Chester Brand 125 deg.	5 2	2 per case
Devos's Brilliant 125 deg.	5 0	2 per case
Tiger Brand 125 deg.	4 15	2 per case
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 15	2 per case
White Camalia 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins
Camel Brand 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in bulk)	3 12	0 per 8 Imp. gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil, on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill, are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All cass oil sold by Standard Oil Co., New York, IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Thana Agent adds one anna to Bulk Oil price and Rs. 0-2-0 per case to above Case Oil prices.

Coorla, Andheri and Bandra Agents add one anna to above prices excepting for Bulk Order books supplied gratis on application.

MANAGER.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, August 3.

The All-India weather messages of to-day indicate that the depression in the Bay has crossed the coast into Orissa and has given moderate to heavy rain in the north-east of the Peninsula. Good rain has fallen in the west of the United Provinces, east Rajputana and locally in the Punjab but rainfall has decreased in the Peninsula.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Bengal, United Provinces, Malabar and North Madras coast and local in Central India east.

The principal amounts are:—Cuttack 8 inches, Mukteswar 4, Sambalpur, Bareilly, Calingapatam 2 each, Jhansi, Mangalore 1½ each, Gopalpur 6.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 3rd August 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Multan reports 0.12in. of rain and Ambala 2.41in. Skies are clear in the south-west Punjab and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Temperature is in defect both during the day and at night at Ambala and at night at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has again been nearly general; Agra has had 0.46in., Mainpuri 0.62in., Jhansi 1.73in. and Cawnpore 0.95in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in east Rajputana; Ajmer has had 1.26in., Jaipur 0.92in. and Kotah 1.11in. Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect in west Rajputana and normal or in excess over the rest of the division. Day temperature is in excess in west Rajputana but in defect at Jaipur; night temperature is above normal at Jacobabad and Jodhpur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been local in Gujarat; Ahmednagar has had 0.25. Skies are generally heavily clouded.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Jubbulpore and Hoshangabad have had 0.25in. each, Saugor 0.51in., Amroati 0.13in., Nagpur 0.71in., Chanda 0.86in. and Raipur 1.77in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

The Konkan.—No telegram has been received from Karwar. Rainfall has been nearly genethough light. Ratnagiri has had 0.18in.; ral though light. Ratnagiri has had 0.18in., and Mormugao 0.14in. Skies are heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports 0.98in. of rain and Hyderabad 0.17in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar, the Konkan, the Central and the United Provinces and east Rajputana and local in the south Bombay Deccan, south Hyderabad, Gujarat and on the north Madras coast, while some showers have fallen in the Punjab. There has been some increase in the precipitation in east Rajputana and the south-east Central Provinces. The depression which is reported to have formed off the Orissa coast has begun to affect the weather in the east Central Provinces.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and in the Central Provinces, fairly general rain in the United Provinces, local rain in east Rajputana, Hyderabad and some showers in Gujarat, Central India West and the Bombay Deccan.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on TUESDAY, the 3rd of August, 1915.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do (2nd)	94.8	92.0	76	..	0	0
Jask	105.7	89.1	67	..	0	—0.06
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (2nd)	105.4	92.1	73	..	0	—0.17
PUNJAB—						
Multan	105.0	79.6	71	0.12	?	..
Rawalpind	92.4	76.1	77	..	5.06	—5.80
Lahore	99.1	82.0	69	..	1.99	—5.89
Hissar	100.8	73.4	74	0.09	2.57	..
Ambala	86.7	73.1	85	2.41	8.37	—4.08
Delhi	92.0	79.0	81	0.98	4.18	—7.90
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	87.6	79.0	93	0.46	8.21	—4.91
Mainpuri	29.3	78.3	96	0.62	7.38	—3.66
Jhansi	91.1	75.8	97	1.73	10.43	—7.83
Cawnpore	91.0	79.7	91	0.95	15.02	—0.23
Allahabad	91.6	80.1	81	0.04	16.26	—1.61
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	106.3	88.4	70	..	0.06	1.29
Karachi	88.5	82.4	79	..	0.13	—4.16
Ajmer	91.8	77.4	77	1.26	2.41	—7.84
Jalpore	86.7	75.1	95	0.92	5.98	—4.95
Kotah	88.0	78.4	87	1.11	7.26	—6.66
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	90.2	79.6	77	..	3.66	—5.12
Dwarka	85.7	80.9	81	..	7.17	—2.59
Veraval	82.3	80.6	85	..	5.72	—5.90
Rajkot	91.6	77.9	80	..	6.47	—10.17
Bhavnagar Para	93.0	80.2	81	..	7.25	—3.23
Surat	85.1	78.9	86	0.07	17.41	—8.53
Ahmedabad	89.8	76.8	94	0.25	8.12	—9.52
Deesa	90.3	78.0	83	..	4.22	—8.26
Neemuch	87.9	73.0	91	0.02	9.35	—4.34
Indore	84.8	73.9	89	0.06	11.73	—4.58
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	86.5	76.3	92	0.25	42.24	14.93
Saugor	86.2	74.2	98	0.51	14.57	—8.72
Hoshangabad	85.5	75.6	90	0.25	29.43	—3.15
Khandaw	84.1	75.0	86	0.06	14.62	—0.08
Akola	83.4	74.6	85	0.02	16.36	0.29
Amroati	81.8	73.7	92	0.13	14.49	—2.38
Nagpur	85.3	74.5	93	0.71	24.88	0.52
Chanda	80.5	75.0	97	0.86	18.80	—7.09
Raipur	82.7	75.1	94	1.77	21.65	—3.13
KONKAN—						
Bombay	85.3	79.4	88	0.06	54.86	9.59
Ratnagiri	83.1	77.1	86	0.18	57.22	—8.63
Mormugao	84.0	77.8	90	0.14	58.27	—5.43
Karwar	..	..	..	..	..	..
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	86.8	73.7	94	0.03	11.98	2.32
Ahmednagar	84.4	70.4	87	0.05	13.18	4.54
Poona	79.4	70.5	83	0.09	23.15	10.73
Sholapur	86.5	72.6	86	..	10.38	0.93
Bijapur	84.0	71.4	86	0.05	6.12	0.50
Belgaum	75.1	68.1	97	0.98	25.36	2.61
Aurangabad	83.2	71.7	88	..	17.48	5.14
Nizamabad (Indur)	85.1	74.8	81	..	11.08	—5.05
Hyderabad	83.0	71.9	97	0.17	18.81	7.90
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	84.9	72.0	90	1.41	69.77	—8.03
Calicut	82.3	74.8	95	1.06	63.62	—3.83
Cochin	84.9	74.2	88	0.14	61.65	9.10
Colombo	84.7	77.9	87	..	20.58	7.58
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	82.6	77.1	82	0.32	15.65	4.45
Bellary	88.2	76.5	64	..	10.91	7.10
Cuddapah	93.8	81.3	65	..	9.54	2.17
Madras	94.6	81.8	66	..	10.28	3.85
Bangalore	79.4	67.0	87	0.01	10.39	2.94
Colmbatore	83.6	72.2	78	0.07	6.11	3.08
Trichinopoly	95.7	81.4	54	..	4.65	1.72
Negapatam	94.6	79.6	79	..	3.58	0.01

Weak and delicate children are given a new lease of life by using Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract. Delicious tasting easily taken, flesh producing and strength promoting. 1.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 3rd August 1915, was 29.841 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial, barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay 1st August, 1915.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr...	29.633	inches.
Temperature of Air	82.9	degrees
Wet Bulb Thermometer	79.1	,,
Dew Point	77.7	,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.845	,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	8.4	,,
Maximum temperature of Air	85.3	,,
Minimum do. do.	79.4	,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WSW.	
Movement of Wind do. do.	232	miles.
Fall of Rain	0.01	inches.
Total fall during month	0.32	,,
Do. do. year	56.22	,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of std.	0.08	,,

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock still.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Month.	Bombay. Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.
	Aug.	h	m	ft. in.	Aug.	h.	m	ft. in.
Tu.	3	m	4 45	24 7	3	m	10 2	21 3
			4 6a	24 10			10 53a	18 6
W.	4	m	5 55	24 1	4	m	11 24	22 1
			4 49a	24 1				
Th.	5	m	7 32	24 2	5	m	0 0	18 9
			5 49a	23 7			1 18a	22 4
Fr.	6	m	9 3	24 9	6	m	1 8	18 8
			7 21a	23 5			2 40a	21 11
Sat.	7	m	9 52	25 7	7	m	2 11	17 9
			8 47a	23 9			3 37a	17 0
Sun.	8	m	10 27	26 5	8	m	3 6	18 0
			9 44a	24 5			4 18a	17 6
Mon.	9	m	10 57	27 2	9	m	3 50	17 1
			10 29a	25 2			4 54a	19 6

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week;—

Aug.	Sunrise	Sunset
,, 3 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 16m.	,, 7h. 14m.
,, 4 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 16m.	,, 7h. 13m.
,, 5 (Thursday)	,, 6h. 16m.	,, 7h. 13m.
,, 6 (Friday)	,, 6h. 17m.	,, 7h. 12m.
,, 7 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 17m.	,, 7h. 12m.
,, 8 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 17m.	,, 7h. 11m.
,, 9 (Monday)	,, 6h. 18m.	,, 7h. 11m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Perigee, July 24th, 10-9h. a.m Full Moon 26th, 5h. 41-0m. p.m.; Last Quarter, Aug. 3rd 2h. 57-3m. a.m.; Apogee, 5th, 8-1h. p.m.; New Moon 11th, 4h. 22-4m. p.m.; First Quarter, 18th, 7h. 47-5m. a.m

RAIN IN BOMBAY.

STATIONS	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 3rd August 1915.	Total since June 1st 1915.	June 1st to 3rd August 1914.	June 1st to 3rd August 1913.
Colaba [Observatory] ..	0.06	54.86	48.42	59.63
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0.12	57.84	50.43	69 64
Esplanade[Gok Tej. Hospl.]	0.17	54.58	52 08	68.96
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.33	59.88	56.96	71.73

ROPEWAY PROJECTS BEFORE RAILWAY BOARD.

PROPOSED LEGISLATION FOR CONTROL.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Aug. 3.

The question of ropeways in India is steadily coming to the front. Several important projects have been before the Railway Board for some time. The Sikkim scheme is well-known and a Karachi firm has surveyed several projects in Kashmir including a wire-ropeway connection between Jammu and Srinagar over the Banihal pass. The Dehra-Mussouri as well as the Kathgodam-Nainital scheme and other schemes for installation of ropeways in coal fields have been projected from time to time, but owing to the absence of legal provision for the control of the ropeways the schemes have not been seriously dealt with.

A proposal is under consideration to undertake legislation for control of the ropeways. Possibly when ropeways are installed in India it will be given up to goods traffic only.

In the coal fields the land acquisition difficulty of the ropeways has been felt and zamindars regard the installation of ropeways over their lands with disfavour as they think the wire-lines will depreciate the consideration of the Railway Board.

Sir Pratul Chandra Chatterjee who was appointed on one year's agreement as the Dewan of Nabha State, has resigned.

A Calcutta telegram says:—Judgment was delivered to day at 5 p.m. by the Special Commissioners in the case of Emperor versus Mahiraban and four others' sentencing Mahiraban and three others to five years and Umacharan to two years' rigorous imprisonment under section 395 I.P.C.

If you are feeling morose and listless, are despondent and are continually tired, the chances are you are suffering with constipation. What you need is Kasagra—"the laxatives that cures." D 24

THE BRISCOE CAR

Designed by European Experts
And Built in America
A French Car at an American price

Electric Starter
Electric Lighting
Touring Car to hold five
Streamline body

Crome Vanadium steel is used in all parts subject to wear or strain.

London Price £ 225.
Our Price Rs. 3,500 F. O. R. Bombay.
NOW IN STOCK IN BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

SPARES STOCKED

SOLE AGENTS:

A. H. WHEELER & Co.

Wheeler's Building, Hornby Road.

Telegrams: "Bookstalls". BOMBAY. Telephone No. 2351

ALLAHABAD
15, Elgin Road. (Tel. No. 45).

CALCUTTA
Chartered Bank Buildings. (Tel. No. 1690)

If you cannot back

horses you can always back Dunlops, because they stay the distance, are an easy ride, and pay to follow.

THE DUNLOP RUBBER CO., LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

Founders of the Pneumatic Tyre Industry throughout the World.

Indian Head Office:

3, WALLACE STREET, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

Branches:

CALCUTTA, COLOMBO, DELHI and MADRAS.

TRADE MARKE.

COMMERCIAL.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE GREAT WAR LOAN

When the great War Loan closed in London the subscriptions amounted to £64.750,000 which included:—

Lloyds Bank, £21,000,000.

London City and Midland Bank, £21,000,000.

London County and Westminister Bank. £20,000,000.

Lord Michelham, £1,150,000.

National Bank of India, £1,000,000.

The White Star Line, £350,000.

Liverpool Corporation, £250,000.

Among large applications notified on Thursday were: Hong-Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, £1,250,000; North Brit and Mercantile Insurance Company, £500,000 (with conversions £1,100,000); Law Union and Rock Insurance Company, £262,000; British Legal and United Assurance Company, £30,000; Great Northern Railway, £100,000; Western Electric Company, £25,000; National Union of Railwaymen, £106,000; King Edward's Hospital Fund for London, £32,000.

The prospectus of the Loan was issued by the Bank of England on June 21. Applications were invited for an unlimited amount, and among the attractions held out to investors, in addition to the 4½ per cent. interest, was a guarantee that in any event investors would be repaid in full by 1945. The British Government retains the right, however, to repay at par in 1925 or subsequently.

It is impossible at present to estimate the total subscriptions to the Loan. Many applications have been received for a million pounds, and the Prudential Assurance Company alone have subscribed £5,000,000. The London County Council's application was for £1,132,000, and all the large assurance companies and joint stock banks have sent in large applications.

The Loan has proved an amazing inducement to thrift, and all over Great Britain savings clubs have been formed to assist the working classes to subscribe by means of the 5s. vouchers. Many firms have come forward and advanced sums to their employees, so as to enable them to come to their country's help, the amounts to be repaid by gradual deductions from their salaries.

MORATORIUM IN FRANCE.

The French Government's view on the business moratorium were stated in the Chamber of Deputies by the Minister of Finance, M. Ribot. He said it was to the interest of commerce generally that the moratorium should cease, for, as long as it lasted, there was no chance of restoring credit, on which business was based. It was impossible, however, to put an end to the moratorium now. Such a question needed delicate handling while part of the territory was still invaded.

It would, however, be a very bad thing for the impression to get abroad that, in time of war, those who could pay need not pay. Care must also be taken not to complicate the settling of accounts after the war. The process ought to be simplified as much as possible, so as to lose no time in resuming business competition in the markets of the world. For these reasons the Government considered it unnecessary and dangerous to give any pledge. The moratorium would be maintained until both Parliament and the Government agreed that the time had come to do away with it.

The question was eventually referred to a committee.

EFFECTS OF THE WAR ON TRADE.

The effect of the war upon the internal trade of the Province is indicated by the following figures which compare the arrivals in Bombay of cotton, wheat and other principal articles of produce in the two years 1913-14 & 1914-15:—

	1913-14	1914-15
Cotton ..	..Bales 3 394,000	2,770,000
Wheat ..	..Cwt 7,173,000	2,674,000
Linseed ..	.. „ 4,933,000	1,552,000
Rape, Rai and Mustard.	„ 1,105,000	563,000
Gingelly	.. „ 2,175,000	413,000
Groundnuts ..	.. „ 1,316,000	639,000
Coster seed ..	.. „ 2,307,000	1,171,000
Rice	.. „ 5,160,000	5,006,000
Cotton seed ..	.. „ 5,502,000	3,859,000
Gram	.. „ 815,000	679 000
Jowar	.. „ 1,157,000	1,616,000

The foreign trade of the Presidency also suffered to a large extent as will be seen from the following figures which are given in lakhs of rupees:—

	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	Decrease(—)
IMPORTS.			
Merchandise, private ..	78.81	57.69	—21,12
Treasure „ ..	31,83	18,61	—13,22
Total ..	1.10,64	76,30	—34,34
EXPORTS.			
Re-exports of Foreign Merchandise, private	4,04	2,36	—1,6 8
Indian merchandise, Private ..	91,97	65,79	—26,18
Treasure, private ..	5,10	2,09	—3,01
Total ..	1,01,11	70.24	—30,87
Total Foreign ..			
Total ..	2,11,75	1,46.54	—65,21

The year 1915-16 will show a further falling off. From the statistics which have been issued by the Bombay Customs House, the condition of our foreign trade is certainly not encouraging. The following table explains the position in the first quarter:—

	Three months from 1st April to 30th June.		Increase or Decrease.
	1914-1915	1915-1916.	
IMPORTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marchandise ..	14,56,59,731	8,91,22,402	—5.65,47,239
Treasure-Gold.	5,40,95,810	1,37,20,812	—4,03,74,998
„ Silver	2,88,47,640	1,92,80,361	—95.67,279
Total Imports.	22,86,13,181	12,21,23,665	—10,64,89,516
EXPORTS.			
Merchandise—Indian Produce..	22,57,35,394	11,68,93,457	—10,88,41,937
Foreign Produce..	84,16,651	65,01,796	—19,14,855
Treasure ..	1,06,14,441	11,08,355	—95,06,086
Total Export.	24,47,66,486	12,45,03,608	—12,02,62,878
Total Imports and Exports	47,33,79,667	24,66,27,273	—22,67,52,394

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

Liverpool, August 2nd.

Liverpool cotton market was closed owing to a holiday.

New York Official noon call Oct.	..	9.16
„ „ Jan.	..	9.55

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, August 2nd.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	..	3,000
„ Exports to Great Britain		10,000
„ „ „ to Continent		
Futures at New York Oct.	.. ..	9.23
Previous closing price ..	.. ..	9.26
Futures at New York Jan.	.. ..	9.64
Previous closing price ..	.. ..	9.66
Spot Cotton at New York	.. ..	9.30
Previous price	.. ..	9.35
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	.. ..	8.69
Previous price	.. ..	8.69
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	.. ..	9.07
Previous price	.. ..	9.10
Futures at New Orleans Jan.	.. ..	9 46
Previous price	.. ..	9.48
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	.. ..	7½
Demand Bills	.. ..	4.76.10
Silver Commercial Bars .	.. ..	47⅞

WASHINGTON.

Washington, August 2nd.

The United States Department of Agriculture in its Report on the Cotton Crop states that the average condition of the crop is 75.3 per cent.

BOMBAY MARKETES.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Aug. 3.

In spite of a bullish Bureau report (75.3 p. c.) the the Market remans steady at only Re. 1/8 over yestrday's rats with very little doing.

Ready cotton is only in moderate demand. We quote:—

Fine Bengal Sept.	164
Fine Akola Sept.	195
QUOTATIONS FOR 1916.	
Good Broach April	239
Fully Good Bengal January	183,8
Fine Akola	208

MESSRS. PATELBROTHERS' MID-DAY. QUOTATIONS.

Growths.	Fine	F. G.	Good.	Delivery.
M.G. Broach			239/0	Apr. 25'16
M.G. „			..	..
M.G. Bengals (Ry. terms)	180/0	184/5	..	Jan. 25'16
H.G. Rajputana (Ry. terms	..	..	..	..
M.G. Sind Punjab (Ry. terms)	..	..	..	..
M.G. Khandesh	..	..	..	..
M.G. Akola, Khgrs. ..	208/9	..	..	Jan. 25'16
H.G. Bhangalkote	..	..	..	..
H.G. Bijapor4e	..	..	..	..
M.G. Khandwa, Sanawad ..		..	..	..
M.G. Wardha, Hinganghat	..	..	..	..
M.G. Nagpore	..	..	..	..
M.G. Yeotmal	..	..	..	..
M.G. Dhamangaum, Pulgam	..	..	..	..
M.G. Oomrawatee description	..	..	..	..
M G. Akola, Khgm., Fair Staple ..	196	..	..	Sept. 1915
Saw Ginned Dharwar ..	..	..	212	Do.
H. G. Western ..	..	..	179	Do.
M.G. Westerns ..	..	..	186	Do.
M.G. Miraj ..	..	..	212	Do.
M.G. Compta ..	..	..	209	Do.
M.G. Bengals ..	..	165	..	Do.

TOTAL RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY AS COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS YEAR DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Growths.	1914-5	1913-4	Difference
Khandesh ..	346,337	473,004	—226,667
Central India ..	179,246	258,686	— 79,440
Barsi & Nagar ..	168,190	298,964	—130,774
Berar	431,534	510,335	— 78,801
Central Provinces	217,047	296,062	— 79,015
Dhollera	199,815	427,656	—228,841
Broach	242,621	400,658	—158,037
Compta & Dharwar.	179,641	219,341	— 39,700
Westerns ..	163,224	113,571	pl. 49,653
United Prov. ..	378,119	483,828	—105,709
Rajputana ..	86,439	157,903	— 71,464
Sind	106,952	61,215	pl. 46,737
Persian ..	814	1,128	— 314
American ..	195	2,305	— 2,110
Egyptian ..	726	1,718	— 992
Other Sorts ..	1,973	1,181	pl. 793
Total ..	2,601,273	3,706,955	—1,105,682

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 48 hours up till 6 p.m. on 2nd August, 1915:—

Cotton	2,142 Bales.
Wheat	6,511 cwts.
Linseed	4,353 „
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	4,225 „
Ginjellyseed	45 „
Groundnuts	1,959 „
Castorseed	2,290 „
Rice	3,514 „
Myrabollams	426 „
Cotton seed	21,209 „
Mowraseed	1,154 „
Gram	605 „
Joowar	2,216 „
Maize	11 „
Barley	2,096 „

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat.

White Pessi 85 per cent. ..... Rs. 6-12, R.D.

Linseed.

White Delhi Sept.	per cwt. Rs. 6-13, R.D. per cwt.
Ready	Rs. 7-10 B. T. per cwt.
Forward Sept.	Rs. 8-9-6, R. D. per cwt.

Rapeseed.

Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 6-12-6, R. D. per cwt.
Brown Etawah	Rs. 6-14, R. D. per cwt.
Brown Katni	Rs. 7-4 B. T. per cwt.
Yellow Gujerat	Rs. 8-2, R. D. per cwt.

Poppyseed.

Ready	Rs. 7-11, R. D. per cwt.
Groundnuts	Rs. 37, B. T. per candy.
Mowraseed	Rs. 4, R. D. per cwt. Rs. 4, R. D. per cwt.

Castorseed.

Ready	Rs. 6-10-6, R. D. per cwt.
Cottonseed	Rs. 22, B. T. per candy.

Teelseed.

Bold White 85 per cent	Rs. 44 B. T. per candy.

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—

T. T. Ready	1s. 3 27-32d.
D. D. Mail	1s. 3 27-32d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 3 7/8d. Sept.

Banks' Buying Rates:—

Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready	1s. 4 5-32d.
Do. do. forward	1s. 4 3-16d. Aug.
Do. do. Months' Sight Ready.	1s. 4 7-32d.
Francs 3 m-s. do.	nominal.
60 d-s. Hong-Kong	130½
Do. Shanghai	166
60 d-s. Yokohama	151½

BULLION.

English Bar Gold	24-12-6
Australian Bar Gold	24-5-0
Bombay Bar Gold	24-2-0
English Shield Sovereigns	15-12-6
English Dragons	15-1-6
Silver. ex-duty Ready	58-5-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, August 3.

The Cotton Mill Share Market stood almost steady to-day but owing to lack of business there was no activity notieeable. Tata iron and steel shares presented a healthy tone.

In mill shares for September delivery Davids closed at Rs. 541½, Fazulbhai at Rs. 380, Standard at Rs. 910 and Madhavji at Rs. 1,110.

Swadeshi were quoted at Rs. 1,405 and Centrals at Rs. 1,810.

Currimbhai were quoted at Rs. 192½, Finlay at Rs. 245 and Indore Malwas at Rs. 176½.

Bombay-Burma Trading Corporation shares declined to Rs. 887½ x.d.

Bombay Electric tram ordinary shares stood firm at Rs. 200.

Bank of Bombay shares changed hands at Rs. 1,540.

Eastern Bank shares were placed at Rs. 56 and Bank of Indias at Rs. 54½.

Amritsar Patti Ry. shares were quoted at Rs. 151½ x.d. Upper Sind Light Ry. shares at Rs. 110 and Ahmedabad Prantg Ry. shares at Rs. 645 x.d.

Tata iron and steel ordinary shares improved to Rs. 105½ and Deferred to Rs. 206½ for September.

Tata Hydro Electric preference shares were in demand at Rs. 1,085.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes was done at Rs. 98½.

There was very little inquiry for clean pieces which were quoted at Rs. 90½.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds were placed at Rs. 98½.

HALF-YEARLY REPORT OF BANK OF MADRAS.

DIVIDEND DECLARED AT 10 PER CENT.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

MADRAS, Aug. 2.

At a general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Madras, this afternoon, the report and statement of affairs of the Bank for the half-year ended the 30th June was adopted.

The report shows the balance brought forward from the 31st December, 1914, at Rs. 317,376.2-2 and the net profit for the half year, after making provision for all bad and doubtful debts, amounts to Rs. 568,043-7-3, making a total of Rs. 885,419-9-5. Of this amount, Rs. 375,000 is acounted for payment of dividend at the rate of ten per cent. and Rs. 5,000 for bonus. The balance caried forward is Rs. 435,419-9-5.

The chairman, in the course of moving the adoption of the report, said:—"A comparision between the figures as at 30th June, 1914 and those of June of this year will show that deposits other than the Government deposits have declined by 54 lakhs. It is on the other side of the account, however, that the largest falling off will be observed, for trade investments are nearly 2 crores lower than they were at this time last year."

He further said: Another point we have to congratulate ourselves on is the fact that, in spite of the heavy depreciation in the value of Government securities, we have been able to carry our investments forward at the market rate of 30th June last, without encroaching on our reserve fund which still stands at Rs. 76 lakhs.

(Delayed in transmission.)

DEVELOPMENT OF INDIGO INDUSTRY.

PROPOSAL OF APPOINTMENT OF A CHEMIST BEFORE SECRETARY OF STATE.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Aug. 3.

The question of development of the indigo industry was discussed at a conference at Delhi last cold weather when various aspects of indigo production were discussed. The difficulty of seed supply has been fairly solved and the proposal of the Government of India for the appointment of an indigo chemist is now before the Secretary of State for approval.

It is to be hoped that India Office will be able to secure the services of a good chemist for that appointment.

DEATHS FROM VACCINATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—With reference to the letter published in your valued columns of even date giving statistics from the Registrar General's annual Report of deaths from vaccination of infants in England and Wales, may I inquire if any such table is included in the reports of the Health Officer of this city?

It cannot be that doctors in their practice do not come across cases in which vaccination results fatally.

Only last week the writer received a letter from a Parsi stating that he lost a baby through the evil effects of vaccination and that a neighbour's infant was frankly declared by a Parsi M.D. (Bombay) to be suffering from the injurious effects of vaccination.

In order that the public may gauge whether or not vaccination is a curse it is to be hoped that in the annual reports the Health authorities will see their way to give a separate table, as is done by the Registrar-General, of deaths from "cowpox and other effects of vaccination."—Yours, etc.,

Z.

Bombay, Aug. 3.

P. S.—May I also suggest to your intelligent readers to bring to public notice through the Press cases in which vaccination results injuriously? These will serve as an eye-opener.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

August 3rd.

Baroda	Horscroft	Busreh
Caboto	Augusto	Genoa

The following steamers received port clearance on Tuesday:—

Steamer.			
Baroda	for	Busreh
„ Caboto	for	Genoa

The following steamers entered the Docks for loading.

Steamer	Jehangir for	Maculla
„	City of Durham for	Liverpool via Karachi.

S. S. Baroda:—The B. I. S. N. Cimpany's steamer Baroda, 1,898 tons, Captain A. Horscroft, arrived here yesterday, from Busreh, which port she left on the 20th July, with general goods and one cabin and twenty-four deck passengers on board.

S. S. Caboto:—The Italian mail steamer Caboto, 2,846 tons, Captain P. Augusto, arrived here yesterday from Genoa, which port she left on the 26th June, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Sildra:—The steamer Sildra, 2,097 tons, Captain E. Bryn, will sail to-day for Calcutta, in water ballast.

S. S. Culna:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Culna, 3,965 tons, Captain E. J. Davies, will sail to-day, for Karachi with the same bottom cargo.

Tuesday, August 3rd, 1915.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A. Natal Transport	Dawson	T. M. & Co
B Elgin	Potts	M. M. & Co
P. Camellia	Crowther	J. F. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Ponani	K. N. & Co
Bahadur	K. N & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Priestfield	Balls	W. & A. Graham
2 Iyo Maru	Okamoto	N. Y. Kaisha
3 ClanMacfarlane	Swanton	J. Finlay & Co
4 Bushu Maru	Ibo	K. N. & Co
7 Bawean	Vansbewen	D. Nanjee & Sons
8 Tregurno	Humphreys	D. Nanji & Sons
9 City of Durham	Hopplus	K. N. & Co
12 & 13 Santhia	Robertson	M. M. & Co
14 Lluga	Curbush	M. M. & Co
16 Chakla	Allen	M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

3 Palamcotta		M. M. & Co
4 Khiva		P. & O. S. N. Co
6 Culna	Davies	M. M. & Co

HUGHES DRY DOCK.

Jehangir	T. M & Co

MEREWEATHER DRY DOCK.

Homayun	Courtenay	T. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Baroda	Horscroft	M. M. & Co
Cabot	Augusto	Italian M. S. N Co
Islami	Watson	T. M. & Co
Kasara	Gulliver	M. M. & Co
Nurani	Thompson	T. M. & Co
Salma	Ramuner	F. F. Campbell & Co
Sildra	Bryn	The Bombay Co

EXPORTS.

Aug. 3.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Natal Transport (s) 22 bales wool, J. Rajmal; 25 bales wool, H. E. J. Mahomed and Sons; 5 bales wool, R. Bachraj; 26 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co.; 201 bales cotton fly, H. E. Bode and Sons; 110 bales cotton waste, Commercial Trading Co.; 100 cwts. cotton seeds, D. Velji.

FOR LEITH.

Priestfield (s) 18,202 cwts. cotton seed, Ralli Brothers.

City of Durham (s) 220 bales cotton waste, Commercial Trading Co.; 400 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR HULL.

Tregurno (s) 6,000 cwts. groundnut oil cake, Turner Morrison and Co.; 3,045 cwts. myrabolams, O. Govindji; 1,998 cwts. myrabolams, Kallyandas Brothers; 16,000 cwts. cotton seed, A. Khimji.

FOR LONDON.

Khiva (s) 300 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 21 bales sawri cotton, H. Lalji and Co.; 50 bales sawri cotton, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 7 bales woollen carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co.; 40 bales hemp, B. Harbham; 204 cwts. gum karaya, R. Damji and Co.; 17 casks Indian chutney, Army and Navy Co-operative Society; 32 tons linseed oil cake, L. and F. Barraclough and Co.; 3 cwts. cloves, E. Mahomed; 19 bundles mats, E. Rojan; 50 cwts. khismis, T. Kanji and Co.; 4 cases cotton curtains, L. B. Bhootwala.

FOR GENOA.

Bewean (s) 300 bales cotton, H. M. Mehta and Co.; 200 bales cotton, K. Visram and Co.; 1,500 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Iyo Maru (s) 15 cases Indian condiments, M. Poonjiaji and Sons.

FOR OSAKA.

Iyo Maru (s) 10 cases Indian condiments, M. Poonjiaji and Sons.

FOR HONGKONG.

Iyo Maru (s) 300 bales cotton yarn, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 150 bales cotton yarn, M. Amersey, and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Iyo Maru (s) 10 bales cotton. Tata, Sons a Co.; 100 bales cotton. E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 78 bales cotton, C. Bomanji and Co.

IMPORTS.

3rd August.

S. S. Saima from Bangkok, Agents F. & Campbell and Co.—1,059 pieces teak squares, 99,405 pieces 8,378 bundles teak scantlings, 311 pieces teak planks, 96 pieces yan squares, 3 cases copper pots.

S. S. Chakla from Busreh, Agents M. M. and Co.—1 case apparel, 5 packages gas cylinders.

S. S. Santhia from Rangoon, Agents M. M. and Co.—20,759 bags rice, 1 bag kismiss, 77 kegs 1 case paint, 50 bags white beans, 5 cases feeding bottles, 1,000 cases 90 bags wax, 1,125 cases candles, 5 cases Nepholine oil, 1 case China buthi, 8 bundles gunnies, 61 bundles bread, 21 drums 220 casks L. oil, 4 cases dye, 54 casks cow hides, 6 cases cigars, 6 cases chocolates, 1 case cherroots, 53 cases kariapagalam, 12 bundles yarn waste, 300 bundles mats, 25 cases nails 1 case 59 pieces brassware, 1 case oil cloth, 48 bundles tarpaulins, 15 bales senna, 30 cases 170 chests tea, 13 bales wool, 409 bales cotton, 54.459 pieces 3,052 bundles wood teak, 338 pieces wood other timber.

S. S. Warturm from Liverpool and Glasgow, Agents James Finlay and Co.—1,100 bags soda ash, 373 drums calcium chloride, 1,020 kegs bicarbonate soda, 4 casks bisulphate soda, 20 kegs muriate of ammonia, 18 drums zinc chloride, 40 kegs bicarbonate of potash, 182 drums magnesium chloride, 40 drums caustic soda) 3,059 numbers earthen pipe, 3,000 numbers bricks 15 cases rice bowls, 108 cases tiles, 4,265 casks clay 1 case motor parts, 301 tons iron, 134 bags starch, 10 bags dextrine, 7 kegs antimony salt 20 cases cyanide, 156 cases 45 bales pilsner 45 barrels tallow, 9 cases imitation jwellery, 20 cases 2,150 boxes soap, 66 cases biscuits, 75 cases wine, 375 cases whisky, 32 cases rum, 10 cases gin, 25 cases stout, 3 rolls sheet lead, 1 case 4 packages hairbelting 283 barrels rosin, 1 case lamp black, 344 kegs paint 140 casks red lead, 50 barrels pitch, 375 bags farina, 6 cases leather belting, 8 cases glass sheets, 1 case roller skin, 221 runlets 24 barrels tar, 114 bales 4 cases paper, 8 coils 6 trusses 4 bales rope, 11 cases sewing cotton thread, 25 bales canvas, 1 case carpet, 2 cases cotton belting, 10 cases oil cloth, 8 8 cases cotton banding, 1 bale valvet fents, 1 case mixed linnen, 1 case cotton and woollen good, 2 cases artificial silk, 1 case umbrellas, 258 bales 288 cases cotton yarn, 533 bales 813 cases cotton piece goids.

BOMBMY PRESIDENCY WAR AND RELIEF FUND.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GIFT TO WOMEN'S BRANCH.

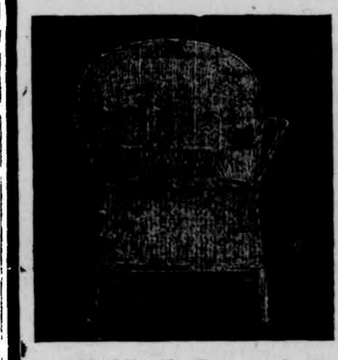
His Highness the Nizam has sent to her Excellency Lady Willingdon a donation of Rs 5,000 for the Women's Branch of the Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund.

UP TO YOU?

YOU KNOW that the reputation of **WHITEAWAY'S** SINGAPORE CHAIRS is being enhanced every day.

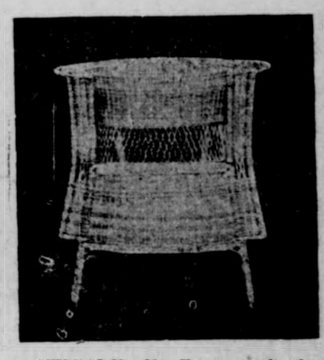
YOU KNOW that we have an unrivalled range of GENUINE SINGAPORE CHAIRS always in stock, and that our CHAIRS can be thoroughly relied upon.

Some prominent values are shown below.



HELLAS No 32. Exact to sketch, nice roomy Chair. For library or Smoking Room use. Usual Price, Rs. 11-8.

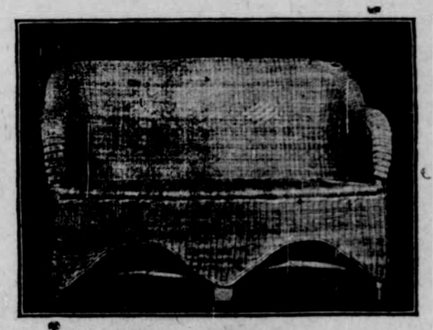
SALE PRICE Rs. 10-8.



HELLAS No. 31. Exact to sketch, very strong and comfortable. Comfy round back. Usual Price, Rs. 11-8.

SALE PRICE, Rs. 10-8.

Many other styles are always on view in our Show Rooms.



All these chairs are made from selected Cane.

THE CURZON SETTEE.

The Curzon Settee, similar to sketch, unsurpassed for finish and comfort, suitable for Drawing Room, finest selected cane on Malacca frame. Total length 3 feet 11 inches. Can also be had in tall square back to match No. 34 chair.

Usual Price, Rs. 16-8. SALE PRICE, Rs. 14-8.

HELLAS No. 36. A deep cosy chair. Idea for idle moments. Extra large and comfortable.

Usual Price, Rs. 12-8.

SALE PRICE, Rs. 11-8.

HELLAS No. 34. Exact to sketch, Best Value at the Price: a tall back chair, most comfortable in use.

Price, Rs. 11-8.

SALE PRICE, Rs. 10-8.

Big consignment of these chairs just arrived from the Far East.

Many new designs not yet sketched.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Our cane furniture is not intended to compete with Bazaar qualities, for our furniture is superior in every way, although only a little higher in Price.

The 'Varsity Lounge Chair exact to above illustration, a deep roomy Chair for library use.

Usual Price, Rs. 15-8. SALE PRICE, Rs. 13-0.

Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd.

DRAPERS OUTFITTERS

The Arcade BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Anniversary Day of the Declaration of War, by H. M. King George V. Bombay Parsis' Prayers at Wadiaji's Atashbehram, 5-45 p.m.
Bombay Cathedral, Intercession Service, 6-30 p.m.
Scottish St. Andrew's Church, Intercession Service, 6-30 p.m.
Municipal Corporation's Standing Committee Meeting, 4-10 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre—9-30 Horace Goldin.

THURSDAY, August 5.

Bank of Bombay, Ordinary General Meeting, 4 p.m.
Bombay Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, August 6.

Senate Meeting for conferring LL.D. Degrees on Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji and Sir P. M. Mehta, 5-45 p.m.
Wilson Philological Lecture, University Library, 5-45 p.m.

SATURDAY, Aug. 7.

Entertainment to Sir Richard Lamb, Town Hall.
English Mail steamer Kashmir, due to arrive in Bombay at 10 p.m. on Saturday.

MONDAY, Aug. 8

Municipal Corporation.

DAILY.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 3 and 9-30 p.m.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

August 4.

262.—Lecture.—Owing to intercession Service, there will be no lecture for Officers and N. C. O. Officers to-day Wednesday the 4th instant.

263.—Appointment.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following appointment in "F" Coy. from this date:—
No. 7160 Vol. E. Somek, to be Lce Corporal.

264.—Enrolments.—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to companies as follows:—
No. 8624 Vol. C. W. Woods, No. 4200 Vol. G. Powell, No. 8625 Vol. A. S. Johnston, No. 5597 Vol. H. B. Trayler, to "B" Coy; No. 8626 Vol. F. O. C. Robinson, to "G" Coy.

(Sd.) N. B. KINNEAR, Lieut.,
Adjutant Bombay Vol. Rifles.

STRING BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6-15

ENGLISH MAILS.

The P. & O. Company's S. S. Kashmir with the outward Mails of the 23rd ultimo is expected to arrive in Bombay at 10 p.m. on Saturday next.

MEMON GENERAL HOSPITAL.

The total number of patients treated in the above Dispensary during the month of July 1915 was 2,233. Out of these 812 were males, 967 females and 454 children. The daily average attendance of patients was 79.

FAREWELL ADDRESS TO A MUNICIPAL CHIEF INSPECTOR.

An address was given by the Staff of the Bombay Water Department to their Chief Inspector Mr. J. D. Pinto on the 2nd instant on his retirement from Municipal service. The address was given at the Head Office of the Water Department. The souvenir consisted of a beautiful gold watch and chain with an appropriate inscription thereon.

KNOCKED DOWN BY AN ENGINE.

Tatia Rama, aged 25, and other labourers were working on the G I. P. Railway line at Curry Road station on Monday, when in crossing the line for some work, he was knocked down by the buffers of the engine of a passing local train, and he died on the spot. At an inquest held yesterday by Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, a verdict of accidental death was returned.

PETROL EXPLOSIVE

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest on view of the dead body of Ramrao Kashinath, a Hindu in the employ of Messrs. Lund and Blockley. It appeared from the evidence that the deceased and two other employes of the firm were cleaning the clock between platforms Nos. 4 and 5 on the Victoria Terminus Station on Friday afternoon; when an explosion occurred, setting the deceased's clothes on fire. He was severily burnt about his body and was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where he died on Monday. On the day in question the deceased and one Edulji Kuverji Dubash went into the interior of the clock to clean it, whilst Dadabhoy Edulji stood outside near them. There was some petrol in an open basin near them which was required for cleaning the machinery. As the light there was insufficient they had a candle kept burning there. Suddenly an explosion took place, and Dadabhoy raised an alarm and told the deceased and Edulji to come out. He pulled out Edulji who was nearer the opening and the latter came out pulling the deceased out with him. But the deceased's clothes had caught fire and he was severely burnt about his body. A verdict of death from burns received through an accidental explosion of petrol was recorded.

PAREL ROAD IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

In the letter from Sir Ebrahim Rahimtoolah, published in our issue of Monday, the names of Sir Jamsetjee Jijibhoy and Mr. R. R. Mody were omitted from the list of those who voted in support of the Committee's recommendation on the Parel Road Scheme at last Thursday's meeting of the Corporation.

A correspondent reports the death of Mr. Vasanji Bhulabhai of Bhagda, Surat District. The late Mr. Vasanji was a self-made man who had built up an extensive trade in timber. He was an active member of the District Local Board and was a prominent figure in all public activities of the district.

INDIAN INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE.

PRELIMINERY MEETING IN BOMBAY.

A preliminary meeting of gentlemen interested in the work of the Indian Industrial Conference was held yesterday at the office of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau, Bank Street, Bombay, to consider what steps should be taken to hold the eleventh session of the Indian Industrial Conference at Bombay during Christmas week. The Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji presided.

The Chairman said they had met there to appoint a representative Reception Committee for carrying out necessary arrangements to hold the Industrial Conference at Bombay. The coming sessions of the Conference would have a special feature of its own inasmuch as it would have to deal with questions relating to the development of Indian industries in view of the situation created by the great crisis in Europe.

On the motion of the Hon. Mr. Lallubhoy Samaldas, a Reception Committee was appointed. Mr. Lallubhoy said the Committee consisted of gentlemen who were connected with various industries in the Bombay Presidency.

The meeting next discussed the question of appointing the Chairman of the Reception Committee. Several names were suggested and it was eventually decided to ask Sir Dorab Tata to accept the Chairmanship of the Reception Committee, and in the event of his declining to do so, to ask one of the following three gentlemen to accept the position: Mr. Narotam Morarji Gokuldas, Mr. J. B. Petit, and Mr. Purushotamdas Thakoredas.

Messrs. S. E. Warden, J. K. Mehta and Kasamaly Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy and Prof. Kanga were then appointed Secretaries.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

COMMERCIAL EXAMINATION RESULTS

The following candidates are declared to have passed the Commercial Examination of the National Union of Teachers, London, held in Bombay at the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy College of Commerce Centre, in April last.

BOOK-KEEPING.

Advanced First Class:—T. T. Dhruve, R. F. Taraporevala.

Advanced Second Class:—D. M. Bhabha, P. S. Bhanja, C. K. Bhesania, R. B. Chanduwadia, R. R. Hiramanek, H. N. Kharas, F. P. Kolah, K. P. Madon, R. M. Mody, E. M. Mullan, N. M. Nicholson, J. A. Sarkari, J. D. Daftary, R. P. Kothari, N. R. Sethna, D. D. Shroff, G. S. Umachgi, S. W. Dabholkar, A. S. Panvelkar, B. C. Surti, J. N. Thattee, N. N. Wadia, B. N. Barot, P. C. Cooper, G. D. Daftary, C. N. Desai, G. K. Jasaria, D. K. Kamtekar, M. A. Lal, D. L. Mehta, D. N. Mehta, V. H. Nagania, J. C. Nanporia, J. A. Parikh, M. A. Pistolwala, H. V. Valera, G. S. Deshpande, G. K. Mokashe, N. S. Gupte, D. D. Bardi, J. D. Karbhari, D. D. Mukadam, M. E. Pagdiwala, J. B. Readymoney, K. H. Sarkari, C. B. Taela, N. K. Umrigar, H. V. Harritt, J. D. Mistry, H. K. Nanda, G. V. Sirur, F. M. Choksey, H. D. Dhabhar, H. J. Malegamwala, A. P. Balsara, N. H. Battiwala, A. B. Choksey, D. C. Contractor, H. E. Cooper, J. P. Dubash, V. N. Gaitunde, D. N. Guard, T. S. Kolligal, K. J. Meherhomji, H. H. Mistry, H. P. Morris, S. V. Muzumdar, K. M. Rao, R. D. Salvi, H. L. Sopariwala, S. H. Sukhia, N. R. Udwadia, A. K. Vakil, M. P. Lele, J. H. Madon, H. A. Engineer.

Intermediate First Class Distinction:—B. F. Cama.

Intermediate First Class:—B. S. Madon, R. P. Patel.

Intermediate Second Class:—N. R. Kharas, S. F. Kotewal, D. M. Bharucha, S. P. Davar, N. K. Engineer, J. R. Madon, F. J. Polishwala, K. B. Balsara, D. D. Bardi, D. A. Doomasia, M. K. Irani, Merwan K. Irani, R. D. Kaka, F. M. Mehta, J. D. Motairam, J. P. Mullan S. P. Patel, P. A. Unwala, D. D. Khakhar, P. M. Batliwala, J. C. Commissariatwala, D. N. Dastur, F. C. Mistry, S. F. Parekh, S. A. Tanksalwala, S. A. Irani, N. H. Mirza, J. R. Mistry, C. N. Pavri, N. S. Rao, N. J. Roowala, M. B. Chinoy, S. R. Godiwala, M. R. Kakalia, D. J. Marolia, J. B. Shroff.

Elementary First Class:—C. M. Gotla, N. M. Gowadia, F. C. Ichhaporia, R. N. Kaka, D. D. Kerawala, D. R. Nanji, P. A. Sanjana, R. D. Shroff, S. H. Sui, N. D. Taraporewala, B. N. Zayker, H. R. Khambatta, S. B. Mehta, F. R. Mistry, J. R. Palkhiwala, F. B. Laskari.

Elementary Second Class:—K. R. Kapadia, R. N. Balsara, R. F. Doctor, R. S. Satha, K. S. Choksey, D. P. Khapoliwala, A. S. Avari, R. A. Balsara, D. M. Colabawala, F. A. Daji, S. C. Khapoliwala, F. N. Kirolwala, D. B. Mukati, A. D. Sukhla, S. S. Toddywala.

THEORY AND PRACTICE OF COMMERCE.

Advanced First Class:—S. M. Dalal.

Advanced Second Class:—C. K. Bhesania, R. B. Chanduwadia, K. P. Madon, R. M. Mody, A. D. Choksey, T. S. Kollegal, H. P. Morris, S. F. Pauwala, H. L. Sopariwala.

Intermediate First Class:—N. M. Nicholson.

Intermediate Second Class:—D. M. Bhabha, H. M. Kharas, S. F. Kotewal, J. A. Sarkari.

Elementary Second Class:—A. A. Cardoz.

COMMERCIAL LAW.

Advanced First Class Distinction:—C. K. Bhesania, S. M. Dalal.

Advanced First Class:—K. P. Madon, R. M. Mody, E. M. Mullan, J. P. Pardiwala.

Advanced Second Class:—R. B. Chanduwadia, H. M. Kharas, A. K. Vakil.

Preliminary First Class:—J. A. Sarkari.

COMMERCIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Intermediate Second Class:—L. M. Navalkar.

BANKING AND CURRENCY.

Advanced Second Class:—C. K. Bhesania, S. M. Dalal, H. M. Kharas, R. M. Mody, E. M. Mullan, J. P. Pardiwala.

SHORTHAND (SPEED).

Intermediate First Class Distinction:—Miss Quinie Doyle (80), B. F. Degamwala (60), S. M. Dalal (60), R. S. Fitter (60).

Intermediate First Class:—R. B. Chanduwadia (60), K. P. Madon (60), A. H. Devitre (80).

Intermediate Second Class:—D. M. Bhabha, P. S. Bhanja (60), A. E. Ghandi (80).

Elementary First Class Distinction:—(40) R. R. Hiramanek, R. M. Mody, M. B. Daruwala, J. A. Daji.

Elementary First Class:—C. K. Bhesania, E. M. Mullan, Mrs. Katheline M. Reynolds, F. N. Daruwala, N. K. Umrigar, N. J. Roowala.

Elementary Second Class:—(40), K. T. V. Iyer, Miss Una G. Mac Morris, Miss Gladys Vinifred Thomson, D. O. S. Xavier Vaz, S. P. Bhesania, C. H. Sanjana.

TYPEWRITING.

Intermediate Second Class:—Miss Una G. Mac Morris.

Elementary Second Class:—D. M. Bhabha, C. J. Shah, Miss Gladys Vinifred Thompson, D. B. Driver, M. B. Daruwala, M. B. Kandawala, D. D. Mukadam, M. B. Mistry, N. K. Umrigar.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Monday, the 2nd August, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's, Victoria and Alexandra docks.

IMPROVEMENT OF BOMBAY'S SLUMS.

MR. ORR'S LECTURE.

The necessity for cooperation between house owners and the Municipality and also amongst house owners themselves for the purpose of securing a material improvement of various slums in Bombay and for putting a check on the steady growth of new slums, was emphasized by Mr. J. P. Orr, in the course of a Paper read at a meeting of the Bombay Cooperative Housing Association held last evening in the office of the City Improvement Trust. Mr. Orr illustrated his observations by frequent references to models and plans of building estates to be found in the city. Mr. Orr stated that his Paper was intended to provide the Bombay public with food for reflection on the conditions of housing in Bombay and to make suggestions for improvements which might form a basis for public discussion and lead in time to desirable house reforms.

He had been offering these suggestions during the last few years and he had found that there was an increasing tendency to accept some of the reform sketched by him.

GROWTH OF SLUMS IN BOMBAY.

According to the statistics collected by the Municipal Engineer in 1914-15, the total floor area in newly completed buildings or additions to old buildings which could be called slums was 93,338 sy. yards. Now, of these 93,338 sy. yards, about one-third roughly was in the new buildings on the Improvement Trust estates and might be taken to be satisfactory from the sanitary point of view. The remainder over 6,000 sq. yards was in buildings outside the Improvement Trust. The Municipal Engineer was always complaining, said Mr. Orr, that he had to pass plans because they involved no breach of existing by-laws. The Engineer felt that they ought to be vetoed, because they tended to the creation of slums. Mr. Orr once asked him whether as many as half the cases he had to pass were seriously open to objection and he replied "nearer three-quarters" This showed that there should be no further procrastination about amending the Municipal by-laws.

Mr. Orr showed to the audience a few typical plans, which he got from the Municipal Office, showing some of the building proposals that had been recently sent in to the Municipality. In some of the cases there were rooms 35 ft. to 40 ft. deep, inadequately lighted from the narrow end of the street. The long sides had several doors in them and in some cases windows opening on the narrow foul gullies. It was probable, said Mr. Orr, that in course of time these rooms would be partitioned off into several rooms, all but one of which would be strictly unfit for human habitation. If the Corporation had taken into favourable consideration the proposal of the new roads, suggested by the Improvement Trust, the buildings which blocked the line of new roads could have been prohibited thus preventing the growth of slum areas.

A SHORT-SIGHTED POLICY.

"Every man for himself" was a bad and short-sighted policy. Such a policy created slums. The Corporation could do a great deal to avoid the future slums. The houses should be built with some regard to the convenience of the neighbours by cooperation, so that there might be light and ventilation for all.

Mr. Orr mentioned typical instances of slums growing on a recently developed estate to the west of Lamington Road and in Girgaum. There were many other such areas upon which slums were being created before their eyes under the existing by-laws and many more of such, said Mr. Orr, will be created if the Municipality did not amend their by-laws and let people know before hand that rooms newly constructed now would not necessarily be treated hereafter as fit for human habitation, just because they complied with the existing by-laws.

If the house-owners could not get the land-owner to agree to keep a sufficiently large open space free of the building, they should agitate for an amendment of the Municipal by-laws so that the land-owner might be compelled to do so. But as these house owners were themselves to blame for not leaving a sufficient open margin on their plots, they could not expect the Municipality to secure the open margin they required unless they themselves contribute towards the cost rateably to the betterment which their properties would secure thereby. This was an instance of what could be done by cooperation between individual house-owners and the Municipality. Mahim was cited by Mr. Orr as a case in point where newly built houses and roads were transformed into slums, owing to there being no plans, drains, etc. The building plans have not enforced these fully. This was due to the negligence of the Municipality. Here the houses were built without wide enough roads. If there were 40 feet broad roads, there would have been nothing to complain about them now and in the future.

BUILDING ON SMALL SITES.

Mr. Orr next observed that there was a danger in allowing owners of small sites to build over nearly the whole of those sites as they are allowed to-day, depending for light and ventilation on lands which are at present open but which may be built over any day. In Mr. Orr's opinion any site less than 220 sq. yards, in area should be classed as a site on which nothing more than a ground floor house can be erected, unless the permanent open space required by the 63½ ft. rules was provided on the site itself and not on adjacent sites.

CO-OPERATION BETWEEN NEIGHBOURS.

The co-operation between neighbours that was mainly wanted in comparatively open areas like Mahim was co-operation in the way of contribution of land towards feeder roads connecting the few existing main roads with back lying estates. It was only when the Municipality prohibited building away, as Mr. Harvey recommended in 1905, that the value of such co-operation would be recognised. The land owners would begin to see that it would pay them better to combine with their neighbours to construct feeder roads of their own than to wait for the Municipality already overburdened with the cost of improving existing roads, to construct new roads for the benefit of small owners at public expense. Mr. Orr emphasized that a demand for improved amenities in the way of roads and open spaces was a necessary preliminary to the supply of such amenities.

In conclusion Mr. Orr, said that he wished he could persuade all people who were looking for new sites, to refuse to take any except in estates protected against depreciation by development on the lines adopted by the Trust. He could then be more hopeful of co-operation between owners of adjoining buildings sites or estates and less apprehensive of the formation of slums in open areas in which he saw building operations were commencing.

A vote of thanks to Mr. Orr, proposed by Prof. O. V. Muller, brought the proceedings of the evening to a close.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

PLAYGROUND FOR CHILDREN.

An ordinary meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon, when Mr. J. P. Orr, the Chairman, presided.

The Board considered the following motion from Sir Bhalchandra Krishna:—"In the opinion of the Board it is desirable that an open space be reserved as a play ground for children of the neighbouring parts in Sandhurst Road."

The plot is near Charni Road.

It was resolved to ask the Chairman to submit proposals for allocation either temporarily or permanently of a couple of plots on the Sandhurst Road West Scheme for a play ground for children.

CONSECRATION OF BISHOP OF TINNEVELLY.

TO TAKE PLACE IN CALCUTTA IN NOVEMBER.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Aug. 2.

It is reported in the "Madras Diocesan Magazine" that the Bishop of Madras has heard from the Metropolitan that he has received intimation from the Archbishop of Canterbury that a commission for the consecration of Canon Waller as Bishop in Tinnevelly and Madura has been sent from England and may be expected in about a fortnight's time. The Metropolitan has also informed the Bishop that the consecration will take place in Calcutta about the end of November.

(Delayed in transmission.)

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA "B" TEAM V LUSITANIA S. C.

A cricket match between the above teams was played on Saturday on the Marine Lines ground and resulted in a win for the Lusitanian S. C. by 27 runs.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA. "B" TEAM.

Quinn 19, Hampton 3, Murray 1, Pope 5, Nicholson 4, Kennedy (Capt.) 0, Douglas 2, McNoughton 0, Rampton 0, Humpherry 0, Hogg 0, extras 4. Total 38.

LUSITANIAN S. C.

Nelson 18, J. Fernandes 1, Braganca 1, Freitas 3, D'Souza 10, Coutinho 6, Athaide 4, D'Costa (Capt.) 4, M Faria 8, T. Fernandes 1, R. V. Paes 6, extras 3. Total 65.

BARONET C.C. V. LORD NORTHBROOK C.C

The above Match was played on Sunday and resulted in a win for the former by 75 runs. The Scores:—

BARONET C. C.

K K Irani 41, N F Daver 15, J S Warden 38, M R Reporter 12, P J Chinoy 18, D M Raja not out 8, R N Divecha not out 6, P S Pochkanawalla 0, N M Mody, N M Mistry, and M E Pavri, did not bat, extras 4. Total 142.

LORD NORTHBROOKE C. C.

J C Machliwalla 3, K Umrigar 9, M Wadia 21, H Baria 31, E K Kharas 0, H Engineer 0, H Billimoria 0, F Cooper 0, B Daroowalla 0, M Dajee 0, P J Bhagevager not out 0, extras 3. Total 67.

THE TELAGU CRICKETERS V. NEW FRIENDS' C.C.

This game was played on the Esplanade ground on Sunday and resulted in a win for the Telagu Young Cricketers by 3 wickets and 75 runs. Scores—

TELAGU YOUNG CRICKETERS.

M G Khandre 2, Y S Kalewar (Capt.) 2, M S Satla 6, D L Pupala 37, K K Batolla 4, S C Lamge 49, V B Kale 26, D S Kalewar, not out 6, G K Kyassa not out 19, P M Salvi and B B Kaypell did not bat, extras 11. Total (for 7 wickets.) 162.

NEW FRIENDS C. C.

Gangnaik 0, Savant, B D 29, Dalvi, run out 6, Selar (Capt.) 6, Kamat 17, Rane H A 1, Tavde 9, Salunke 5, Thatre 6, Sathav 0, Chaprewala not out 3, extras 3. Total 87.

MOTOR LORRY FATALITY

VERDICT AT CORONER'S INQUEST.

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest, yesterday, touching the death of an ascetic boy, named Narayan Kunjlal, aged about 17. The evidence was to the effect that on Monday evening, the deceased and another ascetic boy, were going along Broach Street, when two motor lorries driven by Kaikhoshroe Shapurji and Mahomed Hussein Mahomed Ismail came up, and the one driven by Kaikhoshroe struck the deceased, killing him on the spot. It was further alleged that when first seen by a witness the other lorry was near the footpath and the one driven by Kaikhoshroe was behind it and both were going fast. The deceased was knocked down by the right hand side of this lorry, a wheel passing over him. The lorries were pulled up at a distance of some eight paces from the spot where the boy had fallen. Another witness said the lorries were travelling somewhat fast and the one which knocked the deceased down stopped at once. The other was pulled up a little further. The drivers themselves stopped and got down and saw the deceased. A third witness said the lorries were going side by side and were travelling fast but not very fast and he heard no warning given.

The jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by his having been knocked down by a motor lorry and added that they were of opinion that Kaikhoshroe Shapurji could not be exonerated from blame.

WAR ANNIVERSARY.

PUBLIC OFFICES TO BE CLOSED.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 3.

The following letter has been received by the Secretary of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce from the Lord Bishop's Chaplain:—

"I am directed by the Lord Bishop of Calcutta to inform you that he received a telegram yesterday from his Excellency the Viceroy saying that orders were being issued that Public Offices should be closed throughout India on the morning of August 4th, during such hours as will permit of employees therein attending Divine Service.

In communicating this information the Bishop desires me to say how glad he will be if your Association feels able to follow the lead given by his Excellency and give such leave to their employees as may enable them to attend the Divine Service.

The hour of this has not yet been fixed and it is probable that it will differ in the different churches to meet the needs of the various congregations but in any case the service will be quite short not exceeding three-quarters of an hour in the Cathedral. It is probable that the general service will be at 9-30, the Holy Communion being celebrated at an earlier hour."

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 3.

Religious services have been arranged for to-morrow's anniversary of declaration of War. Special prayers will be offered at Benares temples at the instance of the Hon. Babu Motichand.

BANGALORE, Aug. 3.

At to-morrow's public meeting, the Hon. Sir Hugh Daly, Resident, presides. The meeting takes place at Queen Victoria's statue 9-30 a.m.

Memorial services have been arranged for in all Churches.

PROGRAMME OF THE MADRAS MEETING

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Aug. 2.

The public meeting on Wednesday next the 4th instant is to be held at the Senate House and not in the grounds of the South Indian Athletic Association as previously arranged. This change of place is made, it is understood, in deference to the wishes of H. E. the Governor, who is to preside. The Prince of Arcot will propose that H. E. the Governor should take the chair and Mr. W. H. Thoger will second the proposal. The Hon. Sir C. Sankaran Nair will propose the following resolution, the only one to be moved:—

"On this anniversary of the declaration of a righteous war this meeting of the citizens of Madras records its inflexible determination to continue to a victorious end the struggle in the maintenance of those ideals of liberty and justice which are the common and sacred cause of the Allies."

The resolution will be seconded by Mr. Gordon Fraser and will be supported by the Maharajah of Bobbili, G.C.I.E., the Hon. Nawab Syed Mahomed, the Rev. E. M. Macphail, the Hon. Mr. T. Richmond and Mr. M. Devadoss.

CHURCH SERVICES AND CELEBRATIONS IN BOMBAY.

ST. THOMAS CATHEDRAL.

Services in the Cathedral:—6-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-15 a.m. Matins and War Litany; 7-45 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-0 p.m. Evensong; 6-30 p.m. Special Service of Intercession. At the 6-30 p.m. Service seats will be reserved by the desire of Government, for such Senior Naval and Military Officers and Civil Officials as may wish to attend.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

Service of Intercession—at 6-30 p.m: Collection for Belgian Relief Fund. The Scots Company of Volunteers will be represented at the Service by a party.

AMERICAN MARATHI MISSION CHURCH.

Hume Memorial Church, Byculla, 6-30 p.m. Service of Intercession.

CHRIST CHURCH (BYCULLA).

8 a.m., War Litany and Holy Communion; 8-45 p.m. Special Service of Prayer and Intercession for the British and their Allies, with "Miserere" and Hymns.

AMBROLI CHURCH.

The Rev. M. B. Nikambe will conduct a special service at the Ambroli Church, Girgaum Back Road, at 5.30 p.m., on which the Rev. R. Macomish and the Rev. J. McKenzie will also take part; and the offertory there will be given to the Belgian Relief Fund.

HINDU PRAYER MEETING AT JAVERBAUG.

A public meeting of the Hindu citizens of Bombay will be held at Javerbaug, Kalbadevi Road, between 8-30 and 10 a.m. (S.T.), when Harikirtan will be performed and prayers offered for success to British forces and their Allies. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna will preside.

UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

Special Service of Intercession in connection with the anniversary of the outbreak of war, at 6-30 p.m. The offering wil be for the War Relief Fund.

SPECIAL DIVINE SERVICE AT PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Sir Narayan Chandavarkar, the President of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj will conduct a Special Divine Service in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, at 6.30 p.m. when he will offer prayers for the success of the British arms and for peace, righteousness and humanity.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of this Association

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

LAST NIGHT OF CURRENT PROGRAMME

To-night is the last night of the excellent vaudeville and cinema programme now running at the Palace of Varieties (Gaiety Theatre). "Cinderella," the Potted Pantomime has proved a distinct success. "The Expert's Secret" is a powerful film drama which grips the attention of the audience from start to finish.

The Management announce another big attraction for the week commencing to-morrow, when the top of the bill will be a humorous quartette, the Rag Four, who will appear in an amusing and harmonious act. Miss Norah Moore, Miss M. de la Roche, Miss Beatrice Mercer, Leith Harvey and Steve Buckingham will contribute to the programme. The picture side of the programme will be strongly represented by "Fateful Likeness," a drama replete with thrilling incidents, "Max Linder," and other interesting films.

Prof. C. G. Bhanu, M.A., will conduct Divine Service to-day at 5.45 p.m. (S.T.) in the new premises of the Association, near Ganpati's Temple, opposite China Baug, Girgaum Back Road.

GRAIN MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

The members of this Association unanimously resolved to offer prayers to-day, being the recognised war anniversary day, for the speedy end of same with successful victory to the benign British arms and their Allies; and in honour have also resolved to close all business transactions.

THE ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM.

The Anjuman-i-Islam schools will be closed to-day on account of the war anniversary to enable the teachers and students to offer prayers for the success of Great Britain and her Allies.

THE ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.

A special meeting of the League will be held at 8.30 a.m. (S. T.), in New English School for the anniversary of the declaration of War, when Mr. S. K. Naique will occupy the chair.

GIRLS' SCHOOLS TO BE CLOSED.

The Girls' Schools of the Students' Literary and Scientific Society in Bombay are closed, to-day, to enable the girls to take part in the universal prayers for the success of the Allies in the present War.

THE PATHARE PRABHU COMMUNITY.

The members of the Pathare Prabhu community in Bombay have arranged to Hold a Hari Kirtan, at 6-30 p.m., at Zaoba's Ram Mandir, Thakurdwar, to-day, being the anniversary of the declaration of War.

MEETING AT COLABA COTTON GREEN.

At 5 p.m., yesterday afternoon, a meeting was held at Colaba, Mr. C. W. Bruel, of Messrs. Bruel and Co. presiding, of the Bombay Cotton Merchants and Mucadums, when it was unanimously resolved to suspend business to-day and pray for the success of the British arms.

HARI KIRTAN AT SANTA CRUZ.

All residents of Santa Cruz, will assemble this evening, at 6 p.m., (S. T.), at Sai Pradhan Baug to offer prayers to God and to listen to Hari Kirtan in intercession for the glorious termination of the War, which England was forced to enter upon in vindication of the right of liberty.

INTERCESSORY SERVICES'

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As there is a widespread desire to attend the special divine services arranged to be held by the different communities in Bombay on Wednesday evening it is but meet that the heads of offices and schools should give facilities to such persons by closing their establishments one hour earlier. The Madras Government has expressed a desire to give facilities to Government servants to attend such services.—Yours, etc.

R. S. NAVALKAR.

Bombay, Aug. 3.

A SUGGESTION.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Meetings for intercessory prayers of the different religious communities are to be held in Bombay, to-morrow. May I suggest that after the prayers are over the congregations may turn into secular meetings and adopt the Resolution approved for the whole Empire by Mr. Asquith and Mr. Bonar Law, as "India is still a part of the British Empire" and has a sincere desire to give emphatic expression to her "inflexible determination" to see the War to a successful conclusion for the Allies. I think the lead given by Lord Pentland for Madras in this matter might be usefully followed.—Yours, etc.,

G. K. GADGIL.

Bar Library, Aug. 3.

Mr. Izat, Assistant Secretary to the Railway Board, is about to join the Indian Army Reserve of Officers. His place will be taken up by Mr. Horn and Mr. Maffin will replace Mr. Horn as officer on special duty.

NOTICE TO POONA RESIDENTS.

THE POONA OFFICE of the BOMBAY CHRONICLE is at No. 1, Arsenal Road, (Treacher's Buildings.)

THE
KATNI CEMENT
&
INDUSTRIAL Co., Ltd.
Works: Katni, C.P.
Manufacturers of
"PEACOCK" Brand
INDIAN PORTLAND CEMENT.
Quality Guaranteed over British Standard Specification.
Send orders and enquiries to
AGENTS:
C. MACDONALD & Co.,
Cox's Buildings, Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

MODERN DENTISTRY.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN LATEST PAINLESS METHODS.
Consult:
Dr. T. E. CARR, D.D.S.,
Dental Surgeon,
107, Esplanade Road,
Fort, Bombay
Opposite Clock Tower.
PERMANENT HIGH CLASS WORK
At very Moderate Fees
PAINLESS EXTRACTIONS
Fillings: Artificial Teeth: Gold Crowns and Bridges:
(*Special Treatment of Pyorrhœa.*
Hours: 9 to 7, Sunday 10 to 12 noon.
FROM DATE
DR. CARR ATTENDS ALL PATIENTS PERSONALLY.

WROUGHT IRON WORKS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
FOR
Electrical and Automobile Engineers and Mechanics, House Owners and Building Contractors
Executed by Skilled and Experienced Staff
AT THE
ORIENTAL IRON WORKS,
KUMBHARWADA 6TH LANE,
GOLPITHA, BOMBAY No. 4.

CHERRY (Sakura) BRAND
PORTLAND CEMENT
Quality approved by Port Trust and other authorities in the East to be as good as any imported Cement. Barrel of 400 lbs. gross.
Sold by—
Messrs. A. Fazulbhai & Co. Hinganghat, C. P
A. H. Naser Ladiwala .. Duncan Road, Bombay.
Abdul Vahed Kumberali Bros. Nagdevi St.
Cooper & Co. .. Abdul Rehman Street.
Sha Dayabhai Ambalal..Mandvi, Bombay.
Ebrahim & Co...63, Main Street, Poona.
Sole Agent: **T. HARA,**
P. O. Box "B" 374, Bombay.

"VIRA" BELT LACING TOOL
For Special wire-laced Joints
Suitable for all types of machine belting.
A fully illustrated card sent on request, or the tool can be inspected at our premises.
Home Indent orders accepted by—
BOMBAY TRADING Co.,
Dada Building, Pydowrie, BOMBAY.

TABLE OF LEADING CONTENTS.

LEADING ARTICLES.	PAGE.
A Year of War	6
Progressive Mysore	6
NOTES OF THE DAY	6
FOREIGN NEWS.	
War Telegram	7
INDIAN TELEGRAMS	3, 4, 5, 7 & 8
BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL.	
Indian Industrial Conference	5
Improvement of Bombay's Slums	5
BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS	5
GENERAL NEWS.	
War Anniversary	5
Poona Day by Day	8
Lord Kitchener at Guildhall	10
A PAGE FOR THE HOME	11
LEGAL INTELLIGENCE	9
SPORTING NEWS	5
CORRESPONDENCE	4, 5 & 8
COMMERCIAL	4
SHIPPING	4
THE WEATHER	3
ILLUSTRATIONS	11

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, August 4, 1915.

A YEAR OF WAR.

To-day, sees the completion of a period of one year since Great Britain formally declared war on Germany on the latter's failure to comply with her ultimatum calling upon her to respect the neutrality of Belgium, which she was pledged by treaty to do. There is nothing that engenders so enormously the spirit of national optimism as the enthusiasm which marks the initiation of a great war, and few people foresaw when this great struggle began,—much as they may have realised that it must be one of great magnitude,—that it would reach its present dimensions, and not many anticipated that it would last even so long as it has. There was a general tendency, in spite of the warnings of farsighted statesmen and soldiers, such as Mr. Asquith and Lord Kitchener, to expect a short war. A hundred years had passed since Europe had witnessed any such struggle for supremacy as that provoked by the Prussian hegemonists. In the interval we had seen the short and sharp conflicts of the middle nineteenth century, which culminated in the brief and decisive war of 1870-71, and more recently the lesser, but equally rapid, conflicts of the Balkans and the Russo-Japanese war of 1905, which was terminated largely by the exhaustion of both parties. And a belief had grown up that wars running into years were impossible under modern conditions, with their infinitely more deadly weapons and greater financial strain. That was one factor in the making of the general optimism. But there was also, unfortunately, the profound ignorance of the general public and the inadequate information of the authorities of the nation, in regard to the immense preparations and the perfect organisation built up by Germany for the waging of this conflict. Germany was the only one of the belligerents that had any real justification for anticipating a short war, because she alone knew the enormity of her own military power and resources, and she also knew the corresponding weakness of her opponents. And until she was confronted with the startling fact of British intervention, she had good reason for the belief in her power first to crush France and then turn and rend Russia with the whole of her strength. It was British intervention which shattered this dream. And the anniversary, which we celebrate to-day, is therefore not merely the mournful anniversary of the commencement of a struggle the end of which is not yet in sight. It is first and foremost the anniversary of the striking of the first death-blow at the attempt to establish the complete Prussian hegemony in Europe.

Germany, however, based her anticipations on purely material grounds. She forgot to allow for the moral factor. She failed to count on the fact that nations sometimes consider something more than their immediate material interests, and that the most elaborate organisation for war and the most careful anticipation of the unreadiness of your opponents may be foiled by the spirit which animates them. That spirit of determination to foil and ultimately crush Prussian militarism, which now animates four of the great Powers of Europe, told when the first Prussian onslaught was arrested. It is telling now in the gathering strength of the Allies, the forces which they are accumulating and which will be hurled at the Teutonic Powers, when their own exhaustion will have begun. And it is telling in the heroic valour with which the German hordes on the Russian frontier are being kept at bay, and the grim determination which is holding the line from the sea to Switzerland. Whether we are pessimists or optimists in regard to the war, we cannot avoid the realisation of the inevitable. The nation which has organised itself to the last man and in every industry and phase of its life for a great war, and prosecutes that war with the reckless expenditure of its resources that has marked the conduct of the German campaign during the last year, if it cannot achieve victory at the time of its maximum capacity,—which Germany and Austria have now reached or passed,—must go to the wall, if its opponents who have been able to hold out during all that time, have the strength and the means, behind their resistance, to accumulate resources which will make them ultimately infinitely more powerful. And that is the case with Germany and her allies as against Great Britain and her allies. France alone, perhaps, could not have withstood for so long the German onslaught. As in 1871 she might have been crushed before she had time to organise and utilise her latent resources. Russia would not have had the means or the power alone to equip her vast reserves of splendid manhood. Great Britain, had she gone to war with Germany alone, would have had to pass through a prolonged and dreary period of a sea blockade, while German supplies were continually being reinforced by land communications. That might have lasted for years. Italy would have had an almost impossible task to resist a Teutonic invasion on her difficult frontiers.

Fortunately Germany and Austria have had to combat a union of the forces of the countries they had plotted to defeat in detail, and whether they succeed in keeping the struggle alive for another six months, a year or two years, their doom is inevitable. We can be pessimistic or optimistic, but after all we have to remember that Germany and Austria have been foiled in everything they set out to accomplish—unless it be the mean and pitiful plan to drag in Turkey. And what lies before them? Presently the armies of the Allies in East and West will be provided with ample supplies of the heavy shell and other munitions and equipment for which they are waiting, and, reinforced by the new armies that have been in the making in Britain, France and Russia they will be able to turn the balance with preponderating strength. We do not know where the million and a half or two million highly trained men now in England will be thrown. But wherever it may be, they represent a factor, which together with the reserves that Russia has in being and the numbers that France has yet to put in the firing line, that will be brought to bear with crushing effect on Germany's exhausted strength. And, in the meanwhile, Italy is battering with insistent force at the Alpine gates of Austria. What a small thing the evacuation of Warsaw seems in the face of all this! What a short-lived triumph! One can afford almost to pity the deluded people in Germany who will be encouraged to base upon this momentary success hopes of a triumphant peace.

PROGRESSIVE MYSORE.

Those who followed closely the account of the proceedings of the Mysore Legislative Council during last week will have no doubt as to the satisfactory pace at which things are moving in that progressive State. And the most welcome feature of the proceedings was the opportunity offered to members to criticise the Budget, as much as the keen interest which they displayed in discharging their trust. The speech which Sir Visvesvraya, the Dewan, made in winding up the debate on the Budget admirably summarises the administrative and other activities of the State and gives a hopeful forecast of the results which the enlightened policy followed is likely to bear in the future. A hopeful feature of his speech was the success with which he dispelled the gloomy view of the condition of the State finances taken by some members of the Council. He pointed out that the State's financial position was now stronger than it ever was in its history. This satisfactory state of things is apparent from the fact that, while the cash balance between 1904 and 1909 ranged from Rs. 43 to 86 lakhs, it now amounts to over Rs. 160 lakhs—excluding the sum of over rupees two crores remaining with the State in the shape of investments from the public and otherwise. What was, therefore, required was that the credit of the State should be maintained at a high level. This, the Dewan rightly urged, should be done not "by resorting to the primitive method of hoarding, but by judicious investments, by borrowing for productive purposes, by a scrupulous discharge of all our financial obligations, and by taking steps to see that large sums of money are kept in circulation in the country."

And what marks this State from many others in the country and, in some ways, from British India, is the anxiety it displays in utilizing its resources in directions really beneficial to the people. Apart from creating new assets in the shape of Irrigation and Electricity Works and Railways,—which will add permanently to the wealth of the people and the future non-tax revenues of the State,—the Government is pursuing a vigorous policy with regard to the spread of education, which is apparent from the fact that the State's expenditure on education has practically doubled within the past few years. Small sums are also being spent on various improvements in rural areas, especially in the matter of water-supply and tank-improvement. Nor is some amount of expenditure grudged in developing industries and trade. Increase of expenditure usually means increase of activities, increase of production and increase of earning power. In support of this view and in reply to the complaints of some members the Dewan quoted some figures which are instructive:—

> If you study the figures of foreign countries you will see that in the United Kingdom the public expenditure has gone up in the past 20 years by 140 per cent.; in that unfortunate country, Belgium, it has gone up by 120 per cent.; in the colony of Canada by 300 per cent.; in Japan by as much as 660 per cent. whereas during the same period the increase of expenditure in Mysore has been only 60 per cent.

The concluding portion of the Dewan's speech also deserves to be studied, serving as it does to vindicate the progressive policy followed by the State.

> To my mind if there is to be any criticism, you must blame us for going slow. We have advocated increased expenditure, of course, on the assumption that we shall have a vigilant Government to supervise the expenditure and an appreciative public anxious to profit by the opportunities placed before them. The increased taxation and expenditure would become a burden and a calamity if the Government lacked business capacity and people lacked business activities. The situation is being very closely watched. If in four or five years it is found that the people are apathetic and indifferent to the opportunities placed before them by his Highness's Government, we will at once reduce expenditure. As has been pointed out to you by the Financial Secretary, we have kept a large portion of our development expenditure on a temporary basis with this object. But the Government have faith in the people. We must develop our organisation. The progress depends on our making effective arrangements, so that every individual citizen, whether official or non-official, does what he can to improve himself and those who come under his influence and co-operate in the country's progress by contributing his share of duty and self-sacrifice. I earnestly hope that such co-operation from all ranks of the people and all communities may be forthcoming in an ever increasing degree in future.

The only comment to these wise words that we need offer is this: The State is pursuing a policy of trust as far as the people are concerned. It must therefore recognise that it is bound by it, and that in future progress, not stagnation, must be, as it has been, its motto! That the people shall not be apathetic and indifferent depends on the State itself—on the manner in which it tries to bring home to them the advantages of the opportunities for progress placed before them.

Notes of the Day.

The Withdrawal from Poland.

Warsaw apparently has not gone yet. At least up to Monday evening the Russians were still dealing effective blows at the enemy. But it seems clear that the general retirement is now in progress, and the activity of the Russian armies in counter-attacks is merely characteristic of the method of their withdrawal. They are repeating the masterly tactics of the Galician retirement and, as a semi-official statement issued in Petrograd says, "the fact that the enemy is not obstructing the withdrawal shows how his strength is being reduced to impotence through exhaustion." The statement claims that the initiative remains with the Russians. That, perhaps, is a pardonable exaggeration in terms but it is true in a sense, since the Russians are retiring at their own will and leisure and covering their retirement by a series of counter-attacks. Tactically the initiative may be theirs. But strategically, of course, there is no such thing as retaining the initiative in retirement. What is most satisfactory is the fine spirit of the Russian Army and the spirit of the leaders of the nation, as evidenced by the discussion in the Duma.

The Parel Road Scheme.

We trust that Lord Willingdon's Government will give their careful and immediate attention to the two points urged in Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla's letter regarding the Improvement Trust Parel Scheme, which we published on Monday. The character of the voting on the measure at the last meeting of the Corporation, when 29 representatives of the ratepayers out of the 30 present voting against the Trust Scheme, showed conclusively that the feeling of the citizens of Bombay on the subject is unanimous. And Sir Ibrahim naturally asks, if in the face of this unanimous feeling, the Government of Bombay, now happily under a sympathetic and open-minded Governor, in whom the final decision rests under the Act, will ride roughshod over public opinion to support, what amounts to the views of one official. Even more insistent is the need for the intervention of Government at a time like this when, as Sir Ibrahim pointed out, economy is preached and practised everywhere and when Indians are appealed to studiously to avoid the discussion of all controversial questions and have loyally conformed to that appeal. Under the circumstances, the least that the Government can rightly be asked to do,—if they are really anxious to dispel the impression of their partiality,—is to see that this appeal is made binding upon the official majority of the Board of the Improvement Trust.

Impure Milk.

Now that the question of milk adulteration is to the fore it is important to draw attention to the fact that danger does not exist alone in dirty milk, but in the use of chemical preservatives, which is extensively practised. When milk is merely diluted with ordinary tap water, apart from the fraud perpetrated by the vendor, no positive harm can result, and it only remains for the Police to step in and see that punishment is meted out to the offenders, sufficiently deterrent to suppress the evil. But a good deal of milk is brought into Bombay from the outlying districts, so treated with deleterious so-called preservatives as to make it a source of positive danger to weak intestines, and even injurious to those whose internal organs are normally constituted. This latter branch of the investigation should be rigorously exploited by the Health Officer and his assistants, as qualitative analysis may possibly not come within the prescribed qualifications of the average Police official. The opinion is gaining ground that a great number of intestinal disorders, as well as disorders of the throat and the nasal organs, which prevail especially in the hot weather, are attributable to the injudicious use of chemical preservatives, indiscriminately used by inexperienced or ignorant people. We trust that this aspect of the question will receive due attention when samples of suspicious milk are being examined.

Adulteration of Food.

Last week in commenting on Sir Fazulbhoy's resolution in the Corporation we referred to the urgent need of an efficient Act to prevent the adulteration of food. It is satisfactory to learn from a Simla telegram that the question of dealing with the growing evil of adulteration of food and drugs, long under the consideration of the Government, has now emerged from that stage and definite proposals will be formulated by the end of the Simla Session. It appears that, while sanitary experts as well as Local Governments are agreed as to the urgency of the need for legislation, there is a difference of opinion as to whether it should take the form of an All-India Act. In view of the fact that the evils are not peculiar to any particular province, the view of Surgeon-General Bannerman that an All-India Act would be preferable, provided elasticity is permitted to Local Governments to adapt it to local conditions, is undoubtedly a sound one. In any case whatever decision the Government of India arrive at regarding the aspect of the question, it is imperative that the matter should be expedited.

Anglo-Indians and the War.

"The Englishman" tells a remarkable story of the distinction won by a representative of a well-known Anglo-Indian family in the matter of the provision of explosives for the Allies. Captain Frank Trelawney, is a son of Mr. Trelawney, the old P. & O. Agent, Calcutta. This officer was formerly a purser in the P. & O. service, but afterwards became a director in a French company for the manufacture of explosives, and, in particular, the exploitation of a certain high explosive. The Company had a factory in Belgium, destroyed by the Germans at an early stage in the war, and one in Canada, now taken over by the Canadian Government. On the outbreak of war Mr. Trelawney offered his services to the authorities as an expert; but the War Office oddly enough asked him, a thorough Cornishman, to take a captaincy in the Royal Scots at Weymouth. He was appointed to the 14th battalion, which seemed to have little chance of being sent to the Front for a long time. After he had been on regimental duty some six months, the late Colonel D. M. Lumsden brought his qualifications to the notice of the War Office, and of Lord Moulton's Committee on Explosives. He was thus able to bring to notice the merits of the explosive he knew best. He was sent to the Front to make tests, and found the explosive then in use by the artillery was not so good as the one he had introduced. The test showed the superior merits of the latter, and large quantities have been ordered by the War Office. Captain Trelawney is now serving on the staff of the Minister of Munitions, and has thus found the niche which he ought to have filled months ago. It may be mentioned that another member of Mr. Lloyd George's staff is Mr. W. H. Beveridge, son of Mr. W. H. Beveridge, the Orientalist and former member of the Bengal Civil Service.

A Remount Scandal.

From time immemorial the devious methods employed by some war contractors, when entrusted with work for the defence of the country, have been the subject of many unpleasant scandals at the conclusion of various campaigns. And it seems to be incredible, that effectual measures cannot be introduced to mitigate, at least the bare-faced rougery which each successive war discloses. It may be possible to circumvent the machinations of the scoundrel who sells the Army bad meat, or uniforms and boots which fall to pieces at the slightest provocation. But when the swindle is extended to the domains of the Army remount, the fraud becomes a little too deep-seated to be readily exposed. We have heard that the remounts shipped from Australia to the Depôt at Cairo are turning out very badly. A heavy percentage of the animals, which have been arriving at this centre, are mares in foal. Others are under four years, and hence practically useless for fighting purposes. Many have been found to be spavined, blind and ultra long in the tooth.

Only 25 per cent. Fit.

The veterinary officer in charge of the Depôt examines about 4,000 horses daily, and gives it as his opinion that only 25 per cent. of them were ever fit to leave Australia, adding, that it is not that a sufficiency of good animals are unobtainable there, but there is something wrong with the "buying." About 30,000 horses have been sent to Egypt from Australia, and, if the veterinary officer's estimate is anything like correct, approximately 22,500 must be of inferior quality. Government are paying liberally for a good serviceable article which is likely to turn out useless, and the unfortunate soldier to whom it is allotted has his life imperilled, as surely as if he were equipped with a defective rifle. The fraud is not easy to detect or bring home to the contractor, because once the horse passes a veterinary officer he is relieved of all liabilities, and it is difficult, therefore, to throw the onus on to anyone, unless it be the Veterinary Department, whose representative might be too incapable or indolent to do any better. It is to be hoped the Cairo report is exaggerated, otherwise it reveals a state of affairs which adds yet another scandal, in an unexpected region, to the many which are constantly coming to light.

Official and Personal.

Sir Hugh Daly returned from Ootacamund on Wednesday.

Mr. Kemp, Assistant Superintendent, officiates as Superintendent, Indian Museum vice Dr. Annandale proceeding on six months' leave.

Sir Aurel Stein, who has been doing extensive exploration work in Central India, may be expected to return by the end of the year or early in 1916. He will then undertake the classification of exhibits and the question of their distribution is now before the Government of India.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

WARSAW POSITION UNCHANGED.

RUSSIAN FRONT UNSHAKEN.

BRITISH SUBMARINES' ACHIEVEMENTS.

ITALIANS' BRILLIANT FEAT.

A Petrograd communiqué records fierce fighting on the whole front from Courland to south of the town of Cholm, the Russians inflicting heavy losses in many bayonet counter-attacks.

A semi-official statement says that the Russian front generally is unshaken but there are deep reasons demanding withdrawal from the advanced Polish theatre. The initative remains on the Russian side.

A German communiqué states the situation round Warsaw is unchanged, and the Russians are still engaging General Mackensen's Army.

The Tsar has ordered the Cabinet to prepare bills granting Poland absolute autonomy.

A British submarine sank a German destroyer off the German coast on July 27.

It is officially announced that a British submarine has sunk a large German transport in the Baltic.

A Rome message says the Italians are fighting magnificently on the whole front. There are indications of a bold and skilful operation in Carnia, which has so far resulted in Italian infantry capturing the Austrian positions at Forcella. Italy's important offensive on the Carso plateau, threatening Trieste, also continues successfully.

The Italians have captured Mount Medetta in the Carnia district and repulsed a furious attack on Mount Seibusi on Carso.

The conquest of Mount Medetta was a brilliant affair, and it was only after overcoming repeated assaults by the enemy reinforced, that the summit was definitely captured.

The use of burning liquid at Hooge is described by Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters. The British sentries suddenly saw spurts of flame leaping towards them, under cover of which German infantry charged and succeeded in forcing an entry into the trench. A counter-attack, however, succeeded in regaining most of the lost ground.

WARSAW STILL HOLDING OUT.

BRITISH SUBMARINES' SPLENDID ACHIEVEMENTS.

FIGHTING ROUND WARSAW.

DESPERATE TWO DAYS' BATTLE.

FURIOUS STRUGGLES ON THE NAREW.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

PETROGRAD, Aug. 2.

The communiqué records fierce fighting on the whole front from Courland to south of the town of Cholm, the Russians inflicting heavy losses in many bayonet counter-attacks.

After a desperate battle lasting two days the German succeeded in crossing the river Aa, in Courland, near Bausk, south-east of Mitau, while further south, on the Ponievesz road half-way between Mitau and Kovno, the Russians overthrew an advancing German column, took several hundred prisoners and captured trenches full of the enemy dead.

Furious attacks enabled the Germans to cross the Narew north-east of Warsaw, but vigorous Russian bayonet counter-attacks drove them back into the bed of the river. The enemy in this sector largely used asphyxiating gases, but made little progress thereby, losing thousands of prisoners and a whole battery of guns.

There was also a fierce, fluctuating battle south-east of Warsaw on Saturday, while between Cholm and the river Bug the Russians, after desperate fighting, retired under the pressure of a more numerous enemy.

GRAND DUKE'S FAR-SIGHTED STRATEGY.

AN ORDERLY RETIREMENT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WARSERVICE)

LONDON, Aug. 2.

All accounts agree about the deliberation of the Russian withdrawal and the gravity of the losses inflicted on the enemy by the Russians, whose use of the bayonet is most effective. The attacks on both sides often coincide.

That the retirement is not begotten of panic, but is the result of far-sighted strategy is apparent from the comments in the German papers which grudgingly admit that the Grand Duke has done much more than they expected.

RUSSIAN FRONT UNSHAKEN.

A semi-official statement issued in Petrograd says:—

"The Russian front generally is unshaken, but there are deep reasons demanding our withdrawal from the advanced Polish theatre. The abandonment of the territory will not be prolonged. The fact that the enemy is not obstructing the withdrawal shows how his strength is being reduced to impotence through exhaustion. The initiative remains on our side."

STALENESS OF MACKENSEN'S BEST TROOPS

Unofficial accounts ascribe the staleness of General Mackensen's best troops, who are unable to harass the retiring Russians, to General Mackensen's pitiless pressure, sending them forward in light order with only reserve rations, and allowing them little sleep.

What the Russians had to confront last month is evident from the fact that the Germans had three hundred machine guns per thousand men. When the Russians drove the Germans from the third and fourth lines of trenches, they found another army with field guns, besides hundreds of guns concealed in trees.

ABSOLUTE AUTONOMY FOR POLAND.

REGENERATION IN UNION WITH RUSSIA.

PETROGRAD, August 2.

In the Duma M. Goremykin, the Premier, mentioned that the Tsar had ordered the Cabinet to prepare Bills granting Poland absolute autonomy.

General Polivanoff, the Minister of War, said the example of France and England, which were manufacturing munitions with enormous success, must be imitated by Russia. Russia would, to-day, perhaps abandon Warsaw as she had Moscow in 1812, to ensure the final victory. He emphasised that Russia's economic position was in no wise shaken. Good harvest would enable her to prosecute the war for years.

UNEXAMPLED VALOUR OF ALLIES.

M. Sazonoff, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, paid a tribute to Italy, and hoped that Neutrals still hesitating would soon decide upon the only course which would settle their national problems.

He acknowledged the correct attitude of Sweden.

He also referred to the growing disgust of the Americans at the monstrous German methods, culminating in the cruel and absurd destruction of the Lusitania which was an ineffaceable blot on Germany.

He praised the unexampled valour of the Allies in the Gallipoli Peninsula, which brought nearer the moment for a closer union between Russia and the Allies.

The Ministers then left the Duma and went to the Council of the Empire, where the speakers of all Parties expressed sympathy with the Poles, and welcomed the Government's declaration regarding the autonomy of Poland.

The Polish leader M. Veliopolsky, in a thrilling speech, said:—

"The enemy is at the gates of our Capital, and our villages are reduced to ashes. Yet, at this historic time, we declare that the path we chose does not depend on the hazards of war. We hope, with the help of God, that Poland will be regenerated in union with Russia, under the sceptre of our Monarch."

The Council passed a Resolution that "Immense Russia will find strength with which to destroy our enemies, who are attacking the liberty of nations."

GERMAN DESTROYER SUNK.

BRITISH SUBMARINE'S EXPLOIT.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS)

LONDON, Aug. 2.

The Admiralty announces that a British submarine sank a German destroyer off the German coast on July 27. The destroyer was apparently of the G196 class.

BRITISH SUBMARINE IN BALTIC.

LARGE GERMAN TRANSPORT SUNK

PETROGRAD, Aug. 3.

It is officially announced that a British submarine has sunk a large German transport in the Baltic.

SPLENDID PERFORMANCES IN SEA OF MARMORA.

TROOP TRAIN HELD UP.

LONDON, Aug. 2.

The laconic announcement of the British Admiralty regarding the exploits of a submarine in the Sea of Marmora reveals its splendid performances, since all the places mentioned are in the vicinity of Constantinople. The bombardment of the railway blocked a troop train which was shelled as it retired. The powder mills on the outskirts of Constantinople were also shelled.

REINFORCEMENTS FROM FRANCE.

THE COST OF EACH RUSSIAN SUCCESS

LONDON, Aug. 2.

A semi-official message issued in Petrograd says that the despatch of large German reinforcements from France to the Russian front began in the fourth week in July, when General Mackensen's army was seriously hustled and when the battle on the Narew became protracted.

The message says that each Russian success compels the enemy to withdraw fresh forces from the West. This fact creates favourable conditions for active operations by our Allies.

SITUATION UNCHANGED.

GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, Aug. 2, 7.10 p.m.

A German communiqué says the situation before Warsaw is unchanged and that the Russians are still engaging General Mackensen's Army.

AUSTRIAN REVIEW OF THE FIGHTING.

LONDON, Aug. 2.

An Austrian communiqué dwells on the strong Russian counter-attacks south-east of Warsaw. It says that while the Russians east of the Vistula and near Lublin are still resisting, they have begun to retire further east towards the Bug.

ITALIANS FIGHTING MAGNIFICENTLY:

SKILFUL OPERATION IN CARNIA.

TRIESTE SUCCESSFULLY THREATENED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Aug. 2.

Italians are fighting magnificently on the whole front.

The Austrians in the Trentino region with great forces again attacked Cosabello which the Italians had captured. Columns of the enemy, although supported by artillery strongly posted, were completely defeated.

A communiqué indicates a bold and skilful operation in Carnia. The Italian infantry made a feint against the enemy's flank and then suddenly the Italians made a frontal attack under cover of accurate and effective fire of heavy guns which wrecked the enemy's trenches and then, lengthening the range, prvented the arrival of Austrian reinforcements. The infantry took the Austrian positions at Forcella and pursued the enemy with the bayonet, capturing many prisoners.

Italy's important offensive on Carso threatening Trieste also continues successfully. The Austrians made a vigorous night counter-attack, but completely failed with heavy losses. A large enemy column was seen moving and was caught by Italian heavy guns and dispersed with evidently grave casualties. The Italians here took 358 prisoners, including fourteen officers.

CONQUEST OF MOUNT MEDETTA.

ITALIANS' BRILLIANT FEAT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WARSERVICE)

ROME, Aug. 3.

The Italians in the Carnia Valleys recently renewed the furious cannonade, aiming at the demolition of the barrier forts of Upper Cordevole, Boite, Landroe and Sexten.

The conquest of Mount Medetta was a brilliant feat. The enemy had strongly fortified the summit and were supported by guns mounted on the adjacent heights and the only practicable access to the summit was a precipitous gully.

The battle was protracted and fluctuating, but finally the bravery and boldness of the Alpinists dislodged the enemy, who, however would not acknowledge defeat but, reinforced, returned to the assault repeatedly and not till evening was the summit definitely in possession of the Italians.

CRACK AUSTRIAN REGIMENT ANNIHILATED.

A desperate attempt of the Austrians, who employed crack troops, to recover the important Monte Seibusi failed completely The enemy all Friday night made feint attacks, hoping to divert the attention of the Italians, and then at dawn on Saturday great forces delivered a furious onslaught on the mountain. Italian fire mowed down the attacking lines and then the infantry emerged from trenches and fell on the assailants on front and on flank, driving them back in complete disorder. Prisoners stated that a regiment of the Emperor's Jaeger which had recently arrived at the front was practically annihilated.

ACTIVITY OF ITALIAN SEAPLANES.

Italian seaplanes dropped bombs on Riva on Saturday and heavy guns bombarded the station of Roverto, where there were trains full of troops.

SUCCESS IN CARNIA DISTRICT.

ROME, Aug. 3.

The communiqué says:—The Italians in the Carnia district have captured Mount Medetta, northeast of Cima Cuestaltra. They have also repulsed a furious attack on Monte Seibusi on Carso, taking a hundred and fifty prisoners.

ITALIAN CAPTURES ON ISONZO FRONT.

ROME, Aug. 2.

The Italians have already captured 380 officers and 17,000 men on the Isonzo front.

FRENCH DECORATION TO CANADIAN PREMIER.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

LAHORE, Aug. 3.

A "C. and M. Gazette" cable says:—President Poincare has conferred upon Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada, the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honour.

GERMANS' DASTARDLY METHODS.

SCREENS OF BURNING LIQUIDS.

COUNTER-ATTACK REGAINS LOST TRENCHES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WARSERVICE)

LONDON, Aug. 2.

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters describes the use by Germans of burning liquid at Hooge. There were also three attacks on the British positions southward of Hooge. All were repulsed.

The German attack just before dawn was preceded by a heavy bombardment with guns of all calibres and also by a mine-thrower of unusual size.

Then German engineers turned the taps of the cylinders and launched a sheet of burning liquid against our parapet, German infantry charged under cover of the screen of flame and succeeded in forcing an entry into the trench. The breach was subsequently extended by bombing.

The scene of that grim struggle in semi-darkness is hard to picture. The attack surprised the British. Our sentries suddenly saw spurts of flame leaping towards them. The British were forced to give ground before such dastardly methods but the second line could not be shaken.

The British organised a counter-attack from the south and regained part of the lost trenches.

TRENCHES LOST AND REGAINED.

ACTIONS IN THE VOSGES FRONT.

PARIS, Aug. 3.

The communiqué records sharp infantry actions in Argonne. The Germans early on Monday morning captured a trench which a counter-attack partially retook.

Subsequently the Germans using burning liquids violently attacked trenches in the district of Marie Therese and gained a footing in one, but a counter-attack recovered the bulk of the lost ground.

A series of actions on the Vosges front in the hills recently conquered by us resulted in the capture of several German trenches and fifty prisoners.

FRENCH GRES NORTH OF ARRAS.

ENEMY'S FUTILE ATTACKS ON THE MEUSE,

PARIS, Aug. 2.

The communiqué says:—Vigorous infantry engagements occurred last night The French made progress northward of Arras and a grenade battle continued at Souches.

The Germans three times attacked the heights of the Meuse, but were repulsed by infantry and artillery fire.

The Germans bombarded with incendiary shells Pont-a-Mousson and two villages.

FEELING IN AMERICA.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WARSERVICE)

LONDON, Aug. 2.

The American papers publish articles on the anniversary of the outbreak of the war. They recognise that victory for Germany would mean that the United States, as representatives of freedom of government, would have to confront her.

The "New York World" pays a tribute to the British Navy, saying but for it Germany would now be master of the world.

The "New York Times" says Germany's material losses in the war are nothing compared with her moral losses. She is now without a friend in the world. Hohenzollern Germany is damned for ever.

GERMANY'S FOOD PROBLEM.

30 MILLIONS DEPENDENT ON GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, Aug. 2.

In the course of the proceedings in the Prize Court to-day, an affidavit by Major Dillon, of the War Office, was produced, indicating that the number of people receiving supplies of food from the German Government was, four millions serving on the two fronts, three quarters of a million training, two million casualties, half a million employed on railways, three-quarters of a million at Krupp's and two millions in mines and factories. Total ten millions. Thus with the moderate average of two dependents each, thirty millions are dependent on Government for rations.

GERMAN BARBARISM.

UNARMED PRISONERS KILLED.

HOSPITAL SET ON FIRE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WARSERVICE)

PARIS, August 3.

A report issued by the French Foreign Office deals exhaustively with German acts of treachery and barbarism against combatants, based on the evidence of victims and German prisoners.

The report states that the Germans frequently used their prisoners, besides civilians, as shields against firing, that they killed unarmed prisoners and murdered the wounded with bayonets and the butt-ends of rifles on the field, often stripping them of their uniforms and valuables, and that they fired upon surgeons, nurses and stretcher-bearers.

In one instance Dr. Sedillot, after a battle, installed a French hospital in some houses and a barn. The Germans next morning invaded the village. An officer rushed into the hospital and shot at and wounded Dr. Sedillot, and a scene of carnage ensued.

The Germans, under orders, set fire to the buildings, compelling the attendants who had escaped bullets and were lying on the floor feigning death, to run into the furnace, pushing them into the flames with bayonets, while they brought hay to maintain the fire. Between sixty and eighty wounded were inside the hospital. Some were unable to walk, but some jumped from the windows and were immediately shot, the Germans meanwhile jeering. Dr. Sedillot was throughout a spectator. He escaped by jumping out of a window. He broke a leg but crawled into a cellar, where he was captured next day. He was imprisoned from September to March, when he was sent to France disabled. Dr. Sedillot was convinced that over a hundred wounded soldiers were despatched on the above occasion.

Other French soldier witnesses declare that on other occasions they saw the wounded piled on haystacks and burned to death.

MORE PIRACY.

TWO BRITISH STEAMERS SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 2.

The steamer Benvorlich has been sunk. Sixteen of the crew have been landed. The captain and remainder of the crew left the vessel, in another boat.

The steamer Clintonia has been sunk. Fifty-four were saved and eleven lost.

SINKING OF CLINTONIA.

SURVIVORS' ACCOUNT.

PARIS, Aug. 2.

The survivors of the Clintonia state that one was killed and fifteen wounded. The boats were lowered as speedily as possible, and those injured were placed on board and rowed off in haste, but the Clintonia is sinking dragged down a boat with ten on board. Others rowed till they met three French trawlers sent to the rescue by the French Admiral. Seven men are being treated in the French naval hospital. One has been trepanned. Others have been sent to England. Fifty-four were saved and eleven perished

VICEROY'S WAR NEWS.

SITUATION IN THE EAST.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, August 3.

The Viceroy's war telegram from the Secretary of State, dated 2nd August, says:—

The Austro-German offensive has made further progress across the Vistula and the Cholm-Lublin Railway. The Russian communique says in the Baltic Provinces the Germans after a desperate engagement established themselves on the right bank of the River Bausk, forty miles due south of Riga. On the Narew front the enemy gained a footing on the east bank near the mouth of the Sakwa but was repulsed and driven back towards the river bed, further south. On the east bank of the Rogan the enemy delivered the offensive with considerable force and a very desperate battle ensued.

The enemy is making large use of asphyxiating gases. After numerous bayonet charges the enemy made a little progress near Kaminka. There was firing to the left of the Vistula on the Blonie-Nadarzyn front, west of Warsaw.

A Russian report says east of the Vistula the Russians fought the Germans who had crossed north-west of Ivangorod, in battle, in which both sides alternatively were agressors.

A German report mentions the German capture of the heights near Padzamce four miles east of the river. The Russians state that they have evacuated Lublin and the railway line between the stations Novaia-Alexandria and Reiovitz.

A German communique, dated 1st August, says the Germans have already passed through Cholm in pursuit of the enemy.

PUBLIC SERVICES COMMISSION.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

MADRAS, August 3.

With reference to the statement that the report of the Public Services Commission is about to be signed in London, "New India" says that it learns on good authority that the report is not what it ought to be.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

ENTERTAINMENT TO SIR RICHARD LAMB.

(From our Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 3.

The Honorary Magistrates of Poona Benches gave a Pan Supari party to the Hon. Sir Richard Lamb, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., Member of Council, on the 31st ultimo, at Kaluram Bhau Mansaram's Wada, Poona Sardars R. B. Potnis, N. C. Natu and Mr. E. H. Jaffar, Presidents of the Benches, received him at the entrance. The Honorary Magistrates were introduced to him by Sardar R. B. Potnis, Senior President. A photo of Sir Richard Lamb with the Magistrates was then taken. Sardar R. B. Potnis and Sardar N. C. Natu thanked the Hon. Sir Richard Lamb and wished him a happy and long life and sound health in his retirement. Flowers and Pan Supari were then distributed.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

POONA, Aug. 3.

(By Brigadier-General M. Cowper, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Brigade.)

In accordance with A.R.I. Volume II paragraph 419 Quarterly inspection of Barrack Buildings, fixtures and furniture will be carried out as under:—

KIRKEE.

11th August 1915, at 8-30 a.m.

Factory Superintendents and Subordinates Barrack.—Commencing from the Ammunition Factory Gate.

13th August 1915, at 8-30 a.m.

Factory Superintendent and Subordinates Quarters.—Commencing from Superintendent's Quarters.

14th August 1915, at 8-30 a.m.

Sappers and Miners Lines and combined Hospital for Native Troops—Commencing from Sappers and Miners Quarter Guard.

The Troops in Poona and Kirkee will attend the Special Divine Service in connection with the War on Wednesday next August 4th as follows.—

Dress—Review Order—Summer Clothing.

POONA.

Church of England (Wanowrie) at 9-30 a.m.
Roman Catholic at 7-30 a.m.
Wesleyans at 8 a.m.
Church of England (Ghorpuri) at 9-30 a.m.

KIRKEE.

Church of England at 9-30 a.m.
Church of Scotland at 8-30.
Roman Catholics at 7-30 a.m.
Wesleyans and other Nonconformists at 9-30 a.m.

2. Q.C. Units and Heads of Departments will give special facilities to all ranks to attend, by the granting of leave or by the temporary closing of Offices.

2. There will be a Special Service at St. Mary's Church at 6-30 p.m. at which seats will be reserved for Military Officers on the right of the Nave. Plain Clothes will be worn.

It has been brought to the notice of the Government of India that Indian Officers who have been granted assignments of land revenue under the orders in late Military Department Resolution No. 867-B., dated the 27th February 1893, not infrequently apply for the conversion of these assignments into grants of land.

The Government of India have decided that in the matter of awards of the above nature the choice once made by a grantee, must be adhered to and that applications for the conversion of a grant of land into a revenue assignment, or of a revenue assignment into a grant of land, should not be entertained in future.

(Authority:—A.D., letter No. 8033-1 (A.D.) dated 6-2-15.)

The detail of officers as mentioned below will assemble at Ahmednagar at 10 a.m. on the 6th day of August 1915 for the purpose of trying by a district court-martial the accused No. 1738 Sepoy Shankar 120th Infantry and such other person or persons as may be brought before them.

Seven Officers are not, due regard being had to the public service, available. The Senior Officer to sit as President. Members: Major J. T. G. Adamson, 119th Infantry, A Captain, 2/4th Dorset Regiment, A Subaltern 119th Infantry, Interpreter: Lieut. J. G. Fagan, 119th Infantry, Prosecutor: Captain E. J. Cumming, 120th Infantry.

The accused will be warned, and all witnesses duly required to attend.

The proceedings of which the only copy is required) will be forwarded to the Station Staff Officer, Poona Brigade.

The detail of officers as mentioned below will assemble at the Orderly Room Depot 2nd Dorset Regiment at 10 a.m. on the 6th day of August 1915 for the purpose of trying by a district court-martial the accused No. 8104 Private Patrick Joseph Walsh, 2nd Bn. Dorset Regiment and such other person or persons as may be brought before them. President: Major G. M. Lennox 117th Mahrattas is appointed President, Members: A Captain, 102nd Grenadiers, An Officer 2/4th Border Regiment, Prosecutor: Captain W. H. Miles 2nd Dorset Regiment.

The accused will be warned, and all witnesses duly required to attend.

The O.C. 2nd Dorset Regiment will arrange for the necessary forms, stationery etc.

The proceedings will be forwarded to the Station Staff Officer Poona.

The detail of officers as mentioned below will assemble at the Orderly Room 117th Mahrattas at 10 a.m. on the 6th day of August 1915 for the purpose of trying by a district court-martial the accused No. 2220 Reservist Bhiwaji Alat 117th Mahrattas and such other person or persons as may be brought before them.

Seven officers are not, due regard being had to the public service, available. The senior officer to sit as President, Members: Major A. C. Edwardes 102nd Grenadiers, A Captain 2/4th Border Regiment, A Subaltern, Wing 39th C.I. Horse, Interpreter: Lt. G. N. Vansittart 39th C. I. Horse, Prosecutor: Captain C. Stanbridge 117th Mahrattas.

The accused will be warned, and all witnesses duly required to attend.

The O.C. Depot 117th Mahrattas will arrange for the necessary forms, stationery, etc.

The proceedings (of which only one copy is required) will be forwarded to the Station Staff Officer, Poona Brigade.

A Standing Barrack Committee, composed as under, will assemble at such time, date and place, as the President may appoint, to select sides for 1 Chaffing Shed, 1 Calf Shed and 1 Shed for Bulls on the Dairy Farm at Kirkee. President, O.C. 2/1st Wessex F.A. Brigade, Members: The O.C. Detr. 2/4th Wilts Regiment, The Garrison Engineer, Kirkee, The Senior Medical Officer, Kirkee The Cantonment Magistrate, Kirkee.

2. The Manager, Government Military Dairy, Kirkee is invited to attend.

NOTICE.

The Brigade Staff Office will be closed on Wednesday, 4th August 1915, except for urgent work.

DIVISIONAL AREA ORDERS.

POONA, Aug. 2.

GENERAL STAFF ORDERS.

Brigadier-General M. Cowper, C.I.E., assumed command of the Poona Brigade and Divisional Area with effect from forenoon 30th July 1915, vice Brigadier-General H. T. Brooking, C.B., proceeded on Service.

ADMINISTRATION ORDERS.

The Government of India sanction the free supply of lamps and oil on the scales given below, to the Company guards of Indian Infantry Units not provided with bells of arms.—

One lamp for each guard.
Oil on scales A and B.

Army Tables Miscellaneous Services will be amended in due course.

(Authority:—Army Department India No. 20901.2 (Q.M.G. 6), dated 12th July 1915.)

On completion of a course of instruction in Transport, the undermentioned Officers of the Indian Army Reserve, attached to the Supply and Transport Corps, will return to their Stations.

Major W. B. Chambers to Bombay.
2nd Lieut. G. Maltby to Bombay.
2nd Lieut. A. H. Fawcett to Ahmednagar.
2nd Lieut. E. A. Rouch to Embarkation Supply Depot Bombay.

NOTICE.

The Divisional Area Head Quarter Offices will be closed on Wednesday 4th August except for work of an urgent nature.

MADRAS FACTORIES TO MANUFACTURE MUNITIONS.

VISIT OF A MEMBER OF RAILWAY BOARD.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Aug. 2.

The "Madras Mail" publishes the following:—

During the visit of Mr. A. R. Anderson, Member of the Railway Board to Madras, he conducted enquiries into the capacities of different workshops of the city for the manufacture of munitions and on the readiness of proprietors to take up the work of this nature. As already announced, the Railway Board has had this special work committed to its charge and as a result of Mr. Anderson's enquiries it is gratifying to learn that Madras in no way lags behind other cities in offers of assistance. Of the different workshops which will render assistance the following are the most prominent:—Port Trust, P. W. D. Workshops, Buckingham and Carnatic Mills, South Indian Industrials, Electric Tramways Company, Messrs. Oakes and Co., Ltd. These, it is believed, will work in conjunction with the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Workshops at Perambur and we have no doubt that when arrangements develop, Madras will prove herself to be a no mean contributor towards India's contribution to the armies in the field. Mr. Anderson left Madras on Friday for Negapatam and the Kolar Gold Fields at both of which places further assistance has been promised.

(Delayed in transmission.)

RECENT ATTACK ON AMRITSAR MILITARY BRIDGE GUARD.

BRAVERY AND ASSISTANCE RECOGNISED.

(News Bureau.)

LAHORE, Aug. 3.

A Punjab Government communique states that in connection with the recent attack on the military guard on the Wallah Railway Bridge near Amritsar, great assistance was given to the police in the pursuit of the offenders by the pensioned Jamadar Sandagar Singh of Usman, formerly of the 11th Lancers and ex-sepoy Ram Singh of the same village, formerly in the 36th Sikhs. Accompanied by Ram Singh the jemadar organised the pursuit and only abandoned it when night fell. Both he and Ram Singh were under the fire of the dacoits, the latter having been wounded in the shoulder.

In recognition of their bravery and assistance the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned grants on the Lower Bari Doab Canal of 2 and 1¼ rectangles respectively to Jemadar Sandagar Singh and Ram Singh.

UNITED PROVINCES MUNICIPAL BILL.

PRINCIPAL FEATURE OUTLINED.

(News Bureau.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 3.

The principal feature of the United Provinces Bill is a provision for appointment of an executive officer and for the election of a non-official chairman. While Indian opinion is more or less divided on the necessity of the former, it is agreed that the Bill reserves far too much power to the Government over the Municipalities and if passed in the present form will not only mark no real advance in Local Self-Government but put it back perceptibly.

VIZAGAPATAM HARBOUR SCHEME.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, August 3.

The informal Conference already announced about the Vizagapatam harbour scheme will take place at Ootacamund on Monday next under the presidency of Sir Harold Stuart. Details of the scheme will not be discussed by the Conference, but only the question as to who should control the harbour and administer its affairs. The Conference will be attended by two representatives of the Bengal Nagpur Railway, which it is understood, will bear the cost of construction of the harbour.

When constructed the harbour will divert the trade of the Central Provinces which now finds outlet through Bombay and Karachi.

ACCIDENT TO A MOTOR BUS.

(News Bureau.)

CALICUT, Aug. 3.

The motor bus running from Wynad to Calicut on Saturday plunged into a deep field on the side of a narrow road. At a sharp turning the car fell topsy-turvey and was badly damaged. A number of passengers received injuries but no life was lost.

CASUALTY LIST.

(Reuter's Telegrams).

LONDON, Aug. 2.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Lieut. K. Forde, East Kents.
Second-Lieut. T. Gent, Rifle Brigade.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Capt. J. Garnier, West Surreys.
Lieut. C. Vyner, Oxford and Bucks.
Lieut. D. Wallis, Connaught Rangers.
Second-Lieut. G. V. Blair, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. A. P. Clarke, London Regiment.
Second-Lieut. C. E. Fisher, Engineers.
Second-Lieut. H. G. Hawkins, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut. P. Henriques, King's Royal Rifles.

WOUNDED.

Lieut. W. Honywood, Artillery.
Lieut. R. Rutherford, Royal Scots.
Lieut. D. J. Wilson, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut. W. Figgis, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut. A. G. Heath, West Kents.
Second-Lieut. S. Shoveller, King's Royal Rifles.

LONDON, Aug. 3.

WOUNDED.

Lieut. G. Baty, Durhams.
Lieut. A. F. Wedgwood, North Staffords.
Second-Lieut. A. E. George, London Regiment.
Second-Lieut. L. Jaques, West Ridings.

REPORTED PRISONER.

Second-Lieut. V. McKeag, Leinsters.

LONDON, Aug. 3.

KILLED.

Lieut. B. Nicholson, Artillery.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut. P. A. Kelsey, East Kents.

CORRECTIONS IN PREVIOUS CASUALTY LIST.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Aug. 3.

Corrections to previous lists are reported from British East Africa.

The following was officially reported killed in action in error:—2nd Kashmir Imperial Service Rifles, Jemedar Mangtoo.

The following additional casualty has been reported from the Mediterranean Force:—Killed in action 11th King Edward's Lancers, Lt. B. W. Onslow.

THE BRIGHTON HOSPITAL.

ST. JOHN'S AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION THANKED.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, August 3.

The following communication dated the 15th July has been received by Surgeon-General Sir Pardey Lukis, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the St. John's Ambulance Association in India from the various Indian Officers and sepoys now under treatment in the Lord Kitchener Indian Hospital at Brighton:

"We represent to your honour that the articles which have been sent by you for the Hindustani sick and wounded soldiers, have been very gratefully received by us, and that we wish to return our thanks for the same." The sepoys also are very pleased that Indians, both rich and poor, are sympathising so strongly with their fellow countrymen in the matter and sharing in their pain.

This communication is signed by 33 Indian Officers and soldiers belonging to the 40th Pathans, Sappers, and Miners, 1/39th Garwalls, 9th Bhopal Battalion, 129th Baluchis, 41st Dogras, 1/1st Gurkhas and the 15th Sikhs has been forwarded by Col. Sir Bruce Seton, who commands the Kitchener Field Hospital at Brighton.

MYSORE'S LOYALTY.

THE "DAILY POST" EXPLAINS.

(News Bureau.)

BANGALORE, August 3.

Commenting on the City Institute meeting the "Daily Post" observes: "They accuse us dubbing all Mysore as pro-German while we do not certainly have any recollection of doing so and could not have done so.

"The Government of Mysore is as we have said its own master in this matter, but it would have been appreciated as an expression of loyalty had it turned off its German employees and put its own sons or the Allies' subjects in their places."

COUNCIL ELECTIONS.

PAYMENTS BY CANDIDATES TO BE STOPPED.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, August 3.

On the question of the payment of travelling and halting expenses to the members of municipalities and local boards attending meetings to vote for the election of representatives on Local Councils, the Government of India had addressed the Local Governments and Administrations concerned enquiring whether the payment of the travelling expenses of voters by candidates for election to the various Provincial Councils should be definitely prohibited. Their replies were considered by the Government of India and final proposals are submitted to the Secretary of State. It is settled that payments will be stopped in future and the Council Regulations will be amended accordingly.

ANOTHER GOKHALE PRIZE.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Aug. 3.

A prize worth a hundred rupees is instituted in Bangalore to be given annually for some years to come in honour of the late Mr. Gokhale.

NAVAL BATTLE IN BALTIC.

RUSSIANS WIN FIERCE FIGHT IN FOG.

Germany's naval reverse, inflicted by the Russian Navy on July 2, between the Swedish island of Gothland and the Courland coast of Russia, is thus described by Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd.

The Russian cruisers, Rurik, Makaroff, Bayan, Bogatyr, and Oleg were returning from operations in the Southern Baltic when, about eight in the morning, between Gothland and the Courland coast, they encountered an enemy squadron, consisting of a light cruiser of the Augusberg class, a mine-laying cruiser of the Albatross type, and three torpedo-boat destroyers.

The sea was shrouded in fog so dense that in the action which ensued on the Russians joining battle the opposing ships were at times swallowed up in the darkness. Half-an-hour from the beginning of the action the Augsberg, finding the Russian fire too hot, abandoned her slower consort, and made off with all speed to the south.

To save the Albatross, which was already showing signs of distress, the detroyers, poured forth thick volumes of black smoke from their funnels, thus interposing a screen between the Russians and their quarry.

ALBATROSS BEGAN TO SINK.

About nine o'clock the foremast of the Albatross went by the board, and clouds of steam rose from the minelayer, now certainly doomed. At the same time, she began to list slightly to starboard. Describing several circles and hauling down her flag the Albatross made for the coast.

The Russian squadron then continued its course northwards, but about ten o-clock the smoke of several rapidly approching ships was sighted to starboard. As the distance between the squadrons lessened the enemy were seen to consist of an armoured cruiser of the Roon class, a light destroyer of the Augsberg class, and four destroyers.

The Russians immediately joined battle, and half an hour later the enemy ships began to retreat southwards. They were accompanied by submarines, which then unsuccessfully attacked the Russians. The Rurik, which brought up the rear of the squadron, was ordered to attack, and in a quarter of an hour she was engaged with two cruisers of the Roon and Bremen classes respectively, the latter having apparently, just come up.

Working their guns brilliantly, the men of the Rurik soon had the satisfaction of seeing the effect of their salvoes, for the Roon's fire weakened as her four 8in. guns were silenced one after the other, till only one replied, while flames bursting from her decks showed that fire had broken out on board.

GERMANS WITHDRAW.

Obviously dreading further damage or complete destruction, the German cruisers withdrew from the contest, and disappeared rapidly in the fog, pursued by the Rurik. Towards the close of the action the Rurik was again attacked by a submarine, but beat off her assailant.

The Russian ships sustained very trifling damage, while their casualties amounted to only fourteen men wounded, not a man being killed. Shortly after the engagement the cruiser squadron was joined by a battle squadron and on approaching the Russian coast they were met by a flotilla of destroyers, which protected them against attacks by enemy submarines, whose presence had been discovered by patrol boats.

One of the Russian destroyers rammed a German submarine which was attempting to approach our warships. The submarine did not reappear on the surface, while the Russian destroyer suffered quite insignificant damage.

MYSORE ANATHALAYA.

GIFT OF THE WIDOW OF LATE MR. SRINIVAS RAO.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Aug. 3.

Sakuntala Bai, widow of the late Mr. Srinivas Rao, some time Chief Judge of Gwalior, has offered to erect in her husband's name a building for the use of Mysore Anathalaya and to provide funds for the maintaining of orphans at the Institution.

COURT MARTIAL OF A SOWAR.

DOING ACTS SUBSERSIVE OF MILITARY DISCIPLINE.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 3.

A Court-Martial assembled at Ballygung to try Sowar Jamaluddin of the 17th Bengal Cavalry on charges of receiving illegal gratification and doing acts subversive of military discipline It was alleged that the accused received Rs. 120 from a Lance-Chopdar on condition that he would obtain the latter's discharge on the ground of medical unfitness. It was further alleged that subsequently the Lance-Chopdar on the advice of the accused, fell from his horse while on parade and the accused had him removed to the Military Hospital where his case was declared to be one of the epileptic fit and was subsequently discharged. The defence was the grudge against the accused borne by the Rissaldar over a woman. The accused was found technically guilty on the second charge and sentenced to 14 days' detention at the barracks. He was acquitted on the first charge.

Lieutenant Hanke, late Sergeant-Major, Nagpur Volunteer Rifles, now serving with the Indian Army Reserve of Officers at the Front, has been awarded the Military Cross, Sir Benjamin Robertson has written to the officer commanding that body, congratulating them on the distinction earned by him.

INDIANS GREAT MARCH.

ESCAPE FROM CONSTANTINOPLE TO CABUL.

The present war has provided the world with some remarkable stories of human endurance, but probably the most remarkable feat of its kind is that now being related of a band of our Indian troops, says the "Daily Mail". These men, captured in Flanders by the Germans and taken to Constantinople in the hope that they might join the Turks against the British, have now turned up in Cabul, the capital of Afghanistan, after an escape and Odyssey that will surely provide a wonderful story of loyalty and pluck when all its details are made known.

Up to the present news has only come through native sources from Cabul.

It appears (says Reuter's Agency) that a force of a hundred Pathan Infantry of the Indian Army, under a native officer, were captured by the Germans in Flanders and sent to Constantinople in the hope that, being Mohammedans, they might be induced to join the Turks.

In this respect they disappointed the Germans, for having by some means at present unexplained eluded their captors they set out from Constantinople with the determination of returning overland to India. After a march of four months they succeeded in reaching Cabul.

A letter received from the Afghan capital says that they are well, and that as soon as they have rested they are leaving to rejoin their regiment in India.

"A GREAT FEAT."

General Sir O'Moore Creagh, late Commander-in-Chief in India, said to Reuter's representative with regard to the above:

"I have heard of this from two sources, one being the lips of a Pathan convalescent. It is interesting as yet another sign of German misjudgment.

"The feat accomplished is a great one, but not more than one who knows the Pathan might expect. We know of course that they travel tremendous distances and that expeditions for guns have gone from Afghanistan to Persia.

"A Pathan thinks nothing of walking right through to Aleppo to buy rifles. The incident attests the great loyalty of these men and also shows how happy they were in their regiment.

"In their long march they would probably follow the northern route through Sunni Mussulman country rather than take the road through Southern Persia, which is Shia country. My informant told me that his information was to the effect that the refugees had been very well treated in Afghanistan, another evidence of what I was certain of, the loyalty of the Amir."

SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS FOR PILGRIMS.

COMMITTEE OF ENQUIRY.

(News Bureau.)

MADURA. Aug. 3.

The Government of India have appointed a Committee to inquire into the possibility of improving the sanitary arrangements at centres where Hindu and Mahomeden pilgrims congregate for worship.

The Committee consists of Major Clemesha, Sanitary Commissioner, with the Government of India, Lieut.-Col. Thompson, Sanitary Commissioner, Madras, Mr. E. S. Lloyd, I.C.S., The Hon. Rao Bahadur M. Ramchandra Rao, and Mr. McCauley Hayes, representative of the South Indian Railway.

The enquiry was begun here yesterday and its scope is very comprehensive and includes such questions as lodging, house accommodation, sanitary arrangements on railways, and food and water supplies.

INFANTICIDE AT ALLEPPY.

MOTHER SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Aug. 3.

In a case of infanticide in which a mother killed two children by stabbing at Alleppy, the District Judge sentenced the woman to imprisonment for life.

SIR CHARLES BAYLEY.

BEHAR LANDHOLDERS' FAREWELL.

(News Bureau.)

MORADPUR, Aug. 3.

It is now definitely settled that the Behar Landholders' Association's farewell entertainment to Sir Charles Bayley will come off on the 17th.

"READY TO FIGHT FOR YEARS."

FOOD RESOURCES OF RUSSIA.

At a large and representative meeting of agricultural delegates held during mail week. Mr. Krivocheine, the Russian Minister of Agriculture, said: "The agricultural resources of Russia are in no way shaken by a year of war. Our soil, as formerly, abounds in reserves of foodstuffs. Thanks to God, who has given us almost everywhere a magnificent harvest, Russia is ready to continue the struggle for years yet without the slightest danger of any weakening whatever. Moreover, Russia can provide in abundance the necessary reserves, not only for her own armies, but also for the armies of all her Allies."

He could say definitely that even if the war lasted a long time the last word would be said by the country capable with its own resources of feeding its armies and its population for an indefinite period.

AN APPEAL FOR MUNICIPAL CLERKS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A "Great Sufferer," who has ventilated some of the grievances of municipal clerks in to-day's issue of the "Chronicle," has not given, it may be said, either through ignorance or fear, the history of movements which from time to time were started by some of the ex-commissioners and corporators to revise the scale of pay of the underpaid municipal clerks. I am an ex-municipal clerk who has left the service for reasons which "The Great Sufferer" has laid before the Corporation for its kind consideration. I was quite disappointed to see that some of my friends who had put in 15 to 16 years' service in the Municipality were drawing only Rs. 40 or thereabout, and made up my mind to try my luck elsewhere and I am thankful that I am drawing Rs. 110 per month in a firm, although my service here is less than a half of what my friend the said "Sufferer" has put in the Municipality. I therefore, as a sympathizer of my fellow-clerks of the Municipality beg to take up the case of the poor municipal clerks and trust the same will meet with the kind and paternal consideration of our good "City Fathers."

The starting pay of the municipal clerk was Rs. 20 till 1906, when the then Commissioner, taking a sympathetic view of the condition of the clerks, raised it to Rs. 25. Subsequently in 1907 the kind Mr. Edwardes who takes so much interest in the poor of the city, and who was then the Acting Commissioner, took up the cause of the poor sufferers and raised their pay further to Rs. 40 by a yearly increment of Rs. 3. If I am informed correctly I am told that Mr. Edwardes then made a remark that the annual increment of Rs. 3 till the pay reached the grade of Rs. 60 a month was a fair scale of pay for the municipal clerks. Mr. Shepaprd on his return from leave in 1907, considering the difficulties of the poor clerks in maintaining themselves in a city where living was growing more and more expensive with the passing of every year, granted them a local allowance, as well as a plague allowance although the same were much less than what the Government were paying to their servants. Such was the improved condition of the clerks till Mr. Cadell's time.

Mr. Cadell soon after he took charge of the commissionership discontinued the plague allowance and thus fattened the municipal purse at the expense of the poor municipal clerks, only to loosen its strings on another occasion for other general purposes. Deputation allowance was granted to highly paid officers on leave to England, while Mr. Navalkar's motion for the increase of the local allowance for the poor clerks was discussed away as a matter of no concern to the Corporation. A few months after Mr. Navalkar's proposal in the Corporation, the Commissioner recommended something like Rs. 25,000 for revising the scale of pay, which sum was sanctioned in the Budget for 1915-16. I think that one of the Corporators even suggested to raise the amount to Rs. 60,000 but I say from memory, as I have not got the proceedings of the debate on the last municipal Budget. From the letter of the poor sufferer it seems the revision scheme is not yet out; all the while the poor clerks are struggling against the rise in prices consequent upon the War.

It seems that the Municipal Commissioner, with his various duties in different public bodies, has no time to give a kind consideration to the grievances of his poor clerks. I believe that there are many well-meaning Officers as Heads of Departments in the Municipality, but it might be that their suggestions and recommendations are either set aside or indefinitely postponed The Municipal Secretary, who has access to the Corporation, gets the grievances of his staff redressed at once and his clerks start on Rs. 40 a month, in addition to the local allowance. Some of them are further paid Rs. 10 a month now as the scale is being discussed.

Some of the municipal officers, who have reached the maximum scale of pay for the posts they hold, are drawing in addition to the big sums running into four figures, a personal allowance, while the poor clerk dragging his miserable existence in drudgery is left in gloom.

Will any Corporator take up the case of the "Great Sufferer" and redress his grievances? It is this wretched clerk working at his desk throughout the best days of his life that brings credit to his Sahib for efficient administration of the various Departments. We must not forget that this drudgery of the meek and dumb clerk is the most difficult work and I pray that the Corporators may kindly consider the wretched lot of the poor clerk and improve the same at an early date.—Yours, etc.

D. A. H.

Bombay, July 28.

LORD HARDINGE'S PORTRAIT

TO BE UNVEILED AT NEW COUNCIL CHAMBER.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Aug. 3.

A very interesting ceremony will take place during the forthcoming meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council at Simla. It will be remembered that the new Council Chamber has been built quite recently as an added wing to the Viceregal Lodge on the right hand side of the Viceregal Hill from the Simla end.

Preparations have been made to present a life-sized portrait of Lord Hardinge as the first picture to be hung on the walls of the new Council Chamber. The Maharajah, Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi, K.C.I.E., of Cossimbazar has presented the portrait in question. He has obtained the assistance of Mr. Nicholson the artist and the likeness is regarded as a very good one. It is not yet fixed when the ceremony of unveiling will take place but it will be some time during the Autumn Session.

The Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has been entrusted with the unveiling of it when it is expected that he will give expression to the sentiments of the Indian public concerning his Excellency the Viceroy's tenure of office. The picture has been already accepted by the Government of India.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

SHORT CAUSES.

DISPUTE OVER PRICE OF YARN.

(Before Mr. Justice Davar.)

MESSRS. P. M. MEHTA AND CO., AND SHAMBHUPRASAD BHAGWANDAS, Plaintiffs, v. ADAMJI PEERBHOY AND SONS, A FIRM, Defendants.

This was a suit filed by the plaintiffs for recovery of Rs. 3,865-2-0 due from the defendants as the price of yarn supplied to them from time to time.

Mr. D. F. Mulla, appeared for the plaintiffs.

The defendants were not represented.

His Lordship asked Mr. Mulla what the effect of the correspondence carried on between the parties, was.

Mr. Mulla submitted that a notice of demand was first sent to the defendants by Shambhuprasad Bhagwandas, the second plaintiff who was the vendor. The defendants replied saying that they did not know who he was. Then the first plaintiffs wrote a letter demanding the monies due, the defendants replied saying that they should couch their letters in better language.

Mr. Justice Davar:—Instead of paying, they gave a homily on manners.

The first plaintiff company's manager gave evidence in support of his case. He said that his firm imported yarns, piecegoods and machinery. They sold yarn to the defendants as agents of the second plaintiff. The second plaintiff imported most of his yarn through their firm and sometimes their firm sold it on his account.

The delivery of yarn to the defendants was completed on the 21st of January, 1915, and the price due on that date was Rs. 3,865-2-0.

His Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiffs for Rs. 3,865-2-0 with interest at 6 p.c. from the 21st of January, 1915, and costs. Interest on judgment at 6 p.c.

Solicitors for the plaintiffs:—Messrs. Mulla and Mulla.

DUE ON PIONEER BANK CALL ON SHARES

THE PIONEER BANK LTD., v. ABDUL AZIZ.

The plaintiffs filed this suit to recover Rs. 3,000 from the defendant due from him as the balance of calls on 200 shares. Mr. R. G. Munsiff appeared for the plaintiffs.

The defendant who was a resident of Delhi had applied for 200 shares of the Company. The 200 shares were allotted to him and the defendant failed to pay the two calls made by the Bank. His shares were, therefore, forfeited by the Bank and the present suit was filed for recovery of Rs. 3,000 (i.e., Rs. 15 per share on 200 shares).

The parties, however, came to terms by which the defendant agreed to pay the amount by three equal instalments of Rs. 1,000 each. The first instalment was to be paid on the sealing of the decree; the second on the 31st of December 1915, and the third one year after. The defendant agreed to withdraw a suit filed by him against the Bank in the Delhi Court. He also agreed to pass three promissory notes for Rs. 1,000 each as security for the amount due, to be made payable on the respective dates on which the instalments were to fall due and the Bank in consideration thereof agreed to waive the forfeiture of the shares and to restore them to the defendant.

Solicitors for the plaintiffs:—Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon.

CREDIT BANK'S CLAIM.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA (in Liquidation). v. RAMJANALLY MEGHJI.

This was a suit filed by the plaintiff Bank (in liquidation) against the defendant for recovery of a sum of Rs. 4,000 due on a promissory note alleged to have been passed by the defendant.

Mr. Taraporevala (holding Mr. B. J. Desai's brief) appeared for the plaintiffs.

The defendant was present in person and submitted that he had sent a letter to Messrs. Payne and Co., in which he had set out his defence. He (the defendant) had not received the sum, but Nurmahomed Joosab had received it. He had given his signature on account of pressure exercised by his master Nurmohomed Joosab. He was a poor man and could not defend the suit.

Mr. Justice Davar told him that if that was so he had better defend the suit. His Lordship asked him to go to the Prothonotary and apply to him to defend the suit in forma pauperis. The Prothonatary would give him attorneys who would work for him.

Mr. Taraporevala submitted that they had nothing to do with Nurmahomed Joosab. He was not an official of the Bank and the note was signed by the defendant.

Mr. Justice Davar:—Why not? He was Jaffer Josab's brother.

Mr. Taraporevala:—He was, but the Bank had nothing to do with him.

His Lordship ordered the defendant to file his written statement within a fortnight. If written statement filed, then the suit to be transferred to the list of long causes and to be placed on this board this day month.

Solicitors for the plaintiffs:—Messrs. Payne and Co.

SOLICITORS IN THE FORCES.

Presiding at the annual meeting of the Law Society during mail week, Lieut.-Colonel Sir C. E. Longmore said that 2,122 solicitors and 1,112 articled clerks were serving with the forces. Sixty-seven solicitors and 35 articled clerks had died in service. The list of honours included the names of nine solicitors and one articled clerk; and among those mentioned in the despatches of May 31 were 19 solicitors and six articled clerks.

Perhaps you have some special engagement, have a headache and afraid to go. You needn't be. Stearns' Headache Cure makes the going possible. C-1

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

HIS SIXTEENTH CONVICTION.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate Basir Karimbux was charged with the theft of Rs. 8 from the person of one Ajodhia Sukhnandan. The complainant was going along Sheik Memon Street, when the accused removed the property from his person and was arrested.

The accused was convicted. He however would not admit his previous convictions. The central office of the Finger Bureau Department at Simla was thereupon communicated with, and from his finger impressions sent down from Simla, it was ascertained that he had been convicted no less than fifteen times at different places including Allahabad, Jubbulpore, and Benares. The Magistrate sentenced him to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Fuller charged Manuel Carvalho, lately a cashier in the employ of Messrs. Staffad and Company, owners of a dairy, with criminal breach of trust, as servant, in respect of Rs. 140.

It was alleged that on Saturday on the items in the cash book kept by the accused being checked with the cash in hand, a shortage of Rs. 140 was discovered. When asked to account for it, the accused failed to give a satisfactory reply.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 250, in default, to two months' rigorous imprisonment. Out of the fine, if recovered, Rs. 140 was ordered to be paid to the complainant firm.

A MILITARY DESERTER CAUGHT.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon, Wilfred Blackstone of the Duke of Wellington's Regiment, was charged with deserting his regiment, which is stationed at Sialkot.

Sergeant Davison arrested the accused at 8 p.m. on the 31st ultimo, at Love Lane, on suspicion. The accused had admitted to the Sergeant that he had deserted from the army. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and the Magistrate ordered him to be handed over to the Military authorities to be dealt with.

RASH VICTORIA DRIVER.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon, Inspector Sykes charged Karimad Hoosein, a victoria driver, with driving in a rash and negligent manner.

On Saturday last the accused drove his victoria on the Falkland Road on the wrong side at about 1-30 p.m. and the result was that a Hindu woman named Salubai was run over and her toe was crushed under one of the wheels.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and the Magistrate convicted and fined him Rs. 45 and ordered that Rs. 30 be paid out of this to the complainant as compensation.

CAUSE LIST.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY IN INSOLVENCY.

BOARD FOR WEDNESDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1915.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.

Applications for Discharge under Sec. 38.

502-13.—D J Mantri, Mahomed Enoos Valad Kamrudin Mitkar v. Mahomed Hassan Farid, son and legal representative of Mahomed Ebrahim Gulam Mohidin (deceased) Cr No. . In person.

391-14.—D J Mantri, Dowlet Bapoo Kalange v. Hajarimul Bhimaji & Co, Crs No. 2, In person.

For Hearing of Notice under Section 104.

367-14.—N. C. Dalal, Talakchand Javerchand Sha v. The Official Assignee The Alliance Bank of Simla, Ltd, Little & Co, Part Heard, Crawford B & Co, Adjourned from 30.6-15.

479-14.—N C Dalal, Gangaram Ramdas Multani v. Coorji Gopalji, Bhimji and Co.

585-13.—Edgelow G W & Co, Naginchand Javerchand v. The Official Assignee, Little & Co.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

SUMMONS AGAINST EX-MANAGING DIRECTOR OF "MADRAS TIMES."

(NEWS BUREAU.)

MADRAS, Aug. 2.

At the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Egmore, this afternoon, Mr. E. R. Osborne, Barrister-at-Law applied for summons against V. Ramaswamy Iyer, who was for some time the Managing Director of the "Madras Times," on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of a sum of Rs. 2,595.

The application was made at the instance of the Zemindarni of Sivagiri, who alleges that the monies were taken while Mr. Ramaswamy Iyer was agent to the late Zemindar.

His Lordship ordered a notice to issue, the hearing being fixed for Thursday next.

(Delayed in transmission.)

Zymole Trokeys stop that rattle in your voice. They are pleasant to use if your throat feels husky. Try them and be convinced. Then you will never be without them. B-19

Take Sanatogen—it's sure to give you Better Health, Strength and Nerve-power.

IF you are in need of a tonic—as most people are during this trying season of the year—nothing will do you so much good as a "course" of Sanatogen.

Whether you are only a little run down, or anæmic, or weakened by illness, or suffering from some definite disorder of nerves, digestion or nutrition—there is no doubt that a "course" of Sanatogen will be of real and lasting benefit to you.

Start that "course" to-day. You won't have to wait long to feel the good of it. Never mind if you are a little sceptical now. Only give Sanatogen a fair trial, and you will soon be convinced, enthusiastic!

"Sceptical as I was," writes Sir William Bull, M.P., "I am bound to say that Sanatogen performs what it promises to do; it has a wonderfully restorative effect."

"Since I took my first cup of Sanatogen," writes Mr. Horace Hazeltine, the well-known novelist, "there has been a day-by-day gain in activity and energy."

Such statements—typical of thousands of others—cannot fail to impress even a prejudiced reader. For they were sent voluntarily by shrewd men of the world—men of high character and position—not at all the sort of people to be carried away by facile enthusiasms, or to be deceived by illusory sensations of benefit.

Will you do as they did? Will you, in fairness to your own health, give Sanatogen a thorough trial? All Chemists and Bazaars sell it, and a full course will cost you only a few annas a day—not a "speculation," but a sound "investment," yielding you as guaranteed dividends "a wonderfully restorative effect" and "a day-by-day gain in activity and energy." And there is no risk, mind—Sanatogen cannot hurt you in any way, and cannot fail to do you good. Moreover, Sanatogen will greatly increase the germ-destroying powers of your blood and thus help you to resist Malaria, Typhoid, Cholera, Dysentery, etc. Take the first step *now*—there's no time like the present.

For Men

Sir H. HESKETH BELL, K.C.M.G.,

writes: "For a man doing hard mental work in an enervating tropical climate, there is no better invigorator than Sanatogen."

Mr. ARNOLD BENNETT,

the leading Novelist and Playwright (Author of "The Old Wives' Tale," "Milestones," etc.), writes: "The tonic effect of Sanatogen on me is simply wonderful."

For Children

Dr. P——, Varthoor, Bangalore,

writes: "I selected a case (a boy of 11 years old) who was very anæmic, averse to any sort of food from want of appetite, morose, of a languid disposition, loathful to play and study; he also suffered from a severe chest pain, which it was feared would culminate in that dreadful malady, Angina Pectoris. He had only taken Sanatogen for three days when the child was found to be cheerful, active, and the appetite returning. He relished his usual food, and the best results being that he has had no more chest pains for the last two months."

For Women

LADY MUIR

writes: "Since taking Sanatogen I am really better—a brighter, stronger tone altogether."

Mrs. KENSINGTON,

wife of the Hon. Mr. Justice Kensington, Lahore, writes: "Both I and Mr. Kensington have tried Sanatogen in the great heat of Lahore, where it is specially trying, and we have both found it a wonderful reviver and tonic. It is also the best thing for digestive troubles that I have come across."

FREE BOOKLET.

If you post this coupon, it will bring you, free, a remarkably interesting book entitled "How to Keep Well in Tropical Climates."

This book fully explains the constituents and uses of Sanatogen.

A. WULFING & CO.,
BOX 226, G.P.O.,
BOMBAY.

Please send me the above.

Name.....

Address.....

S. 34/598. .....

AMRUTANJAN

BEST INDIAN PAIN BALM

Price 8 Annas per Bottle

AMRUTANJAN DEPOT

109, Frere Road, BOMBAY.

BURGOYNE'S

PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS

have enjoyed the confidence of the medical profession for upwards of

175 YEARS

SURGICAL SUNDRIES, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS
HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY EQUIPMENT
PROMPT DELIVERY GUARANTEED.

BURGOYNE'S MEDICINES are *solely*, supplied to HIS MAJESTY'S FORCES both at Home and on the Battlefields of Europe

Mr. Charles W. White, BOMBAY
Sole Representative of

BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & Co.,
LONDON.

MESSINA LEMONS

FRESH CONSIGNMENT JUST ARRIVED

CALIFORNIAN FRUIT IN SYRUP

PEACHES, PEARS, APRICOTS, CHERRIES, ETC.

ALL AT Re. 1 PER TIN.

MONGINI BROTHERS

62, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

CATTLE OILS

Testimonial from the Estate of H. R. H. the
PRINCE OF WALES.
(Late King Edward VII.)
Sandringham, March 6th, 1889.

Gentlemen,—I am glad to be able to tell you that the Oils supplied by you to the Estate of H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, have given me such satisfaction that I write to ask you to send another case (one dozen), accompanied with the invoice.

Yours faithfully, EDMUND BECK

Testimonial from H. R. H.
PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR.
Cavalry Barracks, York, March 24th, 1888.

Messrs. Chapman & Son's Cattle Oils have been used in His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor's Stables, and they have been found most useful and beneficial.

A. GREVILLE, Capt.,
Equery to H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor.

Literature free on application.

Sole Agents for India:—

MADON SONS & Co.,
Crawford Market, Bombay.

"THE GOLDEN REMEDY!"
FOR HORSE, SHEEP & CATTLE.
Used internally or externally.

For Mares after Foaling.
For Cows after Calving.
For Sheep after Lambing.
For Sprains, Curbs and Splints.
For Wind Galls, Chapped Heels and Lameness.
For Broken Knees. Sore Shoulders and Bruises.
For Influenza, Sore Throat and Mouth.
For Surfeits, Sore Udders, and Foot Rot.
For any other disorder, disease or ailment dependent upon impurity of the blood or obstructed perspiration, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dropsy, Colds and Coughs, Colic and Gripes, Inflammation, Pneumonia & Pleurisy, &c., &c. try

CHAPMAN & SON'S ROYAL CATTLE OILS which have stood the test for nearly a century.

CHAPMAN'S

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Registered under the Indian Companies' Act VI. of 1882 on 21st December, 1914.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 30,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 15,00,000

The Hon. Sir PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, K. C. I. E., CHAIRMAN.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS: 3 per cent. per annum allowed on daily balances over Rs. 500 from January to June, and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods. Rates on application.

LOAN OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities at favourable rates.

Purchase and Sale of securities at best rates available effected WITHOUT COMMISSION.

Detailed Rules and further particulars on application.

AUDITORS, Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co., Chartered Accountants, act as weekly auditors of the Bank.

HEAD OFFICE:
Alien Building, Esplanade Road, Bombay.
S. N. POCHKHANAWALA, Manager.

"Your Baby should enjoy Childhood's

Happy Days

There is no doubt about this baby enjoying childhood's happy days. She was reared on Glaxo. Your baby can be just as strong and healthy, just as bright and intelligent—it is mainly a question of giving Glaxo.

This is because Glaxo is a complete food for all babies, and contains the same quantity of bone-making, brain-building, and muscle-producing material as healty breast-milk. Glaxo is not an artificial food; it is simply milk with extra cream and milk-sugar added. Because of the Glaxo process, every baby, even from birth, can easily digest Glaxo, and obtain all the nourishment from every drop he swallows. Glaxo is made ready for baby by simply adding hot water only—**do not add either milk or cream.** No cooking. No special utensils required.

Give your baby Glaxo and see the difference! See how happy and contented he is, how peacefully he sleeps, daily growing brighter, happier and stronger, like the bonnie baby shown here.

Ask your Doctor!

Glaxo

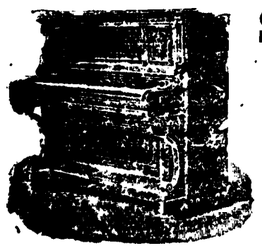
Awarded Gold Medal, International Medical Congress Exhibition, London, 1913.

"Builds Bonnie Babies"

Sold by all Chemists and Stores at Re. 1-2, Rs. 2-0 & Rs. 4-8.

Local Office, Taj Buildings, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

4228



SOUNDY & Co., BOMBAY

(ESTABLISHED OVER 56 YEARS.)

IMPORTERS OF

PIANOS & ORGANS

Specially built for India.

BANJOES, VIOLINS

and other Stringed Instruments of all kinds.

MILITARY BAND INSTRUMENTS

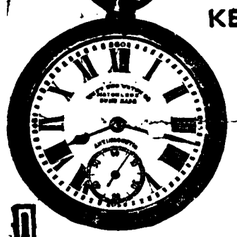
Tuning and Repairs of Pianos receive our Special attention.

The WEST END

Lens Shape "MATCHLESS"

KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES.

COMPACT — NEAT — ELEGANT



Non-magnetic lever escapement; compensating nickel-steel hair-spring and balance wheel; 7 jewels; substantial dust-proof cases with inner dome and extra strong glass; enamel dial, very bold figures and — hands. —

IN NICKEL SILVER OPEN FACE CASE.

15‴ small size.

15‴ Size .... Rs. 12

18‴ Size .... Rs. 11

With Arabic or Roman dial same price. With fancy dial, Re. 1 more.

CATALOGUES FREE ON DEMAND.

West End Watch Co

BOMBAY — CALCUTTA

IMPORTANT TO SMOKERS

REAL MANILA CIGARS.

"La Perla Del Orient Brand"

Reina Victoria per box of 50	Rs.	6	12 0
High Life In The East per box of 50	"	5	0 0
Cortado Deliciosos per box of 50..	"	4	8 0
Londres per box of 100	"	7	12 0
Cortado de la Reina per box of 100	"	7	8 0
Entreactos per box of 100	"	6	0 0

Up Country Orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

Cigar Merchants **D. MERWAN & Co.,** Medow Street, Bombay

Telegrams: Merwanco.

J. BARTON

.O., F.S.M.C., D.B.O.A. L

LONDON

EYESIGHT S ET

Mr. J. Barton is the only qualified London Eyesight Specialist in Bombay. His above sight-testing qualifications combined with the practical experience gained at the manufactories England, Germany, France and America ensure the very best results.

Sight tested free. Best quality glasses. Prices very moderate.

THE ONLY ADDRESS—HORNBY ROAD —OPP. PETIT'S LIBRARY

LORD KITCHENER AT GUILDHALL.

GREAT RECRUITING CAMPAIGN

"SPARE NOTHING, SHIRK NOTHING, SHRINK FROM NOTHING."

Lord Kitchener opened at the Guildhall, London on July 9, a three weeks' recruiting campaign for the City of London Battalions.

The Lord Mayor presided, and several Cabinet Ministers were present, while the hall was crowded with City men.

Lord Kitchener, in his speech, first paid a warm tribute to the splendid efforts of the oversea dominions and India, observing that the gallant Canadians and Indian forces were now fighting alongside their British and French comrades in Flanders and presenting a solid, impenetrable front against the enemy. In the Dardanelles the Australians and New Zealanders had already accomplished a feat of arms of almost unexampled brilliancy, and were pushing the campaign to a successful conclusion.

"In each of these great dominions new and large contingents are being prepared, while South Africa, not content with the successful conclusion of the arduous campaign in South-West Africa, is now offering large forces for the main theatre of war." (Cheers.)

Napoleon, when asked what three things were necessary for a successful war, replied "Money, money, money." To-day we varied that and said "Men, material, money."

"ARDUOUS AND LONG."

With regard to the men, he reminded them that in one of his earliest statements he warned his countrymen that the war would not only be arduous but long, and that we should require more men and still more until the enemy was crushed. He repeated the statement to-day with even greater insistence. All the reasons which led him to think in August last that this war would be prolonged held good at the present time. It was true that we were in an immeasurably better situation now than we were ten months ago; but the position to-day was at least as serious as it was then.

He referred to the thorough preparedness of Germany, which enabled her to utilise her whole resources from the very commencement of the war; but it might be said with truth that she must decrease, while we must increase.

The opening of the war found us in our normal military situation under the voluntary system, and it became our immediate task to raise new armies. From the first there had been a satisfactory, constant flow of recruits, and the falling off in numbers recently had been, he believed, in a great degree due to circumstances of a temporary character. He was there to-day to make another demand on the manhood of the country to come forward in its defence.

We were happily now able to equip all the troops in training, and to provide accommodation for all who answered the call. Having paid a tribute to the work of recruiting associations throughout the country in the past, he said the time had now come when something more was required to ensure the demands of our forces overseas being fully met, and to enable a large reserve of men imperatively to be formed and trained. Our new large armies required still larger reserves to make good the wastage at the front, and requirements in this respect would be large, continuous and persistent.

THE APPEAL FROM THE FRONT.

"For one feels," he said, "that our gallant soldiers in the fighting line are beckoning with an urgency at once imperious and pathetic to those who remain at home to come out and play their part, too."

When registration under the new Bill was completed we should be able to note the men between nineteen and forty not required for munition or other necessary industrial work, and therefore available, if physically fit, for the fighting line. Steps would be taken to approach with a view to enlistment all possible candidates, unmarried men to be preferred so far as might be possible.

He urged the importance of men joining now before the registration was completed, acknowledged the work of patriotic employers, and said the canvass for recruits should be addressed with stern emphasis to such unpatriotic employers as, according to the returns, had restrained their men from enlisting.

What the numbers required were likely to be it was clearly inexpedient to shout abroad. "It is often urged that if more information were given recruiting would be strongly stimulated. This is the precise information which would be of the greatest value to the enemy, and it is agreeable to note that a German Prince in a high command ruefully recorded the other day his complete ignorance as to our new armies.

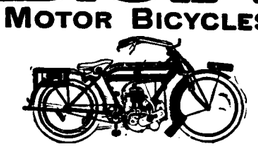
Incidentally he paid a tribute of grateful recognition to the large number of women drawn from every class and phase of life who have come forward and placed their services unreservedly at the country's disposal.

To those who were waiting to be fetched he asked, "Is it not morally up to you to choose to go? If you are only ready to go when fetched, where is the merit or patriotism of it?" It was not for him to tell them their duty. That was a matter of conscience. But he said: "Make up your minds. Do so quickly. Let each man see that we spare nothing, shirk nothing shrink from nothing, if only we may lend our full weight to the impetus which shall carry to victory the cause of our honour and our freedom." (Cheers.)

THE

B.S.A

MOTOR BICYCLES



4¼ H.P., 3 speed chain drive, Lamp, Horn, complete, is the machine for rough service and long life.

PRICE RS. 1,100.

Send for our List of Cycles and Accessories.

WELLINGTON-CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,

1, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Tel.—"Wellington Cyclists."

JAPANESE PILSENER BEER

replaces

GERMAN PILSENER

DAI NIPPON BREWERY COMPANY

The Largest Brewery in Japan monopolising Japan and the Eastern Markets

ASAHI BRAND
STAR BRAND
OLD FISHER BRAND
COCK BRAND

The Best Brands in Japan. Nothing to match them in quality.

Sole Agents

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, Ld

Sub-Agents: D. C. OOMRIGAR & Co.
D. D. BARIA & Co.
BOMBAY.

K. B. JOSHI & Co.

CENTURY BUILDING,

No. 321, Hornby Road, Fo BOMBAY.

Do you find it difficult and troublesome to get water from your Deep-Well? If so, ask for our deep-well pumps and then your difficulty is over. Will draw water from even 150 feet depth with easy working and fluent flow.

Prices and particulars on request.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.

THE ROYAL YAKUTI.

(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory, and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength, and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills: Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARHEZ necessary.

DR. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

Did you get your copy of

KAM SHASTRA

OR

A GUIDE TO HEALTH, WEALTH AND PROSPERITY?

IF NOT

Write for it to-day

It can be had free for the asking.

Vaidya Shastri,

MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,

Atauk-Nigrah Pharmacy,

Jamnagar—Kathiawar.

"SYRUP BRAHMI"

Used with remarkable success in Loss of Memory, Hysteri Epilepsy, Insanity, and Mental Derangements. Removes hoarsenes and improves the voice, and as such is valuable to Singers and Speakers.

Price Ans. 12 per phial.

EXTRACT GULANCHA LIQ. Co.

Our Liquid extract of Gulancha with our LIQUID EXTRACT OF KALMEGHA is an excellent combination for Malarial fever at all its stages. It enriches blood, improves appetite, removes dropsy and Anaemia and all liver complaints.

Price Re. one a phial.

EXTRACT KURCHI LIQ.

A specific for acute and chronic Dysentry, Used in conjunction with our LIQUID EXTRACT OF BAEL, it cures even the most obstinate cases.

Price Rs. 1-4 per phial.

"AQUA PTYCHOTIS CONC.

This wellknown preparation of ours is highly efficacious in Diarrhoea, Flatulence and other digestive disorders.

Price Ans. Eight per phial.

THE BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, Ltd., CALCUTTA.

***Agents:*—NATIONAL AGENCY, KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.**

GODREJ'S SAFES.

Used by Their Majesties when IN INDIA.

By appointment to His Excellency The Governor.

Highest Awards wherever Exhibited (13 Exhibitions.)

Largest Safeworks IN INDIA Employing 500 men.

MAKERS TO H.I.M. MINT AND A LARGE NUMBER OF EUROPEAN AND INDIAN BANKS.

7 LARGE SAFES

supplied to Messrs. EWART LATHAM & Co., after their experience of other safes in the recent fire in their Offices.

372 SAFES

supplied for Savings Banks in India and Burma after a severe competitive test by fire held in Calcutta by the Director General of Post and Telegraphs in July 1912.

400 BURGLAR RESISTING SAFES

recently supplied to Government to replace other maker's safes that had been burgled.

GODREJ & BOYCE,

MANUFACTURING Co., Near Gas Works, Parel, BOMBAY.

CAUTION In order to assure oneself against all frauds and imitations and obtain the *Original & Genuine* **ROSKOPF** watches (which have obtained several Medals & Awards) every purchaser must see that they bear the trade-mark as shown here, and must **ALSO** examine *minutely* that there is *only one S* in the name Roskopf and that there are *no initials whatever* either before or after the name Roskopf, *nor are there any such words* or indications as "& Co.," "& Cie.", or "System," within or around the trade-mark of the Genuine Roskopf watches.

ROSKOPF PATENT SWISS MADE

Some of the unscrupulous imitators are trying to deceive the public by affixing on very inferior qualities of watches even concocted and illusory names like Ruskope," "Roskope," "Roscope" and such others which have no existence at all, but still the substantial good qualities of the Genuine Roskopf watches are gaining so much appreciation all over different parts of the world that they raise the envy and jealousy of rival manufacturers, and it is against such artful deceptions that it has become necessary for the purchasers to protect themselves by *very careful* and *minute* examination of the Roskopf trade-mark as herein indicated and for which we are obliged to give this warning.

Sole Agents—**ABRECHT & Co.,**

289, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

These watches are made in all sizes in Gold, Silver and Nickel cases, and can had from all respectable watch-dealers in India and Burma.

PREMATURE OLD AGE

Lost vigour, lost memory, and lost interest in life is often traceable to illness or excesses at some time of life which have left staminal weakness.

Huxley's "Ner-Vigor"

An organic acid glycero-phosphate syrup, contains the nutritive phosphate materials which supplement food and when absorbed into the blood enrich it, so that it becomes re-vitalised, followed by a corresponding rejuvenescence of the system.

Original bottles of 50 doses sold throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc.

ANGLO-AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL Co., Ltd., Croydon, London.

A PAGE FOR THE HOME.

BOMBAY CHRONICLE " SHOPPER'S LIST.

Published every Wednesday.

CLEANING.

DRY & CHEMICAL CLEANING:—
By the English & French Process
We are the only firm out East with an up to-date Cleaning Plant.
DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING Co.,
Cleaners.
Hamam St., Fort, Bombay.

FULLER'S PATENT BLOCK ACCUMULATORS.

FULLER'S PATENT BLOCK. ACCUMULATORS.

Block Cells hold their charges for a longer period than ordinary accumulators and can be left for months without attention. SUITABLE FOR MOTOR CARS.
For prices and particulars apply to—
WALTER ROGERS & Co., Engineers.
1, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL.

WE specialise in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Electro-plating, installations and repairs of all kinds. Expert attention guaranteed, backed by our 15 years' reputation. BOMBAY ELECTRIC CO., 9, Medows, Street.

MUSIC AND RELIGIOUS GOODS.

L. M. FURTADO & Co.,
Importers.
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

LADIES SHOES.

THE RIBBONETE SHOE. A stylish evening Walking shoe in black or white suede or black velvet, etc. Send for illustrated price list. THE STANDARD BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURING Co., 6, Apollo Bunder.

PURE OLIVE OILS.

G. BOSSI
233, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
New consignments of ITALIAN PURE OLIVE OIL received by every mail.

STOVES.

D. D. POSTWALLA and COMPANY,
277, Hornby Road Fort, BOMBAY,
Dealers in
WICKLESS STOVES
of every description
PRIMUS, etc.,
All accessories
Kept in Stock.

HAIR TONICS, OILS' DOUCHES.

ANANDRO BHAWOO & Co., 12-14, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay, Sole Agents for A. B's Hair Tonics, Hair oils and Douches. Manufacturers of Type writer, Gramophone and Watch oils.

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

DR. H. HOLST, M.D.
(from Sweden).
309, Hornby Road, opp. Whiteaway's. Diseases peculiar to women successfully treated. Hours from 11—1 and 2—4, week days only.

INDIAN CONDIMENTS.

Chutneys, Curry Stuff, Pickles. Sauces, Preserves Jams, Peppers, Jellies, Bombay Ducks. MUNCHERJI MANECKJI POONJIAJI & Co., Mfgrs. & Exporters, 51-61, Marine St. Dhobi Talao, Bombay. AGENTS WANTED. Send for price list.

LUXURIOUS HIGH CLASS HOTEL.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR EUROPEANS.
HOTEL CARLTON.

Modern, centrally situated in the healthiest, most select part of Bombay.
Single or Double Suites.
Every convenience, Electric Lights and Fans. Lifts to all floors. Cuisine second to none. Catering in all its branches.
CHARGES MODERATE.
Apply to Manager, Hotel Carlton.

AMERICAN DENTIST
Dr. H. de GRAAF
MOHAMMADI MAHAL,
DHOBI TALAO.
PAINLESS EXTRACTIONS
Rs. 3 only.
Fillings, Artificial Teeth, Gold Crowns and Bridges at very moderate charges.

THE FULL SKIRT.

ITS MODES AND MEANING.

Never in the memory of the oldest well-dressed woman has there been so drastic a change, in the fashions as this season to see, and certainly never has fashion been so inconvenient, not to say unkind, says "E. I." in the "Manchester Guardian." Half the women in England, either because their incomes have been reduced or because they have so many urgent claims on their money, have been considering how they could contrive to make their last year's dresses serve for this spring and summer. With a wave of her wand Fashion has declared that they will not do at all; they must be scrapped. The feminine silhouette is to be so marvellously altered that the most casual observer at a range of eight hundred yards will know whether a woman's dress was made in 1914 or in 1915, and once the eye is thoroughly trained the 1914 dress will seem as impossible as an Elizabethan one would be. What makes the change so inappropriately expensive is that it involves far more material. It was obviously impossible to make garments tighter than they were—which would have involved making a skirt of less than a yard and half of material,—so the new skirts must flare out like the petals of a convolvulus, and take anything up to ten yards of stuff.

THE PROBLEM FOR THE WORKING GIRL.

Therefore there is to-day perplexity and annoyance in many a home where girls with clever adaptable fingers confess that the task of making a skirt sixty inches round the hem look as if it were four yards round is quite beyond them. "I would not mind if it were only a question of being a little out of date, or if it were merely that the colour and material were not modish," said one girl whose professional work brings her into touch with wealthier folk, and who believes, rightly or wrongly, that for the success of her work it is necessary to make a fairly prosperous appearance—a conviction cherished by many professional women and the wives of professional men. "But to have an unfashionable silhouette, to be quite the wrong shape—that is intolerable." "Perhaps," she added hopefully, "the new fashions will not be generally adopted, since there are thousands who must feel as I do."

But inquiry of many women seems to prove that this hope is vain.

A COURT DRESSMAKER'S VIEW.

"This spring will see a radical change," said one of the most successful Court dressmakers in London, when the question was put to him. "You might as well try to stem the tide as to turn back a fashion so long overdue as this. Quite true, no woman will be able to wear her old frocks. What will she do? Buy some cheap stuff and make new ones. People were tired to death of the old tight skirts. It was purely a young girls' fashion, and the stout, elderly women who had not the sense to insist on ampler folds, but displayed themselves in the skimpiest gowns, made the thing ridiculous. Men hated to see them, and will cordially approve the new graceful styles. We find our customers delighted with them. They say they have not had time to think about new frocks for six months, and they love the idea of the new outfits that are required. There is another thing. The "no petticoat fashion" threw thousands of women out of employment and ruined many manufacturers. Now the manufacturers of dress materials generally will benefit enormously by the change, and it will re-establish the petticoat industry, for at least two petticoats will be worn, and the number will probably increased. They will be short and fairly close-fitting, but the new skirts cannot be worn without them."

A LEAD FROM AMERICA.

He went on to tell how startled he had been when, on visiting Paris just before the war, he was shown the models—evidently the result of many months of planning—for the full skirts, how he felt sure that England was not ready for anything so novel, and how within a month America had been so fascinated that no woman cared to be seen on Broadway in a skirt less than six yards round. It is really the influence of America that has brought about the change, and here at least she is enforcing her will on belligerent countries.

A private view of some of the models in the salons of this famous firm made one feel that—unfortunately for the impecunious woman—the new fashions are irresistible. The short tailored skirts, fitting closely to the hips, flaring out and giving perfect freedom of movement are very sensible. The khaki girl back from the front will not have to relapse into 'fatuity and slither along the pavement with mincing' steps when she puts on her spring suit, and in the daintiest dresses she will find a touch of military severity that is quite effective. One of the smartest tailored suits was of fine navy serge, the skirt trimmed with braid in rows of two and three, just as one sees them in faded photographs, and the short coat made with a loosely hanging, short back and a high collar. The little, short, hanging back of the coats is the only thing about the new models one does not like; it never looks smart.

The favourite materials will be thin stuffs, fine serges, reps, poplins, and diagonal cloths, with black taffetas as first favourite for tailor-made costumes.

MODELS AND MATERIALS.

Several of the models had skirts of shepherd's plaid with half-length coats in some contrasting colour. The coats were long-waisted with broad belts—broader than anything worn hitherto,—and one of the skirts, like the new-style petticoats, had a scalloped edge.

A quaint little frock of black taffeta, with rows of black beaded trimming in the old key pattern, was trimmed down the front of the skirt with wide, flat, beaded ornaments. The coat, treated in the same way, was extremely severe in cut, and was worn over the daintiest little lace vest made with a v-shaped opening.

Another success was a black taffetas evening frock, the very full skirt edged with a ruching and caught up in a puff at one side, where it was held by a trailing wreath of tiny pink roses. Several, even of the tailored skirts, were slightly draped at the side, and one had a wide, straight panel-effect back and front over the pleated fullness.

CAMERA IN LONDON SOCIETY.

MRS. TYRREL HOLLAND.

Née Miss Cecil Heneage, only child of the late Admiral Sir Algernon and Lady Heneage, who was married to Captain Tyrrel Holland, 12th Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

MISS JOHN DICKSON-POYNDER.

The only daughter of Lord and Lady Islington. Miss Poynder has inherited the beauty which so distinguishes her mother, who was before her marriage Miss Dundas.

THE HON. MRS. WILLIAM ERSKINE.

Wife of the Hon. William Erskine, now Councillor at the Legation at Athens. Mrs. Erskine is a daughter of the late William Dudley Ward. Her husband is a brother of the Earl of Mar and Kellie.

MRS. N. KENNEDY.

Née Miss Sylvia Bingham, youngest daughter of the late Brigadier-General E. G. H. Bingham, R.A., and Mrs. Hickman, and step-daughter of Major-General H. Palliser Hickman, who was recently married to Major N. Kennedy.

Reproduced from "The Tatler."

SOME TASTY SWEET DISHES.

The following receipes are given by "Emelia" in the "Bystander."

BREAD MERINGUE

Take ½ lb. of stale bread and put in in a lined saucepan with a pint and a gill of milk. After it has boiled slowly, beat it until it is quite smooth with a fork. Add castor sugar to taste, 2 oz. of butter, a grate of lemon-peel, and the yolks of three eggs. Mix well, put into a small pie-dish, and bake till a pale brown. Spread over the top a layer of apricot, greengage or any jam that is preferred Whisk the whites of the three eggs till they are quite stiff, and pile it on the top of the pudding, sprinkle a little white sugar over, and put back in the oven for a few minutes. Do not let it get brown. Drop a crystallised cherry in each crevice of the icing, and put strips of angelica in the form of cross-bars between. This makes the pudding look very dainty.

CARAMEL PUDDING

Put ½ lb. of castor sugar to boil with one gill of water until the syrup is of a deep brown colour, warm a small basin, pour the syrup into it, and keep turning the basin in your hand till the inside is completely coated with the syrup, which will be set, strain the yolks of six eggs from the whites, and mix them gradually with one pint of milk; pour this into the prepared mould, laying a piece of paper on the top. Put it in a saucepan nearly full of cold water, taking care that the water does not come over the top of the mould. Put on the cover, and let it boil gently at the side of the fire for one hour. Remove the saucepan to a cool place, and when the water is quite cold take out the mould, and turn the pudding out very carefully.

CASTLE BASKETS.

Weigh two eggs in the shells, and take the same weight of butter, sugar, and self-raising flour, beat the butter to a cream, and then the eggs together for ten minutes mix these lightly with the butter; add the sugar, then the flour, a little grated lemon-peel, and a few drops of vanilla or almond essence. Bake for twenty minutes in small moulds, turn them out, and let them get cold. Scoop the middles out carefully, cover the outsides with apricot jam, and roll them in icing sugar; put a dessert-spoonful of jam into each case, and on the top of each a small spoonful of whipped cream. Strips of angelica can be placed across, to form handles, and a preserved cherry on the top of the whipped cream.

CHOCOLATE SPONGE.

Put 2½ oz. of chocolate powder into a pan with one pint of milk, 1½ oz. of leaf gelatine, and sugar to taste. Stir until the last two ingredients are quite melted. Strain into a basin, and when nearly cold add the stiffly whipped whites of two eggs, and whisk again. Put it into a china mould, and serve when cold.

GATEAU OF RHUBARB

Take 1 lb. of rhubarb, cut it up, and put into a stewpan with 3 oz. of sugar, the peel of a lemon, and half a pint of water. When it is quite soft, rub through a sieve. Melt 1 oz. of gelatine in half a gill of water, stir this into the rhubarb puree, put in a few drops of cochineal, and put into the mould. Turn out when set.

COMPOTE OF PINE APPLE WITH BLANC-MANGE

Make a blanc-mange with 2 oz. of cornflour, 1 oz. of sugar, and a pint of milk. Mix the cornflour to a paste with a little cold milk. Boil the rest of the milk with the sugar, add to it the cornflour, and stir well till it thickens. Let it boil about five minutes, put into a wet mould, and when cold and set, turn out, chop up into blocks all the same size, and pile them in the centre of a glass dish. Cut a tinned pineapple into small pieces, arrange round the dish, and among the blanc-mange. A little grated cocoa-nut sprinkled all over the pineapple and blanc-mange is a tasty addition. Serve with some of the juice round.

Sir James Meston has rejected the objection taken by the Hon. Mr. Madan Mohan Malaviya, one of the trustees of Balwant Rajput High School, Agra, to the institution being placed under Government control.

DINING IN THE OPEN.

HOW TO MAKE IT A SUCCESS.

Two superstitions die very hard in our country, writes "M. H." in the "Manchester Guardian." One is that we are the only nation that takes baths; the other is that we are the only nation that appreciates fresh air. This last superstition is perhaps more egregious than the other on the part of a people whose windows will only half open in the majority of cases, who take the air as though it were a cure, and only under protest, or the impulse of the picnic, ever think of a meal in the open. We adduce our climate as a reason for the absence of the open-air café and the extreme badness of the open-air tea-place. But the truth is not in us. We dislike meals in the open because the tablecloth flaps, because there is nothing to keep it down, because it is tiresome to bring out a dining-table, and because there are smuts or spiders or what not. In other words, we have not the open-air habit.

THE INITIAL MISTAKES.

There are, of course, conditions under which dining in the open may be unpleasant, but they are at least often climatic. One of them is the absence of suitable furniture and upholstery. We cannot conceive of a really comfortable dinner without upholstery, and upholstery is not suited either for the garden or the balcony. Another condition is suitable food. When it is warm enough to dine out of doors it is warm enough to secure a diet that fits the temperature. There is little pleasure, for instance, in eating slabs of meat and stuffy puddings under the chestnut trees. They immediately seem greasier than is their wont in the haven of the dining-room.

AN INVITING TABLE.

Again, the table linen used in the open should not be that of ordinary indoor use. Everything should be lighter and less expensive—or at least look less expensive. Chippendale chairs should turn into enamelled iron; polished tables should do likewise, and they should stay in the garden or on the balcony and be ready when they are wanted. The outdoor table-cloth should be smaller than the usual indoor type, and there is a pleasant suggestion in the coloured table-cloth and napkin. In the open-air they are cheerful and less frigid in appearance than the white ordinary damask. It is rather fun to have different knives and forks from those in ordinary use such, for instance, as the little black-handled knives which can be bought in France or Switzerland for fifty centimes, and which cut as the large shilling knife over here never cuts. With glass that copies the old Chippendale patterns, the open-air dining-table can be made to look inviting before anything at all to eat is put upon it.

THE TYRANNY OF THE JOINT.

Variety is the important thing to be considered in the choice of food for the open air meal. It is only necessary to think of the Paris restaurant under the chestnut trees in order to be made to wonder why we eat as and what we do. Perhaps the Government suggestion that we should eat less meat may induce us to improve. Dining in the open, however, is not a question of a picnic and picnic habits. It demands a series of menus just as does dining indoors, but these menus are different, and on the whole, they do not include a joint of mutton and a joint of beef alternately, with two days cold and two days hashed. The guiding principle should be light diet with a great deal of salad and a great deal of fruit and vegetables. It would be a good thing were the English cook to study the art of omelette-making and achieve the consistency which is neither tough nor fluffy. The omelette is a great standby, as are also fresh vegetable soups. Asparagus soups—and asparagus this year is not expensive—and fresh pea-soups are delicious and make a good beginning.

IMPORTANT ACCESSORIES.

There is a variety of small dishes which at this time of year help to vary the menu very pleasantly. Lobster is expensive, but dressed crab is excellent for those who like it. Potato salad, with a touch of sardine, a few fresh radishes, and with the butter straight from the ice, forms an excellent appetiser. If meat is to be an article of faith, it is pleasanter to have it in the shape of chicken, of kidneys, or occasionally of Chateaubrians—anything rather than the everlasting joint. All these things depend largely upon their accessories, on delicious, well-made, green salads, or well-cooked "scrunchy" potatoes, and on their combination one with another. But they do imply thought and taste and absence of routine, qualities which even the good English cook has to learn, just as her employers have to learn appreciation as apart from habit. Dining in the open, with its stimulus of fresh air, is perhaps the one means by which such appreciation and discrimination can be achieved, and by which we may learn to dine as well as to feed.

Mr. V. G. Phadki, proprietor of the oriental warehouse, Bangalore City, has filed a suit against the Bank of Mysore, in the Principal Munsiff's Court for alleged wrongful dishonour of a cheque issued by him on the Bank. He claimed Rs. 2,000 as damage for loss of reputation etc. The Bank pleaded that owing to some mistake the cheque was not honoured. The case has been posted for evidence to the 25th November next.

Your love for your children
naturally makes you anxious to obtain for them the best strengthmaker that money can buy.
This, SCOTT'S Emulsion can safely claim to be. The cod liver oil used in its preparation is the purest and most nourishing in the world; whilst the SCOTT process makes it so digestible that every drop is available for the nourishment of every part of the body.

A course of SCOTT'S Emulsion strengthens the lungs, aids the easy formation of the teeth, promotes growth and an increase in weight and lays the foundation of vigorous health and a sound constitution.
SCOTT'S Emulsion

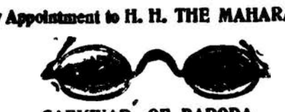
FAMILY GROCERIES
can be had at
MARKET RATES
(and in some cases cheaper)
AT THE
INTERNATIONAL STORES
NEXT TO HOTEL MAJESTIC,
Opp. PYRKE'S.

HUNDREDS OF TESTIMONIALS

There is hardly a day passing but when we receive a testimonial from some user of Kaminia Oil praising the good effects secured from the use of the same. This certainly goes to prove what a wonderful beneficial preparation this is.

Kaminia Oil
Is composed of excellent medical drugs, delightful to use, and is the very essence of refinement. For beautifying and increasing the growth of hair, to prevent it falling off, to restore its natural colour, nothing equals KAMINIA OIL.
Kaminia Oil has the most idyllic fragrance which lingers delicately in a way to be pleasing to the dainty.
PRICE PER BOTTLE, Rs. 1-0-0. V.P.P. EXTRA.
N.B.—SAMPLE FREE On Receipt of Half Anna Postage Stamp from the
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,
Juma Masjid—BOMBAY.

By Appointment to H. H. THE MAHARAJA



GAEKWAR OF BARODA.
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.,
Oculists and Scientific Refractionists,
Opp. Telegraph Office, 7,
(877) Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.
SERVICES OF
A
RESIDENT OPHTHALMIC SURGEON
FREE
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST
With 25 Years' Practical Experience.
Holds Exceptional Testimonials from H. H. The The Maharajah Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon. Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon. Sir S. L. Bachelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M. V. O., Col. R. H. Formaz, R. A. M. C., P. M. O., Bo. Brigade, Lieut.-Col. G. H. Bull, M. B. I. M. S., and other high personages.
Prices: Extremely Moderate.
Pocket Manual "The Human Eye and its Scientific Correction."
FREE ON APPLICATION.

Regularity of the bowels is necessary to good health. Their function is to remove refuse and poisonous substances from the system. Kasagra is an ideal laxative tonic, and cures bowel torpidity. D 17

Digitized by Maharashtra State Archives from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

JUST OUT

AND IT'S SO NICE.

Polson's Danish Butter is the Finest Dairy Butter made in this Country on Danish principles.

It is far superior and different to the ordinary Butter Sold in the Bazaar.

Full Weight 16 oz. Nett to the Pound.

Your own Grocer Sells it.

Try a Tin To-day.

ABSOLUTE PURITY GUARANTEED.

POLSON'S

BUTTER

Present Tickets in every Pound Tin of Butter.

Handsome Presents given in Exchange.

List of Presents sent on Receipt of ½ Anna Stamp for postage.

Try Polson's Butter by sending us the Coupon below with Three Anna Stamps.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

Messrs. POLSON'S Ltd.,
Post Box 367, Bombay.

Please send me a Sample Tin of Butter for which I enclose Three Anna Stamps.

Name.....

Address.....

Station.....

B. C.

AND POST IT TO US.

No Samples sent without Coupon and Stamps.

PURITY ITS CHIEF RECOMMENDATION.

WHOLESALE BUTTER MANUFACTURERS.

POLSON'S Ltd., POST BOX 367, BOMBAY.

Printed and published by A. E. Barwis, for THE INDIAN NEWSPAPERS COMPANY, Ltd., at the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.